GOOF OF FORMULAS







FORMULÆ

FOR MAKING

TINCTURES, INFUSIONS, SYRUPS, WINES, MIXTURES, PILLS, &c.,

SIMPLE AND COMPOUND,

FROM THE

FLUID & SOLID EXTRACTS,

PREPARED AT THE

LABORATORY OF TILDEN & CO.,

NEW LEBANON, N.Y.

ESTABLISHED IN 1848.

TILDEN & COMPANY,

NEW LEBANON, N. Y.,

AND

S JOHN ST EET, NEW YORK CITY.

QV T571f 1858

Film No. 5694, no 6

Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1858, BY TILDEN & CO.,

In the Clerk's Office for the Southern District of New York.

PREFACE.

THE numerous inquiries made by those who are engaged in the sale and use of our Fluid Extracts in regard to the proper mode of preparing from them tinetures, infusions, syrups and the like, so as to conform to the officinal strength, suggested the idea of publishing, for the use of such, a series of Formulæ which should embrace selections of the more common and valuable preparations of vegetable agents, as contained in the Pharmacopeias, Dispensatories, Formularies, and other pharmaceutic publications, earefully adapted to the use of our Fluid Extracts. rendering of established Formulæ could not be given accurately by those who were ignorant of the exact relation the Extracts bear to the crude materials, whence they are derived; and while this relation is intended, in most instances. to be uniform, that is, dram for dram, still, from a variety of eircumstances, in many eases, there is a variation to the one side or the other of this line.

It was a matter of early suggestion, that an immense amount of labor could be saved in making these preparations by the use of Fluid Extracts, and, at the same time, a greater degree of accuracy be insured; for the common modes demand more or less extensive apparatus, as well as involve much delay, and a degree of uncertainty attaches to the efficiency of the menstruum employed, unless greater care is given, than usually happens, when prepared in small quantities, and to meet the demands of a limited trade. However, in the case of the Fluid Extracts, the

pharmaceutic labor has been expended, with every possible facility for the complete exhaustion of the active properties, and the preparation, in a limited and definite form, is ready for composition and mixture, and the ease and readiness with which these combinations can be made, a slight examination of the following pages will suffice to show.

The object of this Book, then, is to give the requisite data for putting up officinal formulæ, by the use of our Fluid and Solid Extracts. It contains:

1st.—A list of our various preparations of vegetable medicinal agents, including Fluid and Solid Extracts, Resinoids, Alkaloids, Sugar-Coated Pills and Granules.

2nd.—An adaptation of the various simple preparations of the Pharmacopeias, such as tinctures, infusions, syrups and wines.

8rd.—An adaptation of numer us choice and valuable compound Formulæ, selected from reliable, standard authorities.

This adaptation, as we have chosen to term it, is such a statement of the original Formulæ, both as respects proportionate strength of mixture and correspondence of doses, as shall require no change in their administration in professional practice, and no further modification for their incorporation into other compound Formulæ. By this method, in the preparation of the simple Formulæ, no manipulations are needed, beyond the complete admixture of the parts, thus reducing to its minimum the labor of preparing them for immediate or future use, requiring for other quantities than those laid down in the text, no other precaution than accuracy in proportioning the components of the Formula.

The directions of the United States Dispensatory (eleventh edition, 1858), for the administration of the crude, materials, have been taken as the basis for the calculation

of doses; and in the cases of medicines, non-officinal, that is, those not recognized in the United States and British Pharmacopeias, those authorities have been taken as standard which seemed most reliable. The most diligent and careful examination of a large number of authorities at our disposal, has been instituted, in every instance where disagreement or doubt existed, and every point, whether of greater or less importance, has been thoroughly investigated, revised and compared, in the endeavor to secure, if possible, the utmost accuracy. In a number of instances the minimum and maximum doses are widely separated, particularly those of the more powerful and active medicines, so as to give the practitioner the largest liberty in the exercise of his judgment in administering them. It may safely be assumed, in every case, that the error is on the side of the lesser quantity, the doses being made small to avoid mistake.

In the Formulæ contained in the following pages, there is a strict adherence to a uniform system of weights and measurement. The Imperial measures of the British, and the Decimal system of the French Pharmacopeias, have been made to conform to the system in use in this country, to avoid confusion, and facilitate the preparation of prescriptions. A few facts, however, need to be noted.

No specific mention has been made of drams and ounces, whether by measurement or weight, but in all cases Liquids are reckoned by Fluid ounces and drams, while solids are

to be taken by WEIGHT.

With a view to convenience, the drops have been estimated from the bottle, and not from the minim glass; and in the following Formulæ, an allowance, justified by actual and repeated experiment, has been made in every case where it was called for, proportioned to the density of the Extract, as well as for the variation from the minim measure. Drops of different fluids, or of the same fluids, under different circumstances, are not equivalent to minims,

nor do they sustain to them similar and exact proportions. The extent to which measurement by drops and minims occur in general Formulæ rendered this an important point in our adaptation, and many cases where the doses appear too large, may be accounted for by the smallness of the drops.

In a large number of cases in the formation of Tinctures, 12 and 14 ounces of diluted alcohol are made use of instead of the Pint, as given in the original Formulæ. The object of this change has sometimes been to regulate the dose more accurately, with a diminution of bulk, and again, to facilitate the subdivisions of the proportionate quantities of

the compounds, when a less amount was desired.

The Diluted Alcohol made use of in the formation of Tinctures must be prepared with especial care to prevent them from being turbid and opaque. It is requisite that the Diluted Alcohol contain equal parts of alcohol and water; but if the officinal directions be followed, this proportion will not be arrived at, for commercial alcohol contains only 85 per cent. of absolute alcohol, thus making, if an equal amount of water be added, 115 parts of water to 85 parts of alcohol in the dilution. The true proportion would be 70 parts of water to the 100 parts of commercial alcohol, or, what is the same, to every 10 parts of alcohol of 85 per cent. add 7 parts of water. Sometimes, when several extracts are united in a compound preparation, the mixture will be slightly turbid, owing to the varying quantities of resinous matter in each; this, however, will be re medied by the addition of a small quantity of pure alco. hol. The following table, taken from the U.S. DISPENSA TORY, shows the specific gravity of different mixtures by weight of absolute alcohol and distilled water, at the temperature of 60°. In the notes are placed, referring to their respective specific gravities in the table, the names of the different officinal spirits, whereby the per centage of absolute alcohol is indicated, which they severally contain.

100 Parts.		100 Parts.		Sp.Gr.	100	Parts	Sp.Gr.	100 1	Parts	[Sp.Gr.]	100 1	Parts	Sp.Gr.
Alc.	Wat	at 60°.	Alc.	Wat	at 60°.	Alc.	Wat	at 60°.	Alc.	Wat	at 60°.		
100	0	.796a	76	24	.857	52	48	.912p	28	72	.962		
99	1	.798	75	25	.860	51	49	.915	27	73	.963		
98	2	.801	74	26	.863	50	50	.917	26	74	.965		
97	3	.804	73	27	.865	49	51	.920q	25	75	.967		
96	4	.807	72	28	.867	48	53	.922	24	75	.963		
95	5	.809	71	20	.ST0	47	63	.924	23	00	.970		
94	6	.912	175	30	.871	46	54	.926	22	75	.972		
93	7	.815	69	31	.574	45	55	.928	21	75	.973		
92	8	.317d	68	32	.575	44	56	.930	20	86	.974		
91	9	.820	67	33	.879	43	57	.933	19	81	.975		
90	10	.822	66	34	.880	42	58	.935u	18	82	.977		
89	11	.S25g		35	.883	41	59	.937	17	83	.978		
88	12	.827	64	36	.886	40	60	.939	16	84	.979		
87	13	.830	63	37	.889	39	61	.941	15	85	.981		
86	14	.832	62	38	.891	38	62	.943	14	86	.982		
85	15	.835h	61	39	.893	37	63	.945	13	87	.984		
84	16	.838k	60	40	.896	36	64	.947	12	88	.986		
83	17	.8-10n	59	41	.898	35	65	.949	11	89	.987		
82	18	.843	58	42	.900	34	66	.951	10	90	.988		
81	19	.846	57	43	.903	33	67	.953	9	91	.989		
80	20	.848	56	44	.904	32	68	.955	8	92	.990		
79	21	.851	55	45	.906	31	69	.957	7	93	.991		
78	22	.853	54	46	.908	30	70	.958	6	94	.992		
77	23	.855	53	47	.910	29	71	.960					

a Alcohol, Ed., Dub.

g Lightest spirit obtained by ordinary distillation.

h Alcohol, U. S.

k Spiritus Rectificatus, Lond., Ed.

n Spiritus Rectificatus, Dub.

k Spiritus Rectificatus, Lond., Ed.

p Spiritus Tenuior, Ed.

u Alcohol Dilutum, U. S.

n Spiritus Rectificatus, Dub.

q Spiritus Tenuior, Lond., Dub.

No decoctions have been given, inasmuch as no other process, than mere mixture with water, is needed to afford a full suspension of the active agent in that liquid; so that the extract can be diluted to any extent deemed necessary by the prescriber, although definite Formulæ for their preparation have been given.

These infusions should not be made with hot or boiling water, if they are to stand for any length of time; in that, if exposed, the alcoholic menstruum will evaporate, and the agent itself be precipitated.

A number of infusions and tinctures, seldom, if ever used alone, have been added, that they may easily be prepared if needed for compounds.

Syrups, needed for compounds, may be prepared by substituting *simple syrup* for the water of infusions.

Pills may readily be prepared from the Solid Extracts by taking for each pill a quantity intermediate between the minimum and maximum doses. So, for compound pills, the medium dose of each of the Solid Extracts required should be taken, and afterwards moulded together into pills; the size of which will depend upon the number of components, while the number for a dose must be ascertained by reference to the doses given for the Solid Extracts.

The United States Pharmacopeia five-grain pills, made and sugar-coated at our establishment, are often reduced to the size of three grains, the coating making them too large for convenience. Most of the larger pills, instead of being globular, are made long and conical at each end, to render them more easy of deglutition. Some of the more common medicines are put up both in quarter, half, and also one-grain pills, that several kinds may be taken in combination, the dose of each remaining small.

All the pills referred to in each section, under the head of "Preparations," throughout this book, are prepared and sugar-coated by us.

The Formulæ contained in this book will suggest to apothecaries the mode of preparing others by the aid of the Fluid and Solid Extracts.

The botanical names are, in the main, those furnished by the United States Dispensatory of Wood & Bache; preference has sometimes been given to the arrangement of King's American Eclectic Dispensatory, and, as in this, they follow the catalogic order of their respective genera.

The principal sources whence these Formulæ have been taken are the U.S. Dispensatory of Wood & Bache, King's American Eclectic Dispensatory, Pareira's Materia Medica, Christison's and Griffith's Dispensatory, Royle's Materia Medica, Griffith's Formulary, Ellis' Medical Formulary, Parrish's Practical Pharmacy, Tully's Materia Medica, Redwood's Supplement to the Pharmacopeia, Foote's Practitioner's Pharmacopeia, Materia Medica of Edwards and Vavasseur, Reese's Formulary, Traite de l'art de formuler par Trousseau & Reveil, Bouchardat's Manuel de Mateire Medicale, de Therapeutique et de Pharmacie; also, much valuable matter has been appropriated from files of the following journals: London Chemical Gazette, London Pharmaceutical Journal, American Journal of Pharmacy, New York Journal of Pharmacy, Braithwaite's Retrospect, New York Journal of Medicine, American Journal of Medical Sciences, American Medical Monthly, College Journal, New Jersey Medical Reporter, American Medical Gazette, New York Medical Times, North Western Medical and Surgical Journal, Boston Medical and Surgical Journal, Western Lancet, New Orleans Medical and Surgical Journal, Cincinnati Eclectic Medical Journal, Memphis Medical Recorder, Virginia Medical Journal, New York Register of Medicine and Pharmacy, Charleston Medical Journal and Review, Ohio Medical and Surgical Journal, Iowa Medical Journal, Middle States Medical Reformer, Rochester Eclectic Journal, &c., &c.

Wherever private formulæ have been used, and the instances are numerous, it has been the intention to give credit for them; still, by some inadvertence, this may not, in every case, have been done.

The Miscellaneous Department contains a great variety of Formulæ, in some of which no change has been made, but which were inserted in consideration of the especial beauty

and specific application. Wherever substitution has been made, the greatest care has been taken to preserve the shape and force of the original.

Immediately preceding the Formulæ is a list of articles prepared in their various forms at our establishment, in New Lebanon, New York, the most of which are referred to in this work. The utmost care, united with the latest scientific developments in the adaptation of improved apparatus, is expended to make these preparations uniform and reliable. The Solid Extracts have, to a great extent, su perseded those formerly imported in large quantities from England and Germany, which, with the Fluid Extracts, introduced at the first by us to the notice of the Profession, are extensively in use throughout the United States and Canadas, and this, too, with the most satisfactory results, for which we need no other or better proof than the continually increasing demand upon us for these preparations.

In our Laboratory are eleven evaporating pans, from which the air is exhausted by a powerful air-pump, and in the vacuum thus formed the evaporation is carried on at a low temperature, while in connection with, and contiguous to our establishment, is a garden of some forty acres, under rich cultivation, by the products of which a demand is met, which, if we were wholly dependent upon the markets for material, it would be impossible for us to do.

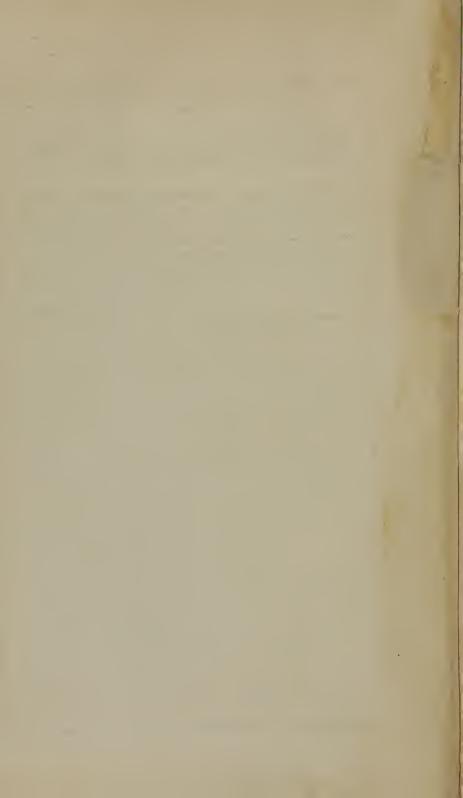
The strictest attention is given to accuracy in mixing and proportioning the materials for the Pills, the efficiency of which is testified to be in nowise diminished, while their agreeableness is immeasurably enhanced by their being sugar-coated before being sent into the market. The Alkaloid and Resinoid Department is under the charge of an experienced chemist, whose efforts are wholly confined to the resolution of these concentrated preparations in a form free from all admixture or impurities. New preparations are added to our list as occasion seems to demand, it being the

intention to give a full supply of all those articles that come legitimately within the range of our business.

This publication of Formulæ we shall continue in each succeeding issue of our Journal of Materia Medica and Pharmaceutic Formulary, in such a form that they can be cut out and preserved with the others in this book. We trust that these Formulæ will prove a satisfactory reply to those whose repeated inquiries incited to their publication.

TILDEN & CO.

NEW LEBANOX, N. Y., May, 1858.



LIST OF

SOLID AND FLUID EXTRACTS,

ALKALOIDS AND RESINOIDS,

PHARMACEUTIC SUGAR-COATED PILLS AND GRANULES,

With the minimum and maximum doses.

SOLID EXTRACTS.

	50315 13121111014				
	rticles.			oses	
	Aconitum	- ~	to		Grain.
66	Anthemis, (Chamomile,)		to		"
**	Artemisia, (Wormwood,)	3	to	5	"
66	Asclepias Inc. (White Indian Hcmp,)	3	to	5	66
66	Apocynum Andros. (Bitter-root,)	2	to	8	"
6.6	" Cannab. (Indian Hemp,)	1	to	5	"
"	Belladonna	3	to	1	"
£*	Cannabis Ind. (Ind. Hemp, Foreign,)	1	to	2	66
	Chimaphila, (Prince's Pinc,)	10	to	20	66
66	Chelidonium, (Celandine,)	5	to	10	"
"	Cimicifuga, (Black Cohosh,)	4	to	8	**
6.6	Colocynthis, (Colocynth.) Used in Compounds				
6.6	" Compositum	2	to	30	66
	Colombo	4	to	10	"
6.6	Conium	1 2	to	15	6.6
6.6	Cornus Florida, (Boxwood,)	5	to	10	66
	Cubeba	2	to	20	"
	Cypripedium, (Ladics' Slipper,)	5	to	15	44
46	Digitalis. (Foxglove.)	1 2	to	1	66
	Dulcamara, (Bittersweet,)	3	to	8	"
	Eupatorium, (Boneset,)	5	to	20	66
	Filix Mas. (Male Fern,)	9	to	15	66
۲6	Gentiana	3	to	15	"
6.6	Geranium Mac. (Crancsbill,)	3	to	15	66
6.6	Hæmatoxylon, (Logwood,)	5	to	30	66
	Helleborns, (Black Hellcbore,)	1	to	5	**
66	Hamulus, (Hop.)	5	to	20	60
4.6	Hydrastis, (Golden Scal,)		to	5	66
*6	Hyoscyamus, (Henbane,)		to	1	66
66	Ignatia Amara, (Ignatia Bean,)	3		13	66
	· Ginetin Trinoral (~2 mans 22 man)	2		- 2	

	Iris Versicol, (Blue Flag,)	1	to	4	Grains.
"	Jalapa	3	to	8	66
6.6	Juglans, (Butternut,)	5	to	20	4.6
"	Krameria, (Rhatany,)	5	to	20	6.6
"	Lactuca, (Lettuce,)	2	to	5	4.6
"	Lappa, (Burdock,)	5	to	20	"
4.6	Leontice Thalic. (Blue Cohosh,)	1	to	5	66
"	Leonurus, (Motherwort,)	3	to	6	66
"	Marrubium, (Horehound,)	5	to	10	6.
"	Nux Vomica	1,	to	1	66
44	Papaver, (<i>Poppy</i> ,)	$\tilde{3}$	to	10	"
tt.	Phytolacca, (Poke,)	1	to	4	"
ч	Podophyllum, (Mandrake,)	3	to	12	"
66	Polygonum, (Water Pepper,)	2	to	3	"
66	Quassia	3	to	5	"
"	Quercus Alba, (White Oak,)	10	to	20	66
"	Rheum, (Rhubarb,)			10	66
66	Rumex Crispa, (Yellow Dock,)		to	8	66
"	Rubus Villosus, (Blackberry,)		to	6	66
"	Ruta, (Rue,)		to	4	
"	Sabina, (Savin,)		to	5	66
"	Sanguinaria, (Bloodroot,)		to	5	66
"	Sarsaparilla, Amer	~	to		66
66	" " Compd		to		66
66	"Rio Negro			15	:6
66	" Compd			15	66
66	Senna Alex		to	8	"
	Spiræa, (Hardhack,)		to	5	"
66	Stramonium		to	1	66
66	Taraxacum, (Dandelion,)	~		20	(;
66	Trifolium, (Red Clover.) Used externally.	10	10	20	
66	Uva Ursi	E.	+0	15	"
66	Valerian, (English,)			10	"
"					"
	Veratrum Viride, (White Hellebore,)	3	to	1/2	**

ALKALOIDS AND RESINOIDS.

Articles.		oses.
Aletrin, (Star Grass,)	1 to	3 (sins
Alnuin, (Tag Alder,)	1 to	3 "
Apocynin, (Bitter Root,)	1 to	2 "
Asclepidin, (Pleurisy Root,)	1 to	5 "
Baptisin, (Wild Indigo,)	1 to	3 "
Caulophylin, (Blue Cohosh,)	1 to	4 "

•			
Chelonin, (Balmony.)	1 to	2	Grains.
Cimicifugin, (Macrotin,)	1 to	6	66
Cornin, (Boxwood,)	1 to	10	66
Corydalin, (Turkey Corn,)	1 to	1	4.6
Cypripedin	2 to	4	"
Dioscorein, (Wild Yam,)	1 to	6	66
Eupatorin, (Boneset,)	1 to	2	"
Eupurpurin, (Queen of the Meadow,)	3 to	4	44
Gelseminin, (Yellow Jessamine,)	1/2 to	2	66
Geraniin, (Cranesbill,)	1 to	5	44
Helonin, (Unicorn,)	to to	1	"
Hydrastin, (Resinoid,)	1 to	5	••
Hydrastin, (Neutral,)	2 to	6	4.6
Hydrastina, (Alkaloid,)	1 to	5	66
Hyoscyamin, (Henbane,)	to 8	12	"
Iridin, (Blue Flag,)	1 to	5	"
Jalapin, (Jalap,)	1 to	2	66
Juglandin, (Butternut,)	1 to	5	"
Leptandrin, (Culver's Root,)	1 to	2	££
Liatrin, (Button Snake Root,)	4 to	8	"
Lobelin, (Lobelia,)	1 to	11/2	"
Lupulin, (Hop,)	6 to	10	"
Myricin, (Bayberry,)	2 to	10	
Phytolaccin, (Garget or Poke,)	1 to	1	44
Podophyllin, (Mandrake,)	a to	3	
Populin, (Poplar,)	4 to	8	**
Prunin, (Cherry bark,)	2 to	6	
Rhusin, (Sumach,)	1 to	2	
Rumin, (Yellow Dock,)	4 to	8	16
Salicin, (Willow,)	2 to	10	, "
Sanguinarin, Resinoid, (Blood Root,)	3 to	2	3 "
Sanguinarina, Alkaloid, "	30 to	10	
Scutellarin, (Seulleap,)	2 to		
Senccin, (Life Root,)	3 to) {	
Stillingin, (Queens' Delight,)	2 to) {	5 "
Trilliin, (Beth Root,)	4 to	o 8	3 "
Veratrin, (Hellebore,)	Te to) }	
Xanthoxylin, (Prickly Ash,)	2 to	o (5 "

FLUID EXTRACTS.

	rticles.			Do	ses.
	xt. Aconite	2	to	8	Drops.
"	Aletris.:	10	to	30	44
"	Arbutus, (Epigæa,)	1	to	2	Drams
"	Arnica	10	to	60	Drops.
66	Balmony, (Chelone,)	1	to	2	Drains
66	Bayberry, (Myrica,)	1	to	2	6.6
"	Belladonna	3	to	10	Drops.
"	Bethroot	1	to	3	Drams.
"	Bitter-root, (Apocy. Andros.)10 Dr	ops	to	1	Dram.
"	Bittersweet, (Dulcamara,)	1 2	to	1	"
"	Black Alder, (Prinos,)	1	to	2	Drains.
"	Blackberry, (Rubus Villosus,)	1 2	to	1	Drain.
"	Black Cohosh, (Cimicifuga,)	3	to	2	44
"	" Comp	1,	to	1	"
66	Black Hellebore	10	to	20	Drops.
66	Black Pepper	10	to	40	· · ·
"	Bloodroot, (Sanguinaria,)	5	to	60	4.6
66	Blue Cohosh, (Leontice,)	15	to	40	
"	Blue Flag, (Iris,)	20	to	60	44
"	Boneset, (Eupatorium Perfo.)	1	to	2	Drams.
"	Boxwood, (Cornus Florida,)	7	to	2	**
"	Buchu, (Barosma,)	10	to	2	44
66	" Comp'd,	1	to	2	"
"	Buckthorn, (Rhamnus,)	1		13	
66	Bugle, (Lycopus,)	1	to	2	"
"	Burdock, (Lappa,)	1	to	2	"
44	Butternut, (Juglans,)		to	2	66
"	Canella	15	to	30	Drops.
66	Capsicum,	5	to	15	."
66	Catnip, (Nepeta,)	2	to		Drams
"	Cascarilla	20	to	30	Drops.
"	Celandine, Great	10	to	20	u.
44	Chainomile, (Anthemis,)	1	to	1	Dram
**	Cherry Bark	2	to	4	"
44	" " Comp'd	1	to	2	66
"	Cinchona	2	to	1	"
"	" Comp'd. (U. S. P.)	1	to	1	"
"	" Red	~	to	1	"
"	" Calisaya	-	to	1	66
"	Colchicum Root	~			Drops.
6.6	" Seed		to		urops.
		٠		10	

FLUID EXTRACTS.

71. 1. 7	00 to 60 D
	Columbo
66	Contum
"	Cotton Root
"	Granesbill, (Geranium,) 2 to 1
"	Cubebs 2 to 12
66	"Etherial 1 to 2
66	Culver's Root, (Leptandra,)
44	Dandelion, (Taraxacum,) 1 to 2 "
"	" Comp'd 1 to 2 "
66	" and Senna 1 to 2 "
66	Ergot, Etherial
46	Foxglove, (Digitalis,) 5 to 10 Drops.
	Garget or Poke, (Phytolacca,) 10 to 30 "
44	Gelseminum 3 to 20 "
66	Gentian ½ to 1 Dram.
6.6	" Comp'd ½ to 1 "
44	Gillenia 4 to 12 Drops.
6.6	Ginger ½ to 1½ Drams.
66	Golden Seal, (Hydrastis,) ½ to 2 "
٤٤	Hardhack, (Spiraa,) 4 to 20 Drops.
**	Hop, (Humulus,) to 1 Dram.
4.6	Horehound, (Marrubium,) to 1 "
6.6	Hydrangea 1 to 2 "
6.6	Hyoscyamus 10 to 20 Drops.
66	Ignatia Bean, (Ignatia Amara,) 5 to 10 "
	Indian Hemp, (Apocy. Cannab.) 5 to 60 "
46	" F'gn, (Cannabis Ind.) 5 to 10 "
66	" White, (Asclepias,) 20 to 40 "
44	Ipecac
66	" and Seneka, (Jackson,) 1 to 1 "
66	Jalap 3 to 1 "
66	Ladies' Slipper, (Cypripedium,) 1 to 1 "
4.6	Lettuce, (Lactuca,)
46	Liatris 1 to 2 "
66	Life Root, (Senecio,)
66	Liquorice 2 to 4 "
"	Liverwort 2 to 3 "
66	Lobelia
44	" Comp'd
"	Logwood, (Hæmatoxylon,)
"	Mandrake, (Podophyllum,)
66	" Comp'd ½ to 2 "
66	Matico, (Piper Angust.)
	Nux Vomica
66	Opium, Aqueous
	2

	t. Orange Peel	3	to	2	Drams.
"	Orris Root. Used in Compounds.				
41	Pareira Brava	1/2	to	1	Dram.
"	Peppermint	1	to	2	Drams.
"	Pink Root, (Spigelia,)	12	to	11/2	66
"	" Comp'd	1/2	to	2	66
4.6	" and Senna	1	to	1	66
44	Pleurisy Root, (Asclepias,)	3	to	2	"
16	Poppy	1	to	1	44
4	Prickly Ash, (Xanthoxylum,)	~	to		Drops.
4	Prince's Pine, (Chimaphila,)			1	Dram.
66	Quassia	3	to	1	"
66	Rhatany, (Krameria,)	2 1 3	to	1	66
"	Rhubarb	2 1 2	to	1	66
46	" Aromatic	1	to	1	"
66	" and Senna	~		1	"
66	Rue	2	to		_
66	Saffron		to		Drops.
44	Sarsaparilla, Rio Negro	20	to		
44	" Complete AT & D.			1	Dram.
66	" Comp'd, (U. S. P.)			1	"
	and Dandellon			1	"
66	Sassafras	1	to	2	4.6
46	Savin, (Sabina,)	10	to	30	Drops.
66	Scullcap, (Scutellaria,)	1/2	to	1	Dram.
66	comp a	3	to	1	"
44	Seneka	20	to	40	Drops.
"	Senna, (U. S. P.)	1	to	2	Drams.
	21queous	1	to	2	"
66	and Jarap	3	to	1	"
46	Serpentaria	1	to	12	"
"	Skunk Cabbage, (Symplocarpus,)	20	to	80	Drops.
"	Spearmint, (Mentha Viridis,)	1	to	3	Dram.
"	Squill	2	to	24	Drops
"	"Comp'd	10	to	20	66
	Stillingia, (Queen's Root,)	20	to	40	"
"	" Comp'd	1	to	1	Dram.
"	Stramonium, (Thorn Apple,)	5	to	20	Drops.
•	Sumach, (Rhus Glabrum,)	1	to	2	Drams
"	Tag Alder, (Alnus Rubra,)	1	to	2	"
	Turkey Corn, (Corydalis,)	10	to	40	Drope.
"	Turmeric, (Curcuma,)	2	to	3	Dram L
"	Unicorn	1	to	3	"
"	Uva Ursi	1	to	1	66
"	Valerian	**	to		"
		2	5.0	- 2	

xix

Wahoo, (Euonymus,) 1	
	to 2 Drams.
" Water Pepper, (Polygonum,) 10 to	to 60 Drops.
" White Oak, (Quercus Alba, 1	to 1 Dram.
" Wild Indigo, (Baptisia,) 1	to 1 "
" Wintergreen, (Pyrola,)	
" Witch Hazel, (Hamamelis,)	to 2 "
Wormwood, (Artemisia,)	to 3 "
Yellow Dock, (Rumex,)	· ·
,, ,,	
PILLS.	
	No. of Pills
Articles. 32 Grain cach.	for a Dose.
Arsenous Acid	1 to 3
Atropia	1 to 2
Digitalin	1 to 2
Strychnia	1 to 2
Veratria	1 to 3
Morphia	1 to 5
1 Grain each.	
Codeia	1 to 4
	1 60 4
h Grain each.	
Morphia	
Iodine	
A Grain each.	1 to 4
A Grain each.	1 to 4
	1 to 4
Ext. Aconitum	1 to 4 1 to 4
Ext. Aconitum	1 to 4 1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6
Ext. Aconitum	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4
Ext. Aconitum. "Belladonna. "Conium. "Hyoscyamus. "Ipecac.	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 3
Ext. Aconitum "Belladonna "Conium "Hyoscyamus "Ipecac "Opium	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 3 1 to 2
## Grain each. Ext. Aconitum. "Belladonna. "Conium. "Hyoscyamus. "Ipecac. "Opium. "Veratrum Viride.	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 3 1 to 2
Ext. Aconitum. "Belladonna. "Conium. "Hyoscyamus. "Ipecac. "Opium. "Veratrum Viridc. Kermes.	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 3 1 to 2 2 to 4
## Grain each. Ext. Aconitum ## Belladonna ## Conium ## Hyoscyamus ## Ipecac ## Opium ## Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver.	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 3 1 to 2 2 to 4
## Grain each. Ext. Aconitum ## Belladonna ## Conium ## Hyoscyamus ## Opium ## Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver Proto-Jodide of Mercury	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2
Ext. Aconitum "Belladonna "Conium "Hyoscyamus "Ipecac "Opium "Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver Proto-Jodide of Mercury Tartar Emetic	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2
Ext. Aconitum "Belladonna "Conium "Hyoscyamus "Ipecac "Opium "Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver Proto-Iodide of Mercury Tartar Emetic.	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2
Ext. Aconitum "Belladonna "Conium "Hyoscyamus "Ipecac "Opium "Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver Proto-Iodide of Mercury Tartar Emetic. 12 Grain each. Ammoniated Copper, (U. S. P.)	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2
Tartar Emetic. Ext. Aconitum "Belladonna "Conium "Hyoscyamus "Ipecac "Opium "Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver. Proto-Iodide of Mercury Tartar Emetic. 2 Grain cach. Ammoniated Copper, (U. S. P.) Ext. Aconitum	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2
Tartar Emetic. 2 Grain each. 1 Grain each. 2 Grain each. 2 Grain each. 2 Grain each. 2 Grain each. 3 Grain each. 4 Grain each. 5 Grain each. 6 Grain each. 7 Grain each. 8 Grain each. 9 Grain each.	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2
Tartar Emetic. Ext. Aconitum "Belladonna "Conium "Hyoscyamus "Ipecac "Opium "Veratrum Viride Kermes Nitrate of Silver. Proto-Iodide of Mercury Tartar Emetic. 2 Grain cach. Ammoniated Copper, (U. S. P.) Ext. Aconitum	1 to 4 1 to 4 2 to 6 2 to 4 1 to 2

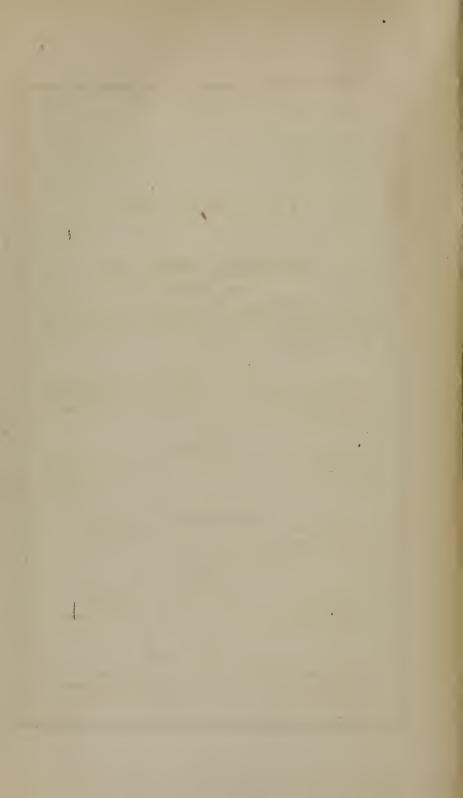
PILLS.

Ext. Conium	
" Digitalis 1 to 3	
" Hyoseyamus 1 to 2	
" Ignatia Amara 1 to 3	
" Nux Vomica	
" Sanguinaria	
Dangumana 1 to 0	
Stramonum 1 to 2	
relation viriae 1 to 2	
Iridin	
Sanguinarin	
Santonin	
Phytolaccin 1 to 2	
Piperin 2 to 4	
Podophyllin	
Quinia, Valerianate of 1 to 3	
1 Grain each.	
Apocynin	
Asclepidin 1 to 5	
Capsicum 1 to 2	
Cimicifugin 1 to 4	
Ext. Aconitum	
" Apocynum Cannab 1 to 3	
" Belladonna 1 to 2	
" Cannabis Ind., (Ind. Hemp, F'gn,) 1 to 2	
" Conium 1 to 2	
" and Ipecac, (U. S. P.) 3 to 5	
" Helleborus, (Black Hellebore,) 1 to 5	
" Hyoscyamus 1 to 2	
" Iris Versicol. (Blue Flag,) 1 to 4	
" Jalapa 3 to 6	
" Krameria, (Rhatany,)	
" Phytolacca, (Poke,)	
" Podonbullum (Mandaglas)	
6 Ougaria	
" Phane	
" Sahina (Sanin)	
" Sanguinavia (Plant Dark)	
16 Stramonium	
Geraniin	
Hardwartin Nontral	
Hudrastina Alkalaid	
Hydrastina, Alkaloid	
Iridin	
Iron, Lactate of	
Iron, Proto-Iodide of	

PILIS.	X	ki
Jalapin	1 40	2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1 to	2
		3
T	1 to	
	4 to	8
011 011	3 to	6
	1 to	6 5
	1 to	
	1 to 2 to	2
The state of the s	2 to	5
	2 to	4
	2 to	6
Kanthoxynn	2 10	U
2 Grains each.		
, ,	1 to	3
· ·	2 to	4
Calomel	1 to	2
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 to	5
	2 to	6
	1 to	4
	2 to	3
3	2 to	4
	2 to	5
33	2 to	5
	1 to	6
	2 to	6
2.6	2 to	4
2 11.0011111111 (- 11.111111111111111111111111	2 to	4
mapatorium, (2 minute,), vi	2 to	6
Till Little (Little)	4 to	7
O CHICIANIA	2 to	6
October (Comment of the comment of	2 to	6
Hamatoxy ion, (20g accouption	2 to	6
" Lactuce, (Lettuce,)	1 to	3
" Lappus, (Burdock,)	1 to	6
" Leontice Thalictroides, (Blue Cohosh,)	1 to	3
: Leonurus, (Motherwort,)	1 to	3
" Marrubium, (Horehound,)	2 to	5
rapavel, (1 oppg)	2 to	5
" Quercus Alba, (White Oak,)	5 to 1	0
" Rubus Villosus, (Blackberry,)	2 to	3
"Rumex Crispa, (Yellow Dock,)	l to	2
" Ruta, (Rue,)	l to	2
" Senna Alex 1	to	2
	l to	4

and the same of th			
T1 , T7 T7 +	1 .		
Ext. Uva Ursi			7
" Valeriana, (English)			5
I pecac and Opium, (Dover's Powder,)			6
Iron, Citrate of	2 1	to	3
Magnesia, Calcined	2 t	to	5
" and Rhubarb Grain each.	1 1	0	4
Opium and Acetate of Lead " "	1 t		3
Potassa, Tartrate of, and Iron	2 t		4
Potassium, Iodide of	1 t		5
·			
Senecin	1 t		3
	2 t	0	4
Willow Charcoal	2 t	0	6
23 Grains.			
Di Dui (II C D)	0 4	_	,
	2 t		4
***************************************	1 t		3
Hooper's Pills21 "	1 t	0	3
3 Grains each.			
	1 t	0	2
Cochia Pill	1 to	0	3
	2 t	0	3
" and Calomel	2 t	0	3
	1 to	0	2
" Cathartic, improved, (without Calomel)	1 to	0	3
" " " (IT C D)	1 to		4
(I /TT C D \	2 to		6
Compile and Frank Control			-
66 66 66 66 1 Cit 1 CT	2 to		4
Tite Titl / T = 1 TIT. t = 1	1 to		4
Ent Chimanhila / Duissels Disc. Disc.	1 to)	3
Ext. Chimaphila, (Prince's Pine. Pipsissewa.)	3 to)	6
Colocyllut Compound	2 to)	6
and Hyoscyamus, (U.S.P.)	1 to)	6
" Cubebs and Alum	2 to	,	4
" " Ext. Rhatany and Iron	1 to	. :	3
" Rhubarb and Iron, (U. S. P.)	2 to		3
" Sarsaparilla, Amer	2 +0		5
" " Company			
" " Rio Negro	2 to	,	5
" " Compound	2 to) (5
Compound	2 to) (5
Turakacum, (Dunaemon,)	3 to) (3
Gamboge Compound, (U. S. P.),	3 to	, (j
Ipecac and Squill, (U. S. P.)) to		}
Iron, Carbonate of, (Vallet's Formula.)	t to	1.0)
Manganese, Carbonate of, and Iron	to	3	

PILLS.	xiii	
Podophyllin and Blue Pill	to 2	
Soap and Opium, (U.S. P. Compound.)	to 3	
Squill Compound, (U.S. P.)		
Storax Compound. (U. S. P.)		
4 Grains each.		
Aloetic, (U. S. P.)	to 3	
Aloes and Assafætida, (U. S. P.)	to 5	
" and Iron, (U.S. P.)	to 4	
" and Myrrh, (U. S. P.) 3	to 5	
" and Ext. Gentian, (U. S. P. Compound.)		
Assafætida, (U. S. P.) without smell 2	to 4	
Cook's Pill 1		
Copaiba, pure solidified 2	to 6	,
Iron, Sulphate of, (U. S. P.)		
Rhubarb and Blue Pill 1		
" Compound, (U. S. P.) 2		
Sala Bi Carbonata of		



FORMULÆ.

ACONITUM NAPELLUS.

Aconite. Monkshood.

THE species recognized by the United States Pharmacopeia, as officinal, is the A. Napellus. The whole plant is possessed of medicinal properties. The leaves and root are generally used separately.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A powerful narcotic. Used in rheumatism, neuralgia, epilopsy, paralysis, amaurosis, scrofula, syphilis, intermittent fever, dropsies, &c. Valuable as an anti-phlogistic remedy, and in cases of active cerebral congestion or inflammation.

Pills......1-4, 1-2, and 1 Grain. ———— TINCTURE OF ACONITE.

COMPOUND WINE OF ACONITE.

ACONITE OINTMENT.

Solid Extract of Aconite.......One Part.

LardTwo Parts.

ACONITE PLASTER

Solid Extract of Aconite.

Spread over surface of adhesive plaster. Apply in neuralgic affections to the painful part.

WINE OF ACONITE AND COLCHICUM.

COMPOUND PILLS OF ACONITE.

Mix, and divide into sixty pills.

Dose—One pill every two, three or four hours, according to symptoms. Used in nervous irritability, nervous headache, restlessness and wakefulness

MIXTURE OF ACONITE AND VALERIAN.

PILLS OF ACONITE AND DOVER'S POWDER.

Make six pills. Take one three times a day in chronic rheumatism. Each pill contains one grain of Aconite and two grains Dover's Powder.

ALETRIS FARINOSA.

Star Grass.

This plant is found in most parts of the United States, usually in dry soils and barrens. The root is the officinal portion.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

One of the most intense bitters known. Used in infusion as a tonic and stomachic; large doses produce nausea and a tendency to vomit. Has been employed in chronic rheumatism and dropsy.

PREPARATIONS.	
Fluid ExtractDo Aletridin	
TINCTURE OF ALETRIS.	
Fluid Extract	
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
Dose—Half to one dram.	
INFUSION OF ALETRIS.	
Fluid Extract	Two Drams
Water	One Pint.
Dese-One to two ounces.	
•	
SYRUP OF ALETRIS.	
Flirid Extract	One Ounce.
Syrup	One Pint.
Dose—One to two drams.	
PILLS OF ALETRIS.	
Solid Extract of Aletris	Two Grains.
Dioscorein	Two "
Ginger	Four "
Make two pills. In flatulent colic and borborygmi.	
Marc on hims was made on the second	

ALNUS RUBRA.

Tag Alder.

A well known shrub, growing in clumps on the borders of ponds at a rivers, and in swamps. The bark is the part used in medicine.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Alterative, emetic and astringent. Useful in scrofula, secondary syphilis, and several forms of cutaneous diseases. The *Alnuin* is recommended in herpes, syphilis, scorbutus, impetigo, &c.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	ose,	1 to 2 Drains.
Alnuin	66	1 to 3 Grains.

INFUSION OF TAG ALDER.

	Fluid ExtractTwo O	unces
	NaterOne Pr	nt.
n	se—One to two ounces	

ANTHEMIS NOBILIS.

Chamomile.

This plant is a native of Europe, where it is largely cultivated for medicinal purposes. The flowers are the part used.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic. Used in cases of enfeebled digestion, general debility and Janguid appetite. In large doses will act as an emetic.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	ExtractDose	, 1-2 to 1 Dram.
Solid	Extract "	4 to 20 Grains.

INFUSION OF CHAMOMILE

Fluid	Extract		Two Ounces.
Water		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.One Pint.
Dose-H	alf to one ounce.		

COMPOUND INFUSION OF CHAMOMILE.

Fluid Extract	One Ounce.
Essence of Fennel	Half Dram.
Water	One Pint.
Dana - On a An Anna	

Dose-One to two ounces.

SYRUP OF CHAMOMILE.

Fluid F	Extract	 	 	Four Ounces.
Syrup.		 	 	.Twelve Ounces.
T.	to 6.	 		

	AA TTANT	OF	CHAMOMILES.	
Fluid Extract				.Two Ounces.
Sherry Wine				.One Pint.

Dose-Four to eight drams.

COMPOUND CHAMOMILE PILLS.

Solid Extract of Chamomile	One Dram.
Solid Extract of Rhubarb	Five Grains.
Assafætida	Half Scruple.
Mix; divide into thirty pills.	

Dose—Three times a day in flatulent dyspepsia.

APOCYNUM ANDROSÆMIFOLIUM.

Bitter Root.

An indigenous plant, flowering in June and July. The root is the part employed.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Valuable in the treatment of chronic hepatic affections; used as an emetic and diaphoretic; as an alterative in syphilitic and scrofulous affections, as well as in intermittents and the low stage of typhoid fevers.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extra	ct	 	Dose,	tonic, 10 to 20 Drops.
44	44		 	"	diaphoretic, 15 to 25 Drops.
					emetic, 1-2 to 1 Dram.
					2 to 8 Grains.
					1-2 to 2 Grains.
Pills	of Apo	cynin	 	"	1 Grain each.
					2 Grains each.

TINCTURE OF BITTER ROOT.

INFUSION OF BITTER ROOT.

SYRUP OF BITTER ROOT.

Fluid Extract......One-and-a-half Ounces
Syrup......One Pint.

Dose—Two to four drams.

WINE OF BITTER ROOT.

Fluid Extract......Two Ounces.

Sherry Wine......One Pint.

Dose—One to two drams.

COMPOUND POWDER OF APOCYNIN.

Dose—One to three grains. Useful in jaundice, as well as in hepatic torpor and constipation.

APOCYNUM CANNABINUM.

Indian Hemp.

An indigenous plant, growing in situations similar to the last. The root is officinal.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Powerfully emetic; in decoction, diuretic and diaphoretic. It produces much nausea, diminishes the frequency of the pulse, and appears to produce drowsiness, independently of the exhaustion consequent upon vomiting. Of magical chicacy in dropsy.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	ose,	tonic, 5 to 15 Drops.
(6 (6	66	emetic, 20 to 60 Drops.
Solid Extract	46	1 to 5 Grains.
Pills		

TINCTURE OF INDIAN HEMP.

Fluid ExtractOne	Ounce.
Diluted AlcoholOne	Pint.
Dose—One to two drams, and a half to one ounce.	

INFUSION OF INDIAN HEMP.

Fluid Extract	Half Ounce.
Water	One Pint.
Dose-Half to two ounces.	

SYRUP OF INDIAN HEMP.

Fluid Extract	One-and-a-half Ounces
	One Pint.
Dose-Half to one dram.	

WINE OF INDIAN HEMP.

Fluid Extract	 Two Drams.
Sherry Wine	 Eight Ounces.
Dose-One to two drams.	

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS UVA URSI.

Uva Ursi.

This is a perennial evergreen, common in the northern part of Europe, Asia and America. The leaves are the medicinal portion.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Uva Ursi is an astringent tonic, and has a specific direction to the urinary organs, for complaints of which it is chiefly used; has reputation as an antilithic in gravel, chronic nephritis, ulceration of the kidneys, bladder and urinary passages. It has been recommended in place of Ergot of Rye. It does not cause such powerful contractions, nor is its use attended with as much danger.

PR	EP	AR	ATI	n	N8	ı

Fluid Extract	am.
Solid ExtractDose, 5 to 15 Gra	ins.
Pills " 2 Grains ea	ch.

TINCTURE OF UVA URSI.

F.u.	id ExtractT	wo	Ounces.
Dilu	uted Alcohol	One	Pint.
Dago	Thurs to Six drams		

INFUSION OF UVA URSI.

Fiuid	Extract.	 	 One (Dunce.
Water	·	 	 One]	Pint.
	no to two			

SYRUP OF UVA URSI.

Fluid Extract	Eight Ounces.
Syrup	Two Pints.
Dosa—Two to four drams	

ARISTOLOCHIA SERPENTARIA.

Virginia Snakeroot.

This plant grows throughout the Middle, Southern and Western States. The root is the officinal part.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A stimulant tonic, used in typhoid fever, whether idiopathic or symptomatic, when the system begins to feel the necessity for support, but is unable to bear active stimulation. Its action may be much improved by combination with Cinchona, particularly in intermittent fevers. Employed as a gargle in malignant sore throat.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract		Dose, 1-4 to	1-2 Dram
---------------	--	--------------	----------

TINCTURE OF SNAKEROOT.

Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.

Dose-One to two drams.

INFUSION OF SNAKEROOT.

Fluid	Ex	tra	ct				٠.							٠.	٠.						. Hal	lf	Ounce	٠.
Water	٠																				.0116	3	Pint.	
Dose-C)ne	to	tw	70	or	ın	ce	s.	i	n	lo	w	fo	orn	ns	of	fe	e V	er	٠.				

SYRUP OF SNAKEROOT.

Fluid	Extract.				Two	Ounces
Syrup					One	Pint.
0400	no-and-a	-half +	o three	drame		

COMPOUND TINCTURE OF SNAKEROOT.

		Emiloronia of Dilling	11001.	
Fluid Ext	tract of	Snakeroot	Half O	unce.
66 6	:6	Ipecac	. "	66
66		Saffron	. "	66
66		Ladies' Slipper	. "	66
Camphor.				"
Diluted A	lcohol.		Onc-an	d-a-half Pints
DagaOna +	0 000 0	ind a half drama		

ARNICA MONTANA.

Leopard's-bane.

This plant is a native of the mountainous districts of Europe and Siberia. The flowers, leaves and root are employed in medicine, though the leaves are usually preferred.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES

Arnica is a stimulant in adynamic diseases; in large doses, taken internally, it causes nausea, vomiting and inflammation of the alimentary canal; in small doses, it increases the perspiration and accelerates the pulse. Is used as a tonic in rheumatism and diseases of the bladder, but more particularly as a domestic remedy in sprains, bruises, rheumatism and local inflammation.

PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	Dose, 10 to 60 Drops.
---------------	-----------------------

TINCTURE OF ARNICA.

	Fluid Extract	.Two	Ounces.
	Diluted Alcohol	.One	Pint.
ŧΫ	1to-malle as a liniment		

2

	INFUSION		
Fluid Extract		 	One Ounce.
Water		 	.One Pint.

Dose-Four to eight drams.

COMPOUND INFUSION OF ARNICA.

Fluid	Extract of	f ArnicaOne Dram.
"	44	Chamomile
	66	PeppermintTwo Drams.
Water	r	Nine Ounces

Dose-Half to one ounce.

FOMENTATION OF ARNICA.

Fluid Extrac	t of A	rnica.	 	Half Ounce.
Boiling Vines	ar		 	Five-and-a-half Ounces.
				Two Drams.
Carbonate of				IWO Diamor

Used as a warm fomentation for the scrotum.

FOMENTATION OF ARNICA AND RUE.

Fluid	Extract	of Arnica	 1 wo Ounces.
44	"	Rue	 One Ounce.
Water			 Nine Ounces.
Tunful in	anntusi.	one	

ARNICA MIXTURE.

Fluid	Extract	of Arnica	 	Two Dran	ns.	
66	"	Serpentaria	 	Two Dran	as.	
Syrup		-	 	One Dram	ι.	
		mint				
_			 			

Dose-Quarter dram every two hours in the diarrhea complicating typhoid fevers.

ARTEMISIA ABSINTHIUM.

Wormwood.

A native of Europe, but cultivated in this country. The whole plant has a strong bitter odor, and an intensely bitter, aromatic taste. The tops and leaves are used in medicine.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Anthelmintic, tonic and narcotic. Used in intermittent fever, jaundice and worms. Promotes the appetite in atonic dyspepsia, amenorrhea, obstinate diarrhea, &c. Externally, it is useful in fomentations for bruises and local inflammations.

PREPARATIONS.

TINCTURE OF WORMWOOD.

WINE OF WORMWOOD.

SYRUP OF WORMWOOD.

FOMENTATION OF WORMWOOD.

ASCLEPIAS INCARNATA.

White Indian Hemp.

A native of the United States. The root is officinal.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Emetic, cathartic and diuretic. Useful in catarrh, asthma, rheumatism, syphilis and worms.

PREPARATIONS.

TINCTURE OF ASCLEPIAS INC.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	
Dose One and a half to three drams	

INFUSION OF ASCLEPIAS INC.

Fluid	Extract	One	Ounce.
Water		One	Pint.
lose-T	hree to six drams.		

SYRUP OF ASCLEPIAS INC

F	Fluid Extract	 Four Ounces.
S	yrup	 Twelve Ounces.
Dos	se—Half to one-and-a half drams.	

ASCLEPIAS TUBEROSA.

Pleurisy Root

This species is indigenous; most abundant in the Southern States. The root is the only part used in medicine.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

The Plcurisy Root is carminative, tonic and diuretic; used in pleurisy, pneumonia, catarrh, febrile diseases, acute rheumatism and dysentery. Administered warm in infusion, to promote diaphoresis, without increasing the temperature of the body. Efficient in flatulency and indigestion.

The Asclepidin has been successfully used in the treatment of affections of the serous membranes, fevers of every type, inflammatory diseases, hooping cough and chronic diseases of the digestive organs.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	Dose, 1-2 to 2 Drams.
Asclepidin	" 1 to 5 Grains.
Pills	1 Grain each.

TINCTURE OF PLEURISY ROOT.

Fluid Ext	ract	 • • • • ,	Four Ounces.
Alcohol		 	One Pint.
Thomas Three	to Great Janes		

<i></i>		***************************************	
Finid 1	Ewtunat	INFUSION OF PLEURISY ROOT	
		ur ounces.	., 0110 2 11111
2000 0	110 00 10		
	(OMPOUND SYRUP OF PLEURISY F	ROOT.
Fluid	Extract	of Pleurisy Root	Two Drams.
44	66	Spearmint	
44	66	Sumach	
"	64	Bayberry	
"	"	Black Cohosh	
"	4.6	Ginger	Half "
Syrup			
		our drams.	
		SYRUP OF PLEURISY ROOT.	
Fluid	Extrac	t	Four Ounces.
Syrup			Twelve Ounces.
		to one ounce.	
Asoler	idin		Ten Grains.
Diosco	rein		" "
		our grains. Bencficial in flatule	
		and bilious colic.	7,
Caraca of Hy	entent a	illa billoas cono.	

ASPIDIUM FILIX MAS.

Male Fern.

Said to be nearly universally indigenous. The rhizoma is the officinal part. For its interesting history see U. S. Dispensatory.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Its specific property is anthelmintic. The accounts of its efficacy in the treatment of tapeworm are too numerous to admit of any reasonable doubt on the subject.

PREP	ARATI	ONS.
------	-------	------

Solid Extraot	5 Grains.
Pills 2 Grains eas	eh.

COMPOUND PILLS OF MALE FERN

Solid Extract of Male Fern	. Two Scru	ples.
Gamboge	Fourteen	Grains.
Galomel	"	"
Scammony	Eighteen	"
Tix, and divide into twenty pills. In tape-wormC		

ATROPA BELLADONNA.

Belladonna.

This plant is a native of Europe, though it grows vigorously, retaining all its activity, under cultivation, in this country. All the parts are active. The leaves are the only part directed by the U.S. Pharmacopeia.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Belladonna is a powerful narcotic, possessing also diaphoretic and diuretic properties. Exceedingly valuable in convulsions, neuralgia, hooping-cough, rheunatism, gout, paralysis and similar diseases having their seat chiefly in the nervous system. It is esteemed as a prophylactic in scarlatina, as also used with success in quinsy and hernia.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract
Solid Extract " 1-4 to 1 Grain.
Pills1-4, 1-2, and 1 Grain.
Pills of Atropia1-32 Grain each.

TINCTURE OF BELLADONNA.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	Two Pints.
Dose-twenty to forty drops.	

INFUSION OF BELLADONNA.

	riula ExtractOne	Drain.
	WaterOne	Pint.
	Compound Tincture of CardamomOne	Ounce.
)	ose—Fivo drams.	

SYRUP OF BELLADONNA.

Fluid Extract	One (Ounce.
Syrup	Two	Pints
lose—One to two drams.	Useful in hooping-cough.	

PILLS OF BELLADONNA, CAMPHOR, ETC.	
CamphorThree Drams.	
Assafætida	
Solid Extract of Belladonna One Dram.	
OpiumFifteen Grain	5.
Syrup of Gum ArabicSufficient.	
Mix, and make into 120 pills.	
Give one pill the first day, two the second, and so on until six are g	iver
laily, in hysteria.	
	
COMPOUND BELLADONNA PILLS.	
Solid Extract Belladonna	
Blue Mass	
Powdered Ipecac	
Mix, and make twelve pills.	
Dose—One, morning and evening.	
OINTMENT OF BELLADONNA.	
Solid Extract of BelladonnaOne Dram.	
LardOne Ounce.	
Mix.	
LINIMENT OF BELLADONNA.	
Fluid Extract of BelladonnaOne Dram.	
Sulphuric Ether " "	
Cherry Laurel WaterTwo Ounces.	
<u> </u>	
POULTICE IN NEURALGIA.	
Flaxseed meal, combined with two drams of the following mixture:	
Fluid Extract of BelladonnaSix Drams.	
" " Opium " "	
Powdered CamphorTwo "	
WaterSix "	
Troussea	26.
•••••	

AURANTII CORTEX.

Orange Peel.

Rind of the fruit of Citrus Vulgaris. Various parts of the orange tree are used in medicine.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a mild tonic, carminative and stomachic, but is seldom used alone. It is a useful addition to bitter infusions and decoctions.

PREPARATION

TINCTURE OF ORANGE PEEL.

SYRUP OF ORANGE PEEL.

Fluid Extract......Two Ounces.

Syrup......Fourteen Ounces.

Used mainly as an agreeable drink mixed with water.

MIXTURE OF ORANGE PEEL.

Fluid Extract of Orange Peel......Half Dram.
" " Canella ..." "
" " Colombo ..." "

Syrup......Onc-and-a-half Ounces.

Dose—One to three drams in habitual diarrhea.

BAPTISIA TINCTORIA.

Wild Indigo

This is a small shrub, found in most parts of the United States. The root and leaves are medicinal. The virtue seems to reside in the bark.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Principally used on account of its antiscptic virtues. It is an excellent application as a wash or gargle to all species of ulcers, as malignant ulcerous sore mouth and throat, mercurial sore mouth, scrofulous or syphilitic opthalmia, &c. Internally it acts powerfully on the glandular and nervous systems, increasing all the glandular secretions and arousing the liver especially to a normal action.

PREPARATIONS

TINCTURE OF WILD INDIGO.

Fluid Extract......Two Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol.....One Pint.

Dose-Two to four drams.

INFUSION OF WILD INDIJO	
Fluid ExtractOne	Ounce.
WaterOne	Pint.
Dose-Half ounce every four hours.	
·	Comstock.
	
GARGLE OF WILD INDIGO	
Fluid ExtractFou	r Ounces.
WaterTwe	elve Ounces

BAROSMA CRENATA.

Buchu.

The Barosma plants grow at the Cape of Good Hope. The leaves are medicinal.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Buchu is given chiefly in complaints of the urinary organs attended with increased uric acid, as gravel, chronic catarrh of the bladder, morbid irritation of the bladder and urethra, diseases of the prostate and retention or incontinence of urine from a loss of tone in the parts concerned in its evacuation; also in dyspepsia, chronic rheumatism, cutaneous affections and dropsy.

	PREPARATIONS.	
Fluid Extract of Buch	.u	se, 1-2 to 2 Drams.
	Compound	
	TINCTURE OF BUCHU.	
Fluid Pataget		Two Ounces

Diluted Alcohol......One Pint. Dose—Half to one ounce.

INFUSION OF BUCHU

Fluid Extract......One Ounce.

Water......One Fint.

Dose—One to two Ounces.

MIXTURE OF BUCHU AND ACETATE OF POTASH.

 Dosc-Four ounces, three or four times a day.

This is an excellent diuretic combination, and its value may be farther enhanced by the addition of Sweet Spirits of Nitre

BUCHU COMPOUND.

A combination of Buchu, Uva URSI, JUNIPER, and CUBEBS.

INFUSION OF BUCHU COMPOUND.

Fluid Extract of Buchu Compound......Four Ounces.

Dose-Two drains to one ounce.

COMPOUND INFUSION OF BUCHU, UVA URSI AND SENEKA

" Seneka " "

Water Eight Ounces.

Dose—One to two drams every two hours in atony of the bladder and mucous discharges.

CANELLA ALBA.

Canella.

A native of Jamaica and other West India islands The bark is the part employed in medicine.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Canella is possessed of the ordinary properties of aromatics; acting as a local stimulant and gentle tonic, producing upon the stomach a warming cordial effect, which makes it valuable as an addition to tonic or purgative medicines in debilitated states of the digestive organs. Seldom prescribed except in combinations

PREPARATION.

TINCTURE OF CANELLA

Dose-One-and-a-half to three drams.

TINCTURE OF HIERA PICRA,

Fluid	$E_{\mathbf{x}}$	tract	of	Cal	rella	 	 	 	One-and-a-half Ounces.
Aloes						 	 	 	One-and-a-half Ounces.
Brand	v					 	 	 	One Pint.

Dose-One dram, three times a day in amenorrhea.

WINE OF ALOES AND CANELLA.

Socotrine Aloes (rubbed to powder)......Two Ounces.
Fluid Extract of Canella.....Four Drams.
Sherry Wine......Two Pints.

Dose—As a stomachic, one to two drams; as a purgative, half to two ounces.

See Wine of Gentian.

CANNABIS INDICA.

Indian Hemp, Foreign

The true Cannabis Indica is imported from India. It is cultivated largely in parts of Europe and Asia.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Phrenic, anæsthetic, anti-spasmodic and hypnotic. Unlike opium, it does not constipate the bowels, lessen the appetite, create nausca, produce dryness of the tongue, check pulmonary secretions or produce headache. Used with success in hysteria, chorea, gout, neuralgia, acute and sub-acute rheninatism, tetanus, hydrophobia and the like.

PREPARATIONS.

Flui	ExtractDo	se, 5 to 10 Drops.
Solic	Extract	1 to 2 Grains.
Pi	lls	If and One Grain.

TINCTURE OF CANNABIS INDICA.

Dose—Half to one dram, and gradually increased in tetanus overy half hour until the paroxysms cease or catalepsy is induced.

DRAUGHT OF CANNABIS INDICA.

SYRUP OF CANNABIS INDICA.

Fluid	ExtractOne	Ounce.
	One	
	wenty-five to fifty drops	

MIXTURE OF CANNABIS INDICA.

Fluid	Extract	of CannabisOne Ounce.	
46	66	IgnatiaOne Ounce.	
Dose-F	live to fi	teen drops.	

WINE OF CANNABIS INDICA.

Fluid ExtractSix Dran	ms.
Sherry WineOne Pin	t.
oce—Half to one dram	

PILLS OF CANNABIS AND IGNATIA.

Solid I	Extract	of Cannabis Indica	Twelve Grains.
44	44	Ignatia	Nine Grains.
Make in			
Dose-0	ne.		,

CAPSICUM ANNUUM.

Cayenne Pepper.

This plant is a native of the East Indies, though it is extensively cultivated in this country and in Europe. The fruit is officinal.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A powerful stimulant, and a condiment; is very useful in correcting flatulency in dyspepsia, promoting digestion, in sea-sickness on the first occasion of nausea, in dropsies, in malignant sore throat and scarlet fever as a gargle, in intermittents with Quinine, and low forms of fever, in cholera, and in hot climates for obviating the black vomit.

PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	 ose, 5 to 15 Drops.
Pills	 Grain each.

TINCTURE OF CAVENNE PEPPER.

Fluid Extract.....One Ounce.

Diluted Alcohol.....One Pint.

Dose—One to two drams. Used in low states of fever with gastric insensibility, also when diluted, as a gargle.

INFUSION OF CAYENNE PEPPER.

GARGLE OF CAYENNE PEPPER.

CASSIA ACUTIFOLIA.

Senna.

The Cassia grows in great abundance in Upper Egypt, and probably in other parts of Africa. The leaves are the parts used in medicine.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is well adapted to cases which require an active and certain purgative; in constipation and inactivity of the alimentary canal, requiring frequent use of purgatives; in worms; in determination of the blood to the head. It can be used by persons of all ages as a purgative, with security.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extra	ct	. Dose,	1 to 2 Drains.
	46	Aqueous	. "	1 to 2 Drains.
66	4.6	Senna and Jalap	. "	1-2 to 1 Drain
golid.	Evtra	ct	. "	3 to 8 Grains.
Dilla	LAGIC			2 Grains each.

~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	VC VCC
TINCTURE OF SENNA. Fluid Extract Diluted Alcohol Dose—Half to one cunce.	
	.Two Ounces
_	. Four OuncesOne DramTen Ounces.
SENNA MIXTURE.	
Fluid Extract of Senna	Eighteen Drops. Sixteen Drops. Four Drams. One Dram.

# CEPHAELIS IPECACUANHA

Ipecac.

This plant is a native of Brazil. The root is the officinal portion.

Mix. As a purgative draught.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a mild and tolerably certain emetic, and being usually thrown it is the stomach in one or two efforts, it is not apt to produce dangerous effects. It is especially useful when poisons have been swallowed, in cases of dysentery, as a nauseate in asthma, hooping-cough and the hemorrhages, and as an expectorant in catarrhal and other pulmonary affections

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid I	ExtractDose, Expectorant, 5 to 10 Drops. Emetic, 1-2 to 1 Dram.
Pills o	f IpecacQuarter Grain each
•• ••	Dov. P., (1-2 gr. Op., 1-2 gr. Ip., 1 gr. Sul. Pot.) Two Grains each
66 66	Ipecac and Squill Three Grains each

#### TINCTURE OF IPECAC.

Fluid ExtractTwo Ou	inces.
Diluted AlcoholTwo Pi	nts.
Dose-Three-quarters to one-and-a-half or two drams.	

## WINE OF IPECAC.

Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
Sherry Wine	One Pint.
Dose-Quarter to half dram, and two-and-a-hall	f to five ounces.

## SYRUP OF IPECAC.

Fluid Extract	
SyrupFourteen Ounces.	
loseHalf to one dram and half to one ounce.	

# IPECAC EXPECTORANT FOR YOUNG CHILDREN.

Fluid Extract of Ipecac	Two Drams.
Syrup of Tolu	Five Drams
Mucilage	One Ounce.
Sherry Wine	Three Drams.
Dose-One dram.	

## MIXTURE OF IPECAC.

Fluid Extract of Ipecac	
" " Squill	One Drain.
Tartrate of Antimony and Potassa	One Grain.
Diluted Alcohol	Seven Drams.
Distilled Water	Seven Ounces
Dosc-Two ounces at first, afterwards o	ne ounce every ten minutes until
miting is induced.	

This mixture is recommended in dropsics previously to giving digitalis.

Ellis.

# CHELIDONIUM MAJUS.

Great Celandine.

Celandine is indigenous to Europe, and is extensively naturalized in the United States. The root is more powerful than the stem, and is usually preferred.

D

D

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

As a drastic hydragogue, fully equal to gamboge. Useful in hepatic affections, and is supposed to exert a special influence on the spleen. Applied in the form of a poultice to scrofulous and cutaneous diseases and piles; also to indolent ulcers, fungous growths, &c.

## PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	Oose,	10 to 20 Drope
Solid Extract	"	5 to 10 Grains

## TINCTURE OF CELANDINE

Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces	٠
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint	
ose—Three-quarters to one-and-a-half drams.	

## EXTRACT OF CELANDINE MIXTURE-

Fluid Extract of Celandine	Two-and-a-half Drams.
" " Henbane	Half Dram.
Sulphate of Potassa	One Ounce.
Tartar Emetic	
Elder Water	Six Ounces.
Oxymel of Squill	One Ounce.
ose—Two to three drams every two hours	as a hydragogue.
	Augustin

#### 020050000

## INFUSION OF CELANDINE.

Flu	id Ex	tract						Hal	f Ounce
Wa	ter							One	Pint.
`	m	1	3.	10	4.	C	3		

#### <del>-----</del>

Fluid Extract.	 		 									 .Thre	ee	Ounces
Syrup	 					٠.			 	 •		.One	P	int.

SYRUP OF CELANDINE.

# CHELONE GLABRA.

## Balmony.

Found in wet situations in the United States. The leaves, which are exceedingly bitter, but inodorous, are the parts used in medicine.

ins.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, cathartic and anthelmintic. Valuable in jaundice and hepatic diseases, likewise for the removal of worms. Used as a tonic in small doses, in dyspepsia, debility of the digestive organs, and during convalescence from febrile and inflammatory diseases.

PREPARATIONS.		
Fluid Extract	Dose,	1 Dram.
Chelonin	"	1 to 2 Grai
TINCTURE OF BALMONY.		
Fluid Extract	One O	unce.
Diluted Alcohol		
Dose-One to two drams.		
SYRUP OF BALMONY.		
Fluid Extract	Half	Ounce.
Syrup	Twelv	e Ounces.

# CHIMAPHILA UMBELLATA.

# Pipsissewa. Prince's Pine.

This is a small evergreen plant, growing in the northern latitudes of this country, Europe and Asia. The whole plant is endowed with active properties

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, diuretic and astringent. Highly recommended in dropsy; useful in disordered digestion and general debility, rheumatism and nephritic affections, scrofula, in obstinate, ill-conditioned ulcers, in cutaneous eruptions, and in chronic affections of the urinary organs.

PREPARATIONS.  Fluid Extract	Grains.
INFUSION OF PRINCE'S PINE.	

Fluid Extract......One Ounce.

Water.....One Pint.

Dose—Two ounces.

4

Dose-Three to five drams.

#### INFUSION OF PRINCE'S PINE AND SENNA.

Fluid	Extrac	t of	Prince's PineSix Drams.
44	66	66	SennaTwo Drams.
Water	r		Twelve Ounces.
Dose-I	Half to	one	ounce.

#### -

F	uid Extract	Four Ounces.
S	rup	Twelve Ounces
	-Half ounce.	Wm. Procter

SYRUP OF PRINCE'S PINE.

# CIMICIFUGA RACEMOSA.

Black Cohosh.

Native of the United States. The root is the part employed.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

This remedy possesses an undoubted influence over the nervous system, and has been successfully used in chorea, epilepsy, nervous excitability, asthma, delirium tremens, and many spasmodic affections. In febrile diseases it frequently produces diaphoresis and diuresis. The Cimicifugin does not possess the narcotic properties of the root. It is antiperiodic, nervine, tonic, with an especial affinity for the uterus.

## PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extrac	tof	Black (	Cohosh	I	ose,	1-2 to 2 Drams.
66	46	4.6		Compound		4.6	1-2 to 1 Dram.
Solid	Extrac	t				6.6	4 to 8 Grains.
Cimic	ifugin.					"	1 to 6 Grains.
Pills	of Cinii	cifug	in		1	Gia	in each.
66	" Ext.	Cim	icifuga		2	Gra	ins each.

## TINCTURE OF BLACK COHOSH.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
Dose-Two-and-a-half to five drams	

#### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF BLACK COHOSH.

Fluid	Extract	of	Black	CohoshOne Our	ice.
66	66	66	Blood	Root Half Ou	nce

Fluid Extract of Poke
SYRUP OF BLACK COHOSH.  Fluid ExtractThree Ounces.  SyrupSix Ounces.
Dose—Half to one dram.
COMPOUND PILLS OF BLACK COHOSH.
Solid Extract of Black Cohosh One Drain.  " " Scullcap One Drain.  Valerianate of Quinia Half Drain.  Make 60 pills. Dose—One every two or three hours. Used in nervou diseases, chorea and fevers attended with wakefulness or restlessness.
Cimicifugin
BLACK COHOSH COMPOUND.
Compound of Black Cohosh, Wild Cherry, Ipecac, Liquorice, Seneka.
SYRUP OF BLACK COHOSH COMPOUND.  Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.  SyrupOne Pint.

# CINCHONA.

Dose-Three to six drams.

## Peruvian Bark.

The genuine cinchona trees are confined exclusively to South America. Those that yield the bark of commerce grow at various elevations upon the Andes: scldom less than 4,000 feet above the level of the sea.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Valuable in functional derangements of the stomach, improving digestion, and invigorating the nervous and muscular systems in diseases of general debility, and in convalescence from exhausting diseases. As a tonic it will

be found of advantage in measles, small-pox, scarlatina during the absence of fever or inflammation, also in cases when the system is exhausted by purulent discharges. It may likewise be used in all chronic diseases attended with debility, as scrofula, dropsy, obstinate cutaneous diseases, &c. To obtain the antiperiodic influence the red and yellow barks are considered superior to the pale, while the pale is preferred as a tonic.

PREPARATIONS.						
Fluid Extract of Cinchona						
" " " Compound " 1-2 to 1 Dram.						
TINCTURE OF CINCHONA.						
Fluid Extract, (yellow bark,)Four Ounces.						
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint						
Dose—One to four drams.						
ANALYSIA AR ANALYSIA						
INFUSION OF CINCHONA. Fluid Extract, (yellow bark,)One Ounce.						
WaterOne Pint.						
Dosc—One to two ounces.						
Tincture and Infusion of the Red Bark prepared in the same way.						
COMPOUND INFUSION OF CINCHONA.						
Fluid Extract of CinchonaOne Ounce.						
" " Snake Root						
" " Orange Peel						
" " ClovesOne Dram.						
Carbonate of PotassaOne Dram.						
WaterOne Pint.						
Dose—One to one-and-a-half ounces.						
Character Contract Co						
COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CINCHONA.						
Fluid Extract of Red BarkFour Ounces.						
" " Orange PeelOne-and-a-half Oz.						
" " Snake Root						
" SaffronOne Dram.						
Red SaundersOne Dram.						
Diluted AlcoholTwenty Ounces.						
Dose—One to two Drams.						
WINE OF CINCHONA.						
Fluid ExtractSix Ounces.						
Sherry WineTon Ounces.						

Dose-One-and-a-half to three drams.

#### MIXTURE OF CINCHONA AND VALERIAN.

Fluid Extract of Cinchona.....One Ounce.

" Valerian ..... One Ounce.

Essence of Cardamom ......Two Drams.

Eose-One dram every three hours, as a tonic in nervous temperaments.

## MIXTURE OF CINCHONA AND CHAMOMILE.

Dose-One to four drams every two or three hours. In anæmia of children, atrophy from bad diet, &c.

## CINCHONA COMPOUND.

Compounded of Cinchona, Orange Peel, Gentian, Serpentaria, Cloves and Red Saunders.

# CISSAMPELOS PAREIRA.

## Pareira Brava.

Native of the West Indies and South America. The root is the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Useful in calculous affections, diseases of the urinary passages, chronic inflammation and ulceration of the kidneys and bladder. It allays irritability of the bladder, and corrects the disposition to profuse mucous secretions.

#### PREPARATIONS.

## TINCTURE OF PAREIRA BRAVA.

Dose-Two to four drams.

## INFUSION OF PAREIRA BRAVA.

Dose-One to two ounces.

## COCCULUS PALMATUS.

## Colombo.

This plant grows abundantly on the south-eastern coast of Africa, in the neighborhood of Mozambique, where it is known by the name of Ralumb. The root is the officinal portion.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Mild tonic. Used in simple dyspepsia; in those states of debility which attend convalescence from acute disorders, particularly in enfeebled condition of the alimentary canal, in dysentery, cholera morbus and cholera infantum.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract
Solid Extract 4 to 10 Grains.
Pills 2 Grains each.
TINCTURE OF COLOMBO.
Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.
Dose—One-and-a-half to four drams.
INDUCTOR OF GOLOVEDO
INFUSION OF COLOMBO.
Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.
WaterOne Pint.
Dose—Three drams to one ounce.
WINE OF COLOMBO.
Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.
Sherry WineTen Ounces.
Dose—Two to four drams.
2030—I wo to four drams.
COMPOSIND INTERCONDENSION

## COMPOUND INFUSION OF COLOMBO.

Fluid Extract of Colombo ......One Dram. Orange Peel ......Four Drams. .....One Ounce.

Dose-Two drams every hour in atony of the intestines, manifesting itself by diarrhea .- M. Hauner.

2.
Fluid Extract of ColomboOne Ounce.
" GingerTwo Drams.
WaterOne Pint.
Dose—Two ounces every two hours in chronic diarrhea.
3.
Fluid Extract of ColomboOne Dram.
" RhubarbOne "
" GingerHalf "
WaterOne Pint.
Dose—One dram in diarrhea.
PILLS OF COLOMBO AND TARTRATE OF POTASSA AND IRON.
Tartrate of Potassa and IronTwo Ounces.
Solid Extract of ColomboOne Ounce.
Make four grain pills. Dose—Two to four.
MIXTURE OF COLOMBO AND CASCARILLA.
Fluid Extract of Colombo
" CascarillaTwo Drams.
Tincture of Orange Peel " "
Syrup of CinnamonOne Ounce.
WaterSix Ounces.
Dose-One dram, every hour, in chronic diarrhea Berends.
COMPOUND PILLS OF COLOMBO.
Solid Extract of ColomboOne Dram.
" " Rhubarb
" ChamomileTwo Drams.
Oil of CarawayFive Drops.
Syrup of SaffronSufficient.
Make into four grain pills.
Dose—Four a day in mania, with amenorrhea.

# COLCHICUM AUTUMNALE.

## Colchicum.

Native of the temperate parts of Europe. The roots and sceds are afficinal.

D

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Colchicum is principally used in the various forms of gout and rheumatism, in which experience has abundantly proved it to be a highly valuable remedy. It is also recommended in inflammatory and febrile diseases, diseases of the heart, in various nervous complaints, as chorea, hysteria, and hypochondriasis, and chronic bronchial affections.

## PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extract	of	Colchicum	RootDos	e, 3	to	12 ]	Drops.
66	66	44	66	Seed"	5	to	15]	Drops.
Pills .		٠.,		1-2	Gra	in	each	1.

## TINCTURE OF COLCHICUM SEED.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	Twelve Ounces.
Dose—Ten drops to half dram.	

#### SYRUP OF COLCHICUM SEED.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounces.
Syrup	Fourteen Ounccs.
Dose-One-third to one dram.	

#### WINE OF COLCHICUM SEED.

Fluid ExtractThree Ounces.	
Sherry WineOne Pint.	
Oose—Thirty drops to half dram.	
hi."	

A Tincture, Syrup, and Wine, may be prepared from the Fluid Extract of Colchicum Root in the same way and administered in the like doses.

## COMPOUND TINCTURE OF COLCHICUM SEED.

Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
Aromatic Spirits of Ammonia	One Pint.
Dose-Ten to twenty drops.	

## TINCTURE OF COLCHICUM AND DIGITALIS.

Fluid Extract of Colchicum Seed	Half Dram.
" " Digitalis	Half Dram.
Nitric Ether	One Dram.
Diluted Alcohol	Three Drams.
Dose-Ten to fifteen drops.	

#### MIXTURE OF COLCHICUM.

Wine of Colchicum	One Ounce.
Fluid Extract of Opium	Half Dram.
Syrup	Two Ounces.
lose_Two to three drams.	

# CONIUM MACULATUM.

## Poison Hemlock.

Native of Europe and Asia, and is naturalized in many parts of the United States. The leaves and seeds are officinal.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Powerful narcotic. Anodyne, anti-spasmodic and deobstruent. Used in chronic enlargement of the liver, chronic rheumatism, syphilis, neuralgic affections, asthma, &c.

## PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract Dose, 5 to 20 Drops.
Solid Extract 4 1-2 to 11-2 Grains.
Pills1-4, 1-2 and 1 Grain.
Pills of Conium and Ipecac Grain each.

## TINCTURE OF CONIUM.

Diluted Alcohol One Pint.	Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
	Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
	Dose—Thirty drops to	

## INFUSION OF CONIUM.

Fluid Extract	ce.
WaterOne Pint.	
Used as a wash in cancerous and malignant wicers.	

# MIXTURE OF CONIUM AND POPPY.

Fluid E	xtrac	tof	Conium	Half Dram.
"	66	66	Poppy	Two Drams.
Syrun				Six Drams.
Water.				Seven Ounces

Dose-Half ounce, three or four times a day.

## PILLS OF CONIUM AND IPECAC.

Solid Extract of Conium Five Drams.

Powdered Ipecae One Drain.

Make into one grain pills. Dose—One to two at bed time, in pulmonary irritations, with rheumatic and other pains.

## PILLS OF CONIUM AND CALOMEL.

Mix well and form twenty pills. Dose-One three times a day in syphiloid diseases.

## OINTMENT OF CONIUM.

Solid Extract of Conium......One Ounce.

Lard.....Four Ounces.

As an application to scrofulous ulcers.

## CORNUS FLORIDA.

Boxwood. Degwood.

Indigenous, yet most abundant in the Middle States. The bark is the medicinal portion.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, astringent and stimulant. Its internal use increases the force and frequency of the pulse and elevates the temperature of the body. It has been successfully substituted for cinchona in the treatment of intermittents.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	ose,	1-2 to 2 Drams.
Solid Extract	66	5 to 10 Grains.
Cornin	66	I to 10 Grains.
Pills of Cornus and Cornin	66	2 Grains each

#### TINCTURE OF DOGWOOD.

Fluid Extract......Four Ounces.

Diluted Alcohol.....Twelve Ounces.

Dose—Two to four drams.

#### INFUSION OF DOGWOOD.

Dose—Two ounces every hour.

#### WINE OF DOGWOOD.

Fluid ExtractFive Out	ices.
Sherry WineTen Ou	ices.
Dose—One-and-a-half to three drams.	

#### SYRUP OF DOGWOOD.

	Fluid ExtractFour Ounces.
	SyrupOne Pint.
)	ose—Two to three drams.

## CORYDALIS FORMOSA.

# Turkey Corn.

The Corydalis is indigenous; found growing in rich soil, among rocks and old decayed timber, westward and south of New York to North Carolina. The root or tuber, which is a small round ball, is the officinal portion, and should be collected only while the plant is in flower.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

One of the best remedies in syphilitic affections; valuable in scrofula, and possesses tonic properties similar to the gentian, colombo, or other pure bitters. Its alterative powers render it of immense value. The Corydalin possesses all the alterative properties of the bulb in an eminent degree; will be found useful in all scrofulous and syphilitic affections, as well as in many cutaneous diseases.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	.Dose,	10 to	40 Drops.
Corydalin	11		1 Grain

### TINCTURE OF TURKEY CORN.

Fluid Extract	Thre	ee Ounces.	
Diluted Alcohol	One	Pint.	
Dosc-Half to two drams.			

#### COMPOUND SYRUP OF TURKEY CORN

Fluid	Extract	of	Turkey	Corn.	 	 Two Ounces.
4.6	46	4.6	Blue F	lag	 	 One Ounce.
Syrnp					 	 Eight Ounces.
	Inleto o					

affections.

Corydalin	Eight GrainsTen Grains.
Mix well, and divide into twelve powders.	An excellent alterative in
Corydalin	Two Grains.
Xanthoxylin	
Make into three powders. Used as an alterative	

## CROCUS SATIVUS.

# Saffron.

Saffron is a native of Greece and Asia Minor, and is much cultivated in some parts of Europe. The stigmas of the flower are the officinal parts of the plant.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Emmenagogue and diaphoretic. Has been of benefit in amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, chlorosis, hysteria, and in suppression of the menstrual discharge. It is a well known domestic remedy in promoting the eruption in exanthematous diseases. It imparts color and flavor to officinal tinctures.

-
PREPARATION.
Fluid Extract
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
TINCTURE OF SAFFRON.
Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.
Dose—Half to one dram.
INFUSION OF SAFFRON.
Fluid ExtractTwo Drams.
WaterTwo Pints.
Dose—Two to three ounces.
SYRUP OF SAFFRON.

Fluid Extract......Five Drams.

Alcohol......Two-and-a-half OzSyrup.....Twelve Ounces.

Dose-Half to one ounce.

## CROTON ELEUTERIA.

Cascarilla.

This shrub grows wild in the West Indies. The bark is officinal.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A pleasant and gentle aromatic and tonic; employed in dyspepsia, chronic diarrhea and dysentery, flatulent colic and other cases of debility of the stomach and bowels, and to arrest vomiting. Cascarilla counteracts the tendency of cinchona to produce nausea.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract
(Control of the Control of the Contr
TINCTURE OF CASCARILLA.
Fluid ExtractFive Ounces.
Diluted AlcoholTwo Pints.
Dose—One dram.
INFUSION OF CASCARILLA.
Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.
WaterOne Pint.
Dose—One to three drams.
ALKALINE INFUSION OF CASCARILLA.
Fluid Extract
Carbonate of PotassaTwo Drams.
WaterTen Ounces.
Dose—One dram, as an antacid and tonic.
COMPOUND WINE OF CASCARILLA.
Fluid Extract of CascarillaOne-and-a-half Oz
" " Orange PeelOne Ounce.
Essence of CinnamonTwo Drams.
White WineTwenty-seven Oz
Dose—Two ounces, four times a day.

# CUCUMIS COLOCYNTHIS.

Colocynth.

Native of Northern Africa. The fruit, deprived of its rind, is the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Colocynth is a powerful drastic, hydragogue cathartic, exciting inflammation of the mucous membranes of the intestines, causing severe griping, vomiting and bloody discharges. From its powerful and harsh action it is rarely used alone. It is principally useful in passive dropsy, in cerebral derangements, and for the purpose of overcoming torpid conditions of the biliary and digestive systems.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Solie	l Ex	tract of C	colocyntl	n	ose, 5 to	15 Grains.
66		"	6.6	Compound	" 2 to	30 "
				ınd	3 grs.	each.
¢¢.	6.6	46	44	and Hyoscyamus	3 "	"
"	66	"	and Blu	e Pill	3 "	66
	46		" Cal	lomel	3 "	"

#### PILLS OF COLOCYNTH AND BLUE MASS.

Blue Mass	Five	Grains.
Solid Ext. Colocyn	th CompoundFive	Grains.
Oil of Caraway	Two	Drops.
Take into two pills.	These constitute an active cath	artic.

### PILLS OF COLOCYNTH AND CALOMEL.

Solid Ext. Colocynth CompoundForty-eight Grains.
Mild Chloride of MercuryOne Scruple.
Divide into twenty pills. Two or three will generally act as a cathartic

#### FOTHERGILL'S PILLS.

Solid	Ext. Colocy	nth Compound	l	One-and-a-half Drams.
Oxide	of Antimon	у		. Half Dram.
Mix. and	divide into	thirty pills.		

#### PILLS OF COMPOUND EXTRACT OF COLOCYNTH.

	Solid Ext. Colocynth Compound	.One	Scruple.
	"	One-	and-a-half Scruples.
	Powder of Scammony Compound	Ten	Grains.
	Mild Chloride of Mercury	Ten	Grains.
	Tartrate of Antimony and Potash	.One	Grain.
	Soap	Five	Grains.
	Oil of Cinnamon	Four	Drops.
VI:	ix, and divide into fifteen pills. Dose-One,	two	or three, to be taken

Mix, and divide into fifteen pills. Dose—One, two or three, to be taken at bed time.

Dr. Meigs.

## COLOCYNTH AND HYOSCYAMUS.

Divide into three grain pills. Colocynth is deprived of its griping properties by combination with Extract of Hyoscyamus.

## CURCUMA LONGA.

## Turmeric.

Native of the East Indies and Cochin-China. The rhizoma is the officinal part.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Stimulant aromatic, touic, discussive and heating: used especially in the jaundice and the itch, also employed in debilitated states of the stomach, intermittent fever and dropsy.

#### PREPARATION.

#### TINGTURE OF TURMERIC.

Fluid Extract......Two Ounces.

Diluted Alcohol......Twelve Ounces.

Dose—One-and-a-half to two ounces.

# INFUSION OF TURMERIC.

Fluid Extract.....One Ounce.
Water.....Ten Ounces.

Dose-Two to four ounces

# CYPRIPEDIUM PUBESCENS.

# Ladies' Slipper.

This is an indigenous plant. The fibrous roots are the parts used in medicine.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, nervine, anti-spasmodic. Employed in nervous headache, nervous irritability and excitability, hysteria, neuralgia, morbid condition of the nervous system, &c.

PREPARATIONS
Fluid Extract
Solid Extract " 5 " 15 Grains.
Cypripedin " 2 " 4 Grains.
Pills " 2 Grains.
TINCTURE OF LADIES' SLIPPER. Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.
Dose—Half to one ounce.
Pose—nail to one ounce.
SYRUP OF LADIES' SLIPPER.
Fluid ExtractFour Ounces.
SyrupFourteen Ounces.
Dose—Two to four drains.
COMPOUND PILLS OF LADIES' SLIPPER.
Solid Extract of Ladies' SlipperTwelve Grains.
" " Hops
" " LettuceFour Grains.
Make into six pills. Dose—One to two.
COMPOUND MIXTURE OF LADIES' SLIPPER.
Fluid Extract of Ladies' SlipperOne Ounce.
" " Pleurisy Root"
" "Skunk Cabbage" "
" " Scullcap " "
Dose—Half to one dram three times a day.
To allay irritability or excitability of the nervous system, to relieve spasms,
and to produce sleep in restless, waking or excited condition.
MIXTURE OF LADIES' SLIPPER, CATNIP AND SCULLCAP.
Fluid extract of Ladies' Slipper
" " Catnip " "
" ", " Scullcap " "
WaterOne Pint.
Dose-One-and-a-half to three drams. For sick and nervous headache,
not dependent on acid stomach.

# DATURA STRAMONIUM.

Stramonium.

This is a well known poisonous weed, growing in all parts of the United States. Almost every part of the plant is possessed of medicinal properties, but the officinal parts are the leaves and seeds.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Narcotic, anti-spasmodic, anodyne, sedative. Employed in tetanus, mania, epilepsy, chorea, palsy, and various nervous affections. Effectual in many acute pains, as in those arising from chronic diseases, or acute uterine affections, &c.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	5 to 20 Drops.
Solid Extract "	1-2 to 1 Grain.
Pills1-2 and	d 1 Grain each

#### TINCTURE OF STRAMONIUM.

Fluid ExtractTwo Ounce	3.
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.	
lose-Half to one-and-a-half drams, and increase.	

#### WINE OF STRAMONIUM.

	Fluid Extract	.Two Ounces.
	Sherry Wine	.Eight Ounces
	Alcohol	
)	ose—Quarter to one dram.	•

#### PILLS OF STRAMONIUM.

Solid Extract
Then bathe the part affected with the following mixture:
Fluid Extract of Capsicum
Gum CamphorTen Grains.
Crude IodineTen Grains.
Diluted Alcohol

DEMEDY FOR NEURALGIA.—Half an hour before the expected attack, give the pill, and bathe the part until warmth is produced.

Hunton.

#### COMPOUND PILLS OF STRAMONIUM

Solid 1	Extrac	t of Stramonium	Four Grains.
	6:	" Hyoscyamus	Fifteen Grains.
			One Dram.
			One-and-a-half Grains.
Mix, and	divid	e into thirty pills.	

In all forms of chronic diseasos attended with acute pain, where opium is contra-indicated, this combination may be given with advantage.—H. Green.

matism.

#### COMPOUND PILLS OF STRAMONIUM.

Soli	d Ex	tract of	Stramoniu	m		Ten Grai	ns
66	•	66	Savin	• • • • • • • • • • • • •		Twenty-	ive Grains.
Pow	derca	Camph	or			One Dran	a.
	"	Seneka				Four Seri	iples.
Make	into	two-gra	ain pills.	Dose-Four.	three	times a day.	In rheu-

## DIGITALIS PURPUREA.

# Foxglove

Foxglove has a faint narcotic odour when dried, and a bitter, nauseous taste. It grows wild in the temperate parts of Europe, and in this country is cultivated both as an ornamental plant and for medicinal purposes. The leaves are the parts usually employed.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Is narcotic, sodative and diuretic; sometimes emetic and purgative. It is prescribed as a sodative in hypertrophy of the heart and in aneurism of the large vessels proceeding from it; in inflammatory diseases; in dropsy, on account of its great diuretic power; in hemorrhage, as a sedative. It possesses great power over the circulation, and is peculiar in its operation. It is one of those remedies which should never be administered without an accurate knowledge of their medicinal properties.

## PREPARATIONS.

TREFARATIONS.
Fluid Fxtract
Bills of Digitalin1-2 Grain each.
" Ext. Digitalis1-2 " "
"" " and Squill 2 " "
TINCTURE OF FOXGLOVE.
Fluid Extract
Dose—One-third to three-quarters of a dram, or forty-five to ninety drops.
INFUSION OF FOXGLOVE.

#### SYRUP OF FOXGLOVE.

Fluid	Extract					Two Ounces.
Syrup						Fourteen Ounces.
Dose-C	ne-third	to tw	o-third	s of a	drain.	

## MIXTURE OF TINCTURE OF FOXGLOVE.

Fluid Extract of Foxglove	Seven Minims.
" " Opium	Three Minims.
Diluted Alcohol	One Dram.
Distilled Water	Two Ounces.
Dose-One-and-a-half drams, two or three	times a day, in hæmatopsis
and incipient phthisis.	Ellis.

## MIXTURE OF FOXGLOVE AND ACETATE OF POTASSA.

Fluid Extra	act of I	Poxglove.	 	Forty Minims.
46 66	" (	pium	 	Three Minims.
				One Dram.
				One Diam.
				Four Ounces.
				,

Dose-One-and-a-half to three drams, three times a day.

# DIOSCOREA VILLOSA.

## Wild Yam.

This is a slender vine, twining over bushes and fences, in thickets and hedges; very common southward. The root is the officinal part.

## MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Anti-spasmodic. Successfully used in bilious colic. The dioscorein possesses the properties of the crude root, and is held to be as much a specific in bilious colic as quinia is in intermittent.

## PREPARATION.

# EPIGÆA REPENS.

# Trailing Arbutus.

The Arbutus grows in sandy woods and rocky soils, generally preferring the sides of hills, with a northern exposure. Its flowers exhale a rich, spicy fragrance, appearing in early spring. The leaves are the parts in use.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Diuretic and astringent. Is highly beneficial in gravel and all diseases of the urinary organs. It is prepared and administered in the same way with the uva ursi and buchu. It acts similarly, and has given relief in cases where these have failed.

#### PREPARATION.

#### INFUSION OF ARBUTUS

Fluid Extraet......One Ounee.

Water....One Pint.

Dose—Two to four ounces.

## ERGOTA.

## Ergot. The Diseased Seeds of Secale Cereale.

It is uncertain how far its peculiar medical properties may depend upon the morbid substance of the grain or on the fungous matter associated with it.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

The ergot operates with great energy upon the contractile property of the uterus. It has been given to promote the expulsion of the placenta, to restrain inordinate hemorrhages after delivery, and to hasten the discharge of the fœtus in protracted cases of abortion. It has been successful in pulmonary hemorrhage, after all the usual means had failed.

#### PREPARATIONS.

 Fluid Extract
 1-2 to 1 Dram.

 Pills
 1 Grain each.

#### TINCTURE OF ERGOT.

Fluid Extract......Four Ounces
Diluted Alcohol.....One Pint.

Dose-Two-and-a-half to five drams.

## INFUSION OF ERGOT.

TELL	13.0	OF	ED	0.5.1	r

Fluid Extract	Five Ounces.
Sherry Wine	One Pint.

Dose—Two to four drams in cases of labor; for other purposes, one to two drams.

### SYRUP OF ERGOT.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounces.	
Syrup	Fourteen Ounce	ъ.
Dose-Half to one ounce.		

### MIXTURE OF ERGOT.

Fluid Ex	ctract	of Erg	ot			One ]	Dram.
46	4.6	" Cub	ebs			One	Ounce.
Tincture	of C	innamo	n			Half	Dram.
Dose-Twe	enty t	o forty	drops in	gonorrhea	and	gleet.	Ryan.

# EUONYMUS ATROPURPUREUS.

# Wahoo.

A small shrub or bush, growing in woods and thickets, in many portions of the United States. The bark of the root, which has a bitter and somewhat unpleasant taste, is the officinal portion.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, laxative, alterative, diuretic and expectorant; successfully used in intermittents, dyspepsia, torpid state of the liver, constipation, dropsy, and pulmonary affections.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract		Dose,	1 to 2 Drams.
---------------	--	-------	---------------

# TINCTURE OF WAHOO.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	Twelvc Ounces
Dose-Half to one ounce.	

# SYRUP OF WAHOO.

Fluid Extract		 Two	Ounces.
Syrup		 One	Pint.
Syrup			
Dose-One to two ounces	•		

# EUPATORIUM PERFOLIATUM.

### Boneset.

Indigenous; abounding in most parts of the United States. The tops and leaves are the medicinal portions.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, diaphoretic, and in large doses, emetic and aperient. Used in colds, fevers, catarrhs, remittent and intermittent fevers, typhoid-pneumonia, dropsy, dyspepsia, and general debility. The *Eupurpurin*, from the *E. Purpureum*, is a most powerful diuretic. Used with excellent effect in all chronic urinary disorders.

PREPARATIONS
Fluid Extract.
TINCTURE OF BONESET.
Fluid Extract
INFUSION OF BONESET.
Fluid Extract
COMPOUND INFUSION OF BONESET.
Fluid Extract of Boneset
SYRUP OF BONESET.
Fluid ExtractFour Ounces.

Syrup ...... Ten Ounces.

Dose-Two to four drams.

EupurpurinThree Grains.
GeraniinTwo Grains.
Pulverized Nux VomicaOne-tenth Grain.
Divide into two powders. One may be given every four hours daily in
enal affections.

EupurpurinT	wo Scruples.
XanthoxylinOn	ne Scruple.
Strychnia0	

Make twenty powders. Dose—One, three or four times a day in suppression of the urine, torpor or paralysis of the kidneys or bladder, rheumatism, hepatic torpor, &c.

# GELSEMINUM SEMPERVIRENS.

# Yellow Jessamine.

The Yellow Jessamine abounds throughout the Southern States, and is extensively cultivated as an ornamental vine. The root is the officinal part.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is an excellent febrifuge; has proved efficacious in nervous and bilious headache, colds, pneumonia, hemorrhage, chorea, though it is in fevers especially in which its efficacy has been mostly observed. It is said to subdue in from two to twenty hours the most formidable and complicated as well as the most simple fevers incident to our country and climate, quieting all nervous irritability and excitement, equalizing the circulation, promoting perspiration, rectifying the secretions, without causing nausea, vamiting or purging, and is adapted to any stage of the disease. May be used in all forms of neuralgia, nervous headache, toothache, lockjaw or tetanus.

## PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	$\dots$ Dose,	3 to 20 Drops.
Gelsominin		1-2 to 2 Grains.

# TINCTURE OF YELLOW JESSAMINE.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
2 10.10	One Pint
Alcohol	

Dose-Fifteen to sixty drops, and increase.

# GENTIANA LUTEA.

# Gentian.

This plant grows among the Appenines, the Alps, the Pyrenees, and in other mountainous regions of Europe. The root, the only part used in medicine, is imported to this country from Germany. It is of the highest antiquity, and is said to have derived its name from Gentius, King of Illyria.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a valuable tonic, adapted to those cases requiring the use of pure or simple bitters. It excites the appetite, invigorates the powers of digestion, and may be used in all cases of disease dependent on pure debility of the digestive organs, or requiring a general tonic. It has proved useful in dyspepsia, gout, hysteria, scrofula, intermittent fever, diarrhea, and worms, but is rather applicable to the condition of the stomach and system generally, than to any specific disease.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extra	ct of (	Jentia	ın	 	ose,	1-2 to 1 Dram.
"	"	"	66	Compound	 	"	1-2 to 1 Dram.
Pills o	of Ext	. Gent	ian		 2	Gra	ins each.

#### TINCTURE OF GENTIAN.

Fluid E	xtract	 	 	 Four Ounce	s.
Diluted	Alcohol	 	 	 One Pint.	
. 4					

# Dose-Two-and-a-half to five drams.

### TINCTURE OF RHUBARB AND GENTIAN.

Fluid	Extrac	t of	Rhubarb	.Two Ounces.
			Gentian	
Dilute	ed Alcol	ol.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.Two Pints.

Dose-Half to two ounces.

#### SYRUP OF GENTIAN.

Fluid Extract	*************	Two Ounces.
Syrup		

Dose-Half to one ounce.

#### WINE OF GENTIAN.

Fluid	Extrac	t of Gentian	Half Ounce.
66		"Cinchona	One Ounce.
66	66	"Orange Pecl	Two Drams.
"	4.6	"Canella	One Dram.
Proof	Spirit		Four-and-a-half Oz.
Sherr	y Wine		Thirty-six Ounces.
		tter Dose-Half to one ounce.	

#### PILLS OF GENTIAN AND IRON.

Solid Extract of Gentian	1	Two Scruples.
Quevenne's Iron		One Scruple.
Divide into twenty pills.	Dose-One, three	times a day.

# PILLS OF GENTIAN AND SULPHATE OF IRON.

Sulphate of Iron		One Dram.	
Solid Extract of Genti	an	Sufficient.	
Divide into thirty pills.	One to be taken morning	, noon and night.	In
dvspepsia, &c.			

### GENTIAN COMPOUND.

Compounded of Gentian, Orange Peel, Cloves, Canella, Red Saunders.

# GERANIUM MACULATUM.

# Cranesbill.

This is an indigenous plant, growing in all parts of the United States, in open woods, and flowering from April to June. Tho root is officinal.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A powerful astringent. Used in chronic diarrhea, cholera infantum, hemorrhages, &c. Dr. Bigelow speaks of it as a powerful astringent. Very similar to kino and catechu, and a useful substitute for the more expensive articles. It forms an excellent local application as a gargle in sore throats and ulcerations of the mouth, and is adapted to the treatment of such discharges as continue from debility after the removal of their exciting causes. The absence of unpleasant taste, and all other offensive qualities, renders it peculiarly serviceable in the cases of infants, and of persons with very delicate stomachs.

Geraniin is a superior agent in the first and second stages of dysentery, diarrhea and cholera morbus. It forms an excellent application to bleeding wounds, and in epistaxis.

#### PREPARATIONS

Fluid Extract	Dose, 1-2 to 1 Drain.
Solid Extract	" 3 to 15 Grains.
Geraniin	" 1 to 5 Grains.
Pills of Geraniin	1 Grain each.
" "Fyt Garaning	

### TINCTURE OF CRANESBILL

Fluid Extract	 Two Ounces.

Dose-Two-and-a-half to four drains.

# INFUSION OF CRANESBILL.

Fluid Extract	 One Ounce.
Water	 One Pint.

Dose-One to two ounces.

#### COMPOUND INFUSION OF CRANESBILL.

Fluid	Extract	of	Cranesbill	.Half	Ounce.
44	44	44	Black Cohosh	.Half	44
44	44	"	Golden Seal	.Half	"
44	4.6	"	Witch Hazel	. Half	44
Water				Turo	Dinte

This forms an efficacious astringent wash in aphthous and other diseases of the mouth and throat, when unaccompanied with inflammation; it is also useful as an injection in leucorrhea, prolapsus ani, and prolapsus uteri.

J. K.

# SYRUP OF CRANESBILL.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounces.
Syrup	Fourteen Ounces.

'Dose-Four drams.

Geraniin	Ten	Grains
Dioscorein	"	66
Caulophyllin		44

Dose—Six grains to an adult every fifteen or twenty minutes, in diarrhea and cholera morbus, when much pain and flatulency are present.

# GILLENIA TRIFOLIATA.

# Indian Physic.

This is an indigenous plant, growing from Canada to Florida, east of the Alleghany mountains. The bark of the root is used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES

It is used the same as Ipecac, to which refer.

#### PREPARATION.

### TINCTURE OF GILLENIA.

### SYRUP OF GILLENIA.

Fluid Extract.....One Dram.

Syrup.....Seven Drams.

Dose—Quarter to half a dram.

# GOSSYPIUM HERBACEUM.

#### Cotton.

A native of tropical America. The long staple, including the varieties of sea-inland, black seed, grows best in the lower country, and the short or green seed, in the upper districts. The bark of the root is the active medicinal part.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Emmenagogue, parturient and abortive. It acts with as much efficiency and more safety than ergot. It operates without pain or gastric disturbance, producing no other effect than the excitation of the menstrual secretions, except perhaps some degree of anodyne influence. It is an excellent remedy in the treatment of chlorotic and anæmic females.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose, 4 Drams.

#### INFUSION OF COTTON.

Fluid Ext	ract	 	 Four Ounces.
Water		 	 One Pint.

Dose-Two-and-a-half to five ounces.

# HÆMATOXYLON CAMPECHIANUM.

# Logwood.

This tree, occasionally reaching forty or fifty feet in height, is a native of tropical America, and has become naturalized in many of the West India islands. The dingy, cherry-red inner wood is the part used in medicine and the arts.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is tonic and astringent, without any irritating properties. May be used with much advantage in diarrhea, dysentery and in the relaxed condition of the bowels succeeding cholera-infantum. In constitutions broken down by disease, dissipation, or the excessive use of mercury, the decoction of logwood, used freely in connection with other treatment, will be found highly beneficial.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid ExtractDose,	1-2 to 1 Dram.
	5 to 30 Grains.
Pills 2 Grain	ins each.

#### INFUSION OF LOGWOOD.

Fluid Extract	 Half Ounce.
Water	 One Pint.

Dose-Four drains every three or four hours in cholera and diarrhea.

Ellis.

#### MIXTURE OF LOGWOOD.

Fluid ExtractThree	Drams.
Tincture of CatechuTwo D	rams.

Water ......Seven Ounces.

Dose—Half ounce, once in two or three hours, in the advanced stage of diarrhea and dysentery.

### COMPOUND WINE OF LOGWOOD.

Fluid	Extract	of	Logwood	.Four	Ounces
**	**	44	Black Hellebore	. Four	Ounces.
					_

Sherry Wine......Three Pints.

Dose—Half to two ounces, three times a day. Cathartic, tonic and emmenagogue: useful in chlorosis, amenorrhea, and some forms of dysmenorrhea.

# HAMAMELIS VIRGINICA.

# Witch Hazel.

Named from its having fruit and flowers together on the same tree. It grows in most parts of the United States. The bark and leaves are the parts used in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Witch Hazel is tonic, astringent and sedative; used in hemoptysis, hematemesis, and other hemorrhages, as well as in diarrhea, dysentery, and excessive mucous discharges; in incipient phthisis in which it is supposed to possess an anodyne influence, also for sore mouth, painful tumors.

# PREPARATION.

Fluid	ExtractDose,	1	to 2 Dr	ams.
-------	--------------	---	---------	------

# INFUSION OF WITCH HAZEL.

Fluid ExtractOnc Ounce	
WaterOne Pint.	
Dose-Four drams every five minutes in cases of epistaxis.	

#### SYRUP OF WITCH HAZEL.

Fluid Extract	 Four Ounces.
Syrup	 $\ldots Twelve  Ounces.$
Dosc-One to two drams.	

#### WASH IN TINEA CAPITIS.

	Fluid	Extract	of	Witch Hazel		Ine Ounce.
ę	66	66	44	Myrica Cerifcra		ne Ounce.
	Sesqu	i-carbon:	ıte	of Potassa	F	ifteen Grains.
	Wate	r			E	light Ounces.

Wash the affected parts twice a day with a solution of castile soap, and after thoroughly drying them, apply the above lotion.

D. E. Smith.

# HELLEBORUS NIGER.

# Black Hellebore.

A native of the mountainous regions of southern and temperate Europe, entirely distinct from the Hellebore of the ancients. The fibres of the roots are the portions usually recommended for medicinal usc.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a drastic hydragogue cathartic, possessed of emmenagogue powers; occasionally found useful in chlorosis, amenorrhea, &c.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid ExtractDose, 10	to 20 Drops.
Solid Extract	to 5 Grains.
Pills 1 Grain	

# TINCTURE OF BLACK HELLEBORE.

Fluid Extract.		 Two Ounces.
Diluted Alcoho	1	 One Pint.
Dose—Thirty dro	ns to one dram.	

### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF BLACK HELLEBORE,

	-		
Tincture	of	Black Hellebore	Ounce.
"	44	MyrrhOne	Ounce.
44	"	Spanish FliesTwo	Drams.

Dose-Thirty drops three times a day as an emmenagogue.

# COMPOUND WINE OF BLACK HELLEBORE.

Fluid	Extract	of	Black HelleboreOne Ounce.
"	"	"	WormwoodTwo Ounces.
3372:40	337in a		Four Pinto

Dose-Half to one dram.

Brunner.

### COMPOUND PILLS OF BLACK HELLEBORE.

Solid Extract of Black Hellebore	$\dots$ <b>F</b> ive Grains
Calomel	
Powdered Ipecac	Three "
Syrup of Ginger	Sufficient.

Mix, and make four pills. Two to be taken every four hours till a full purgation is caused.

Ainslie.

### OINTMENT OF BLACK HELLEBORE.

Solid Extract of Black Hellebore	One Dram.
Lard	One Ounce.

Application for obstinate herpetic eruptions.

Soubieran.

# HELONIAS DIOICA.

# False Unicorn.

This plant is indigenous to the United States, abundant in some of the Western States, growing in woodlands, meadows, and moist situations. The root is the part used in medicine.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, diuretic and vermifuge. Beneficial in colic and in atony of the generative organs. It acts as a uterine tonic in leucorrhea, amenorrhea, and to remove the tendency to repeated and successive miscarriages.

PREPARATIONS.								
Fluid Extract								
Helonin " 1-2 to 1 Grain.								

# HEPATICA AMERICANA.

# Liverwort.

An indigenous plant, growing in woods, upon the sides of hills and mountains. The leaves resist the cold of winter, and the flowers appear early in the spring. The whole plant is used.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Liverwort is a very mild, demulcent tonic and astringent, supposed by some to possess diurctic and deobstruent virtues. It has been used in fevers, hepatic complaints, hemoptysis, coughs, &c.

PREPARATION.
Fluid Extract
INFUSION OF LIVERWORT.
Fluid ExtractFour Ounces.
WaterOne Pint.
To be taken ad libitum.
SYRUP OF LIVERWORT.
TI . O

Dose-Two to three ounces.

# HUMULUS LUPULUS.

# Hop.

The Hop is a native of North America and Europe. The part of the plant used, as well in the preparation of malt liquors as in medicine, is the fruit or strobiles.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Hops are tonic and moderately narcotic, and have been recommended in diseases of local and general debility, associated with morbid v. gilance, or other nervous derangement. Useful in dyspepsia and the nervous tremors, wakefulness, and delirium of drunkards. The Lupulin is a powerful antaphrodisiac, composer of the genital organs, and quieter of painful elections. In a large number of cases of painful elections, dependent upon gon orrhea, lupulin quieted the erethisms in four-fifths.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract
Solid Extract " 5 to 20 Grains.
Lupulin
Luputini
TINCTURE OF HOPS.
Fad ExtractFive Ounces.
Diluted AlcoholTwo Pints.
Dose—Three to six drams.
INFUSION OF HOPS.
Fluid ExtractFour Drams.
WaterOne Pint.
Dose—Two to four ounces.
<del></del>
MIXTURE OF HOPS.
Fluid Extract of HopsSix-and-a-half Drams.
" " Orange PeelOne Dram.
SyrupEight Drams.
· ·
AlcoholEight Drams.
WaterSeven Ounces.
Dose—Four drams.
TINCTURE OF LUPULIN.
Lupulin Four Ounces.
AlcoholTwo Pints.

Macerate for fourteen days, and filter through paper. Dose-One to two drams, in mucilage or sweetened water.

Fifteen to thirty grains of Lupulin, triturated with white sugar, has been found extremely efficacious in priapism, chordee, and spermatorrhea, acting as an anaphrodisiac.

M. Debout.

# HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS.

Hydrangea.

The Hydrangea grows abundantly in the Southern, Middle and Western States. The root is the officinal part.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES

This plant was introduced to the medical profession by Dr. S. W. Butler, of Burlington, N. J., as a remedy for the removal of calculus or stony deposits in the bladder, and for relieving the excruciating pain attendant on the passage of a calculus through the urethra. The power of curing stone in the bladder is not claimed for it; it is only while the deposits are small, when in that form of the disease known as gravel, that it is an efficient remedy; then by removing the nucleus, which if allowed to remain in the organ would increase in size and form stone, the disease is averted. Employed at this stage it is said to have proved beneficial in every instance; and as many as one hundred and twenty calculi have been known to come from one person under the use of this remedy. The effect, says Dr. Butler, is to remove, by its own specific action on the bladder, such deposits as may be contained in that viscus, provided they are small enough to pass through the urethra.

PREPARATION.

# HYDRASTIS CANADENSIS.

Golden Scal.

The Hydrastis is found in different parts of the United States and Canadas, though it is most abundant west of the Alleghanies. The root is the officinal part

6

D

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Used in dyspepsia, chronic affections of the nervous coats of the stomach, erysipelas, remittent, intermittent and typhoid fevers, torpor of the liver, and where tonics are required. In combination with Geranium it forms an efficient remedy in chronic diarrhea and dysentery.

The Hydrastin is a tonic, with an especial action on diseased mucous tis sues, and particularly beneficial during convalescence from exhausting diseases.

#### PREPARATIONS.

I ILLI ARALIONS.											
Fluid Extract	ose,	1-2 to 2 Drams									
Solid Extract	66	2 to 5 Grains.									
Hydrastin (Resinoid)		1-2 to 5 "									
Hydrastin (Neutral)	44	2 to 6 "									
Hydrastina (Alkaloid)											
Pills of Hydrastin (Neutral)1											
" "Hydrastina1	44	66									

### TINCTURE OF GOLDEN SEAL.

	Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
	Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
D	Oose-Half to one-and-a-half ounces.	

### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF GOLDEN SEAL

Fluid Extract of Golden Seal	
" " LobeliaTwo Ounces.	
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.	
Oose—One to two-and-a-half drams.	

## LOTION OF GOLDEN SEAL AND ACONITE.

Fluid	Extract	of	Golden SealFour Drams.
66	"	44	Aconite
Water			Four Ounces

# COMPOUND INFUSION OF GOLDEN SEAL.

Fluid	Extra	ct of (	Golden	Seal	 	 	Half (	Junce.	
61	66	" I	Blue Co	hosh	 	 	66	46	
64	"	" 7	Witch I	Iazel	 	 	"	66	
Pulve	rized A	Llum.			 	 !	One I	ram.	
Honey	7				 	 	Three	Drams	
Water					 	 	One P	int.	

Valuable as a wash or gargle in various forms of sore mouth and ulcerated sore throat.

HydrastinF	our	Grains.
Myricin	66	er.
Xanthoxylin	66	44
ake into two-grain powders. Efficacious in jaundic		

M

Hydrastin	 	.Six	Grains
Caulophyilin	 		66
Leptandrin			66

Make into three-grain powders. Excellent in apthæ and ulcerations of the mouth and throat, especially in adults.

Hydrastin	Twenty Grains.
Leptandrin	Ten
Podophyllin	Two-and-a-half Grains.
Sugar of Milk	One Drain.

Mix well, and divide into twenty powders. One to be given every two hours. Acts not only as an efficient hepatic stimulant, but also as a tonic to the enfeebled mucous membrane in epidemic dysentery. Prettyman.

# HYOSCYAMUS NIGER.

### Henbane

Rare in this country, but grows abundantly in Great Britain and the continent of Europe. All the parts are active. The U.S. Pharmacopeia recognizes the seeds and leaves. The root is said to be much more poisonous in the second year than in the first.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It ranks among the narcotics. It accelerates the circulation, increases the general warmth, occasions a sense of heat in the throat, and after a short period induces sleep. It does not constipate like opium, but often proves laxative. It is most frequently applied in neuralgic and spasmodic affections, rheumatism, gout, hysteria and various pectoral diseases, such as catarrh, pertussis, asthma, phthisis, &c.

# 

Solid Extract		1-2 to I Gram.
Hyoscyamin	6.6	1-8 to1-2 "
Pills of Ext. Hyoscyamus1-4	1-2	and 1 Grain each.
Pills of Ext. Hyoscyalnus	, 1-~	and I orain caom

	F HYOSCYAMUS.	
Fluid Extract	Four Ounce	33.
Diluted Alcohol	Two Pints	

Dose-Half to one-and-a-half drams.

### INFUSION OF HYOSCYAMUS.

Fluid ExtractHalf Ounc	e.
WaterOne Pint.	
As a lotion.	Ellis.

# COMPOUND PILLS OF HYOSCYAMUS.

Solid	Extract	of	HyoscyamusTw	o Drams.
			Valerian	
			AconiteOne	
Sulph	ate of G	uiı	nia., "	"

Mix, and divide into thre grain pills. Dose-One pill every two or three hours. Very advantageous in neuralgia, rheumatism, chorea, dysmenorrhea and affections of a similar character.

# PILLS OF HENBANE, OPIUM, AND CONIEM.

Solid	Extract	of	HyoscyamusTen Gr	ains.
66	66	"	OpiumFour	66
11	66	66	ConjumFifteen	66

Make twenty pills. One to be taken every night when an anodyne is required.

# PILLS OF HENBANF AND IPECAC.

Solid Extract of Hyoscyamus..... Ten Grains. Powdered Ipecac.....Five Grains.

Make into ten pills. Dose-One, every hour, or until relief is procured, watching the effect. In flatulence and irritability of the bowels.

### PILLS OF HENBANE AND IRON.

Solid Extract of Hyoscyamus......One-and-a-half Scruples. Valerianate of Iron.....One Dram.

Mix, and divide into twenty pills. Dose-One, three times a day.

Of advantage in all the neuralgic affections of anæmic and debilitated H. Green. females.

# IPOMÆA JALAPA.

# Jalap.

The Jalap plant is a native of Mexico, and derives its name from Xalapa, in the neighborhood of which it grows, 6000 feet above the level of the ocean. The tuber is the part used in medicine.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is an active cathartic, operating briskly, and sometimes painfully upon the bowels, producing copious and watery stools. It is advantageously employed in dropsy, in the treatment of hip disease, and scrofulous affections of the other joints.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract			
Solid Extract	 	" 3	to 8 Grains.
Jalapin	 	" 1	to 2 Grains.
Pills of Ext. Jalap	 1	Grain	each.
Pills of Jalapin	 1	46	46

### TINCTURE OF JALAP.

Fluid Extract	Six Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	.Three Pints.
One to two and a half drains	

# COMPOUND PILLS OF JALAP.

Solid Extract of Jalap	
Bitartrate of Potash	Onc Ounce.
Make into fifty pills. A hydrogogue	
worms, and several forms of dropsy.	

# MIXTURE OF JALAP AND CREAM OF TARTAR.

Solid Extract of Jalap	One Dram.
Cream of Tartar	Six Drams.
Make into thirty pills. Dose, three eve	ry three hours, as a hydrogogae
purgătive.	

# GRIFFITH'S CATHARTIC PILLS.

			~ ~ .
Call	Fretract	of	JalapSeven Grains.
20110	Extract	OA	Data Printer
4.6	66	44	RhubarbSix Grains

Soap	Half Dram.
Mild Chloride of Mercury	
Tartrate of Antimony and Potassa	.One-and-a-half Grains.
Distilled Water	Sufficient.

Divide into twenty-five pills, two of which may be taken at once, and repeated in two hours, if necessary.

# IRIS FLORENTINA.

Orris.

A native of the southern parts of Europe.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Possesses cathartic properties, and, in large doses, acts as an emetic Chiefly used in compounds, on account of the agreeable odor it imparts.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract-To be used in compounds, at discretion.

# IRIS VERSICOLOR.

Blue Flag.

The Blue Flag is found in most parts of the United States, flourishing in low, wet places, bearing large and beautiful flowers. The root is the medicinal portion.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A potent remedy in dropsy, scrofula, hepatic, renal and splenitic affections. It acts more particularly on the glandular system, and in large doses it evacuates and exhausts the system, acting on the liver, and the alimentary canal throughout, fulfilling most of the indications of mercury. The *Iridin* is extensively used in chronic visceral affections, diseases of the genital organs, rheumatism and dropsy, being also an effective sialogogue in those cases of glandular diseases which seem to resist the action of other means.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	
Solid Extract	
Iridin " 1-2 to 5 Grains.	
Pills of Ext. Iris Versicol Grain each.	
" Iridin1-2 and 1 Grain each.	

TINCTURE OF BLUE FLAG. Fluid Extract
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.
Dose-One to three drams.
SYRUP OF BLUE FLAG.
Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.
SyrupFourteen Ounces.
Dose—One-and-a-half to four drams.
Dose—One-and-a-nail to four drams.
COMPOUND TINCTURE OF BLUE FLAG.
Fluid Extract of Blue Flag One Dram. " " Mandrake Half Dram.
Powdered Nux VomicaTwo Drams.
Diluted Alcohol
Dose-Ten to twenty drops in water, two or three times a day.
2000 2011 to thirdly displaced the second se
IridinThree Grains.
LeptandrinSix "
Bitartrate of Potassa
This forms an excellent hydragogue cathartic powder of much value in
ome forms of dropsy.
one terms of arophy.
IridinThree Grains.
Podophyllin
Xanthoxylin

# JUGLANS CINEREA.

To be given in grain doses every hour or two. A valuable sialogoque.

### Butternut.

The Butternut grows in Upper and Lower Canada, and throughout the whole northern, eastern and western sections of the United States.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A mild cathartic. Very efficacious in habitual constipation, dysentery, and other affections of the bowels. It evacuates without debilitating the alimentary canal. It is much employed as a domestic remedy in intermittent and remittent fevers, as well as in other diseases attended with congestion of the abdominal viscera. The juglandin answers an admirable purpose as a laxative and cathartic.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	e, 1	to 2 Drams.
Solid Extract "	5	to 20 Grains.
Juglandin"	1	to 5 Grains.

# PILLS OF BUTTERNUT AND JALAP.

Solid	Fxtract	of	Butternut	One-and-a-quarter Drams.
			Jalap	
Soan				

Mix, and divide into fifteen pills. Three or four at a dose, and more if these do not operate.

Ellis.

# JUNIPERUS SABINA.

# Savin.

The tops of the plant are officinal. It is a native of the Levant and south of Europe, and is said to grow wild in the neighborhood of our N. W. Lakes

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is highly stimulant, increasing most of the secretions, especially those of the skin and uterus, to the latter of which organs it seems to have a peculiar direction; though in cases of pregnancy must be used with caution. Useful in complaints of the kidney, suppression of urine and suppressed menstruation.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	 	 . Dose,	10	to	30	Drops.
Solid Extract	 	 . "	1	to	5	Grains.
Pills	 	 1 Grai	in	eac	h.	

# TINCTURE OF SAVIN.

Fluid E	xtract	 	Four Ounces
Diluted	Alcohol	 	One Pint.

Dose-Half to one-and-a-half drams.

# INFUSION OF SAVIN.

Fluid Extract	Two Drams.
Water	Eight Ounces.

Dose-Half to one ounce.

#### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF SAVIN.

Fluid	Extract	of Savin	Four Ounces.
44	"	" Ergot	One Ounce.
		"Water Pepper	
		"Blue Cohosh	
Dilute	ed Alcoh	ol	Twelve Ounces.
Dose-C	ne dram	, three or four times a day.	

# MIXTURE OF SAVIN AND GINGER.

Fluid Extract of Savin	ım.
" " GingerOne Dra	m.
Sulphate of Potassa Two Dra	uns.
ose—Half dram, twice a day in amenorrihea.	Ellis.

# KRAMERIA TRIANDRA.

# Rhatany.

This species is a native of Peru, usually growing on the sides of mountains, and flowering throughout the year. It was long known to the natives as a powerful astringent, previous to its discovery in 1780 by Ruiz.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a powerful astringent, with tonic proporties. Used internally with advantage in menorrhagia, hematemesis, passive hemorrhages, chronic diarrhea, leucorrhea, chronic mucous discharges and incontinence of urine; also as a local application in prolapsus ani, fissure of the anus and leucorrhes.

# PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	ose,	1-2 to 1 Dram.
	66	5 to 20 Grains.
Solid Extract	a	
Pills1	Grai	n eacn.

# TINCTURE OF RHATANY.

Fluid Extract		nces.
Diluted Alcohol	Two Pi	ints.
Three to six drams.		

# INFUSION OF RHATANY.

The Extract	Two Ounces.
Fluid Extract	One Pint.
Water	One Pint.
Dose-Half to one ounce.	

### SYRUP OF RHATANY.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Syrup	Twelve Ounces.
lose_Two to four drams	

### MIXTURE OF RHATANY AND POPPY.

Fluid Extract of Rhatany	One Dram.
" " Poppy	Two Drams.
Rose Water	Two Ounces.
Syrun	Two Ounces.

Dose—One to two drams, in passive hemorrhages and chronic dysentery  ${\it Fouquier.}$ 

# LACTUCA SATIVA.

# Lettuce.

The milky juice of the garden lettuce possesses medicinal, as well as sensible properties. This juice is more abundant in the wild than in the cultivated plants.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Is usually given to quiet nervous irritability and allay cough. It may be given when opium is indicated, but cannot be given from idiosyncracy of the patient. It does not produce that disturbance of the functions which usually follows opium.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	Dose, 1-2 to 2 Drams.
Solid Extract	" 2 to 5 Grains.
Pills	2 Grains each.

### SYRUP OF LETTUCE.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounce	es.
Syrup	Fourteen O	unces.
Dose-Half to two ounces.		

### COMPOUND SYRUP OF POPPY AND LETTUCE.

Fluid	Extrac	et of	Lettuce	Two Ounces.
"	"	٤٤	Рорру	Four Ounces.
Syrup				Ten Ounces.
Dose-H	Half to	one	Iram.	

#### MIXTURE OF LETTUCE AND FOXGLOVE.

Fluid Extract of Lettuce	Four Drams.
" " Foxglove	Thirty-two Drops
Cinnamon Water	
Dose-Thirty to fifty drops.	

# LAPPA MINOR.

# Burdock.

Native of Europe, and abundant in the United States. The root is used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Useful in scorbutic, syphilitic, scrofulous, gouty, leprous and nephritic diseases. To prove effectual, its use must be persevered in for a long time. As an ointment, it has been employed with advantage in cutaneous diseases and obstinate ulcers.

PREPARATIONS.

# Solid Extract ...... " 5 to 20 Grains. Pills ...... Grains each. TINCTURE OF BURDOCK. Diluted Alcohol .....One Pint. Dose-One ounce. INFUSION OF BURDOCK. Fluid Extract.....One Ounce. Dose-Two to four ounces. SYRUP OF BURDOCK. Fluid Extract .....Four Ounces. Syrup......Twelve Ounces. Dosc-Half to one ounce. COMPOUND SYRUP OF BURDOCK. Fluid Extract of Burdock......One Ounce.

" Yellow Dock....."
" Dandelion...."

Fluid Extract of	Sarsaparilla	.One Ounce.
	Sassafras	To flavor.
Syrup		.Two Pints.
ose_Half to one	and-a-half ounces	

# LAURUS SASSAFRAS.

# Sassafras.

The Sassafras is common throughout the United States. The root is directed by the British Pharmacopeias; the bark of the root and the pith of the twigs and extreme branches, by that of the U.S.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Stimulant, and perhaps diaphoretic. It is used mainly as an adjuvant to other medicines, the flavor of which it improves. It has been particularly recommended in chronic rheumatism, cutaneous eruptions, scorbutic and syphiloid affections.

#### PREPARATION.

# TINCTURE OF SASSAFRAS.

Fluid Extract	 	Three Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	 	Seven Ounces.
Dose-One ounce.		

# INFUSION OF SASSAFRAS.

	Fluid Extract	Two Ou	inces.
	Water	One Pir	at.
D	Prink ad libitum.		

# LEONTICE THALICTROIDES.

# Blue Cohosh.

A perennial plant, growing all over the United States, in low, moist, rich grounds. The officinal part is the root.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Possessed of diuretic, diaphoretic and anthelmintic properties; is a valuable agent in all chronic uterino diseases; appears to exert an especial

influence upon the uterus, has been successfully employed in rhoumatism, dropsy, colic, hiccough, epilepsy, uterine leucorrhea, amenorrhea, &c. In decoction, blue cohosh is preferable to ergot in expediting delivery, in all those cases where the delay is owing to debility, or want of uterine nervous energy, or is the result of fatigue.

# PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	Dose,	15 to 40 Drops.
Solid Extract	"	1 to 5 Grains.
Caulophyllin	16	1-4 to 4 Grains.
Pills	2 Gra	ins each.

# TINCTURE OF BLUE COHOSH.

Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
Dosc-Half to one dram.	

#### INFUSION OF BLUE COHOSH.

Fluid	Extract	One Ounce.
Water	r	One Pint.
ose	I'wo to four ounces.	

# SYRUP OF BLUE COHOSH.

	Fluid Extract	Two Ou	nces.
	Syrup	Fourteer	Ounces.
`	one One to one and a half drams		

#### GARGLE OF BLUE COHOSH.

Fluid 1	Extrac	et of Blue C	ohosh.	 	 . One	Junce.
66	66	" Golden	Seal.	 	 .One	66
Water				 	 .Eigh	t Ounces
		sh for aptho				

### MIXTURE OF BLUE COHOSH.

Fluid	Extract	of	Blue Cohosh	.Two	Ounces.
66	66	44	Ergot	One	Ounce.
			Water Pepper		
			Sarrin		

Dosc—Twenty to forty drops, two or three times a day. An emmenagogue tineture, useful in amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, and other uterine affections.

CaulophyllinTwelve	Grains.
CimicifuginTwelve	66
Carbonate of Ammonia	

Dose—Six grains. Valuable in the unhealthy condition of the uterus and appendages, and as an anti-spasinodic in epilepsy, rheumatism, hysteria, and dropsy.

Caulophyllin	Ton Grains.
Dioscorein	
loseThree to six grains in hilious colic and	

Caulophyllin	Twelve	Grains.
Podophyllin		66
Muriate of Ammonia		"

Dose—Three to five grains. Excellent in nephritic diseases, accompanied with pains of a spasmodic character.

# LEONURUS CARDIACA.

Motherwort.

Supposed to be a native of Tartary. The whole plant is officinal.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Recommended in nervous complaints, in irritable habits, delirium tremens, in all chronic diseases attended with restlessness, wakefulness, disturbed sleep, spinal irritation, neuralgic pains, and in liver affections.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Solid Extract	o 6 Grains.
Pills 2 Grains	each.

# COMPOUND PILLS OF MOTHERWORT.

Solid Extrac	of Motherwort	.Two Drams.
ee 66	" Unicorn Root	.Two Drams.
Leptandrin.	•••••	.One Dram.
Cimicifugin .	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.One Dram.

Mix, and divide into sixty pills.

Dose—One, every one, two or three hours, according to the case. These pills act as a uterine tonic and alterative.

J. K.

# LEPTANDRA VIRGINICA.

# Culver's Root.

This plant grows throughout the United States, in limestone countries, and flowers in July and August. The root is the officinal part.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, cholagogue and laxative; is employed in hepatic affections, as it acts upon the liver with energy and without active catharsis; in bilious and typhoid fivers as a laxative and tonic, and in dyspepsia, diarrhea and dysentery.

I'he Leptandrin may be safely and efficaciously employed in the treatment of diarrhea, cholera infantum, some forms of dyspepsia, typhoid fever, and all diseases connected with biliary derangements.

## PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	e, 1-3 to 1 Dram.
Leptandrin	' 1-4 to 1 Grain in acute cases.
(C	1 to 2 Grains in chronic cases.
Pills of Leptandrin	

#### TINCTURE OF LEPTANDRA.

Fluid E	Extract	Two Ounces.
Diluted	Alcohol	One Pint.
Dose—Ha	alf to one ounce.	

# SYRUP OF LEPTANDRA.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Syrup	Eight Ounces.
Dose-One-and-a-half to three drams.	

# COMPOUND PILLS OF LEPTANDRIN.

Leptandrin		One Dram.
Podophyllin.		
Solid Ext. Bl	harb	Sufficient.

Mix, and divide into sixty pills Dose—One to two pills once or twice a day. Valuable hydragogue. Beneficial in liver affections, obstinate constipation, or whenever catharsis is required.

M

#### MIXTURE OF LEPTANDRIN

Leptandrin	Six Grains.
Quinia	Three Grains
Camphor	One-and-a-half Grains.
Powdered Ipecac	Three-quarters Grain.

Divide into twelve powders. One may be given every two or three hours, and used for several days. Excellent in cholera infantum.

Charcoal	One Dram.
Leptandrin	Three Grains.
ake twelve powders.	Dose-One every two or three hours.

# LIATRIS SPICATA

# Button Snakeroot.

This and the L. Squarrosa and L. Scariosa are splendid native plants. The roots are the officinal parts.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Diuretic, tonic, stimulant and emmenagogue. The infusion is efficacious in gleet, genorrhea and nephritic diseases; also in scrofula, dysmenorrhea, amenorrhea, after-pains, &c. Of advantage also as a gargle in sore throat.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid ExtractDose,	1	to 2 Dra	ms
Liatrin	4	to S Gra	ins

### INFUSION OF LIATRIS.

Fluid Extract			
Water	 	One	Pint
Dose-Two to four ounces.			

# MIXTURE OF LIATRIS.

Fluid	Extrac	t of	Liztrison	e Ounce
44	"	66	Lycopus Virginicus	"
44	"	66	Aletris Farinosa	66
Dose(	One to t	hree	drams.	
Benefici	al in B	righ	t's disease.	

W. Procter

# LOBELIA INFLATA.

# Lobelia.

The Lobelia is a common weed, growing on the road sides and in neglected fields throughout the United States. The plant was named in honor of Matthias de Lobel, physician and botanist to James I. All its parts are officinal, though the root and inflated capsules are most powerful.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Lobelia is emetic, and in small doses, diaphoretic and expectorant. It is of especial advantage in spasmodic asthma, and is used in catarrh, croup, pertussis, and other laryngeal and pectoral affections. In cases where relaxation is required, either to subdue spasm or otherwise, lobelia will be found to be a valuable article.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract of Lobelia
1 Drain.  Lobelin
TINCTURE OF LOBELIA.
Fluid Extract
INFUSION OF LOBELIA  Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.  WaterOne Pint.  Dose—An ounce every half hour till vomiting ensues. Ellis.
SYRUP OF LOBELIA.
Fluid Extract
VINEGAR OF LOBELIA.
Fluid Extract

Dosc--Two drams. 7

#### MIXTURE FOR CHRONIC COUGH.

.Fluid 1	Extra	ct of Squill	
		"Lobelia	
2.5	**	" Opium	
			Two Ounces.
Dilute	d Ald	cohol	One-and-a-half Oz.
Dose-H	alf d	ram.	

#### LOBELIA MIXTURE.

Tincture of Lobelia
" Bloodroot
Oil of Spearmint
Empyreumatic SyrupFive Ounces.

Dose-Half dram every two hours.

Of magical efficacy in all cases where an expectorant and sudorific are indicated; in catarrhal affections, spasmodic croup, pertussis, asthma, and in subduing mucous inflammation about the throat and air passages.

Boston Med. Journal.

# LOBELIA COMPOUND.

Compounded of Lobelia, Bloodroot, Skunk Cabbage.

# LYCOPUS VIRGINICUS.

# ${\it Bugle-weed.}$

This plant grows in shady and wet places throughout the greater part of the United States. The whole herb is used.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A mild narcotic, sedative, sub-astringent, styptic. A valuable remedy for hemorrhage from the lungs, incipient phthisis, pneumonia; useful in quieting irritation and allaying cough; it appears to act like digitalis in abating the frequency of the pulse, but is far less active; allays nervous and internal excitement, and is useful for internal hemorrhages. A slight tonic, and taken warm, a good diaphoretic.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	Dose, 1	to 2 Drams.
---------------	---------	-------------

## INFUSION OF BUGLE.

Fluid Extract	 	.One Ounce
Water	 • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	.One Pint.
Dose-Two to four		

#### SYRUP OF BUGLE.

Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
Syrup	Twelve Ounces.
Dose-One to two ounces.	

# MARRUBIUM VULGARE.

# Horehound.

The plant has been naturalized in this country from Europe; has a strong, agreeable odor, which is diminished by drying, and is lost by keeping. The whole herb is officinal.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, aperient, pectoral and sudorific. Is largely employed in domestic practice in colds, asthma, catarrh, and other chronic affections of the lungs, attended with coughs and copious expectoration.

# PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	to 1 Dram.
Solid Extract " 5 to	o 10 Grains
Pills 2 Grains	each.

### TINCTURE OF HOREHOUND.

Fluid Extract	 	Two Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol		
Dose-Half to one ounce.		

# SYRUP OF HOREHOUND.

Fluid Extract	Three Ounces.
Syrup	One Pint.
Three to six drame	

# MENTHA PIPERITA.

# Peppermint.

A native of England, where it is largely cultivated for the sake of its oil. The whole herb is officinal.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES

It is a powerful diffusive stimulant, anti-spasmodic, carminature and stomachic. Used in flatulent colic, hysteria, spasms, or cramps in the stomach; to allay the griping of cathartics; to check nausea and vomiting, and to disguise the unpleasant taste of other medicines.

### PREPARATION.

# INFUSION OF PEPPERMINT.

# MENTHA VIRIDIS.

# Spearmint.

This species is a native of Europe, but is extensively cultivated in this country for domestic use and for the sake of its oil. The whole plant is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Like the last, it is carminative, anti-spasmodio, and stimulant. It is mainly used as a diuretic and febrifuge. The tincture has been found serviceable in generihea, strangury, gravel, &c.

### PREPARATION

### TINCTURE OF SPEARMINT

# INFUSION OF SPEAKMINT.

Dose—Two to four ounces. As a febrifuge in warm infusion, and in cold infusion beneficial in high color or scalding of urine, difficult micturition, &c.

# MYRICA CERILERA.

# Bayberry.

Found in damp places in many parts of the United States; is very abundant in New Jersey. The bark of the root is officinal.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Astringent and stimulant, and in large doses is apt to occasion emesis. Successfully employed in scrofula, jaundice, diarrhea, dysentery, and other diseases where an astringent stimulant is indicated. Beneficial as a gargle in sore mouth and throat.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	ose,	1 to 2 Drains.
Myricin	"	2 to 10 Grains.

#### INFUSION OF BAYBERRY.

Fluid ExtractTwo Oun	ces.
WaterTen Ounc	ces.
lose—Three-quarters to oue-and-a-half ounces	

#### TINCTURE OF BAYBERRY.

Fluid Extract		Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol		Twelve Ounces.
Dose-Half to one	ounce.	

# NEPETA CATARIA.

# Catnip.

Catnip is a native of Europe, and is widely naturalized in this country. The names of this plant, in all languages, indicate the fondness of the cats for it, upon whom it is said to exert an approximate influence. The tops and leaves are officinal.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Carminative and diaphoretic in warm infusion. Used in febrile discases, in flatulent colic, nervous headache, hysteria and nervous irritability.

#### PREPARATION.

The A. T. Submost	 Dose 9	to 4 Drains.
Fluid Extract	 . Dose, 4	to 4 Diams.

#### INFUSION OF CATNIP.

Fluid Extract	Four O	unces.
	One Pir	
Dose-Two to four ounces.		

#### MIXTURE OF CATNIP AND SAFFRON.

Fluid Extract of	Catnip		Ounces.
	Saffron		
Dose-One-and-a-l	half to three drams.	Popular remedy i	n colds, febrile
			1 11 7

Dose—One-and-a-half to three drams. Popular remedy in colds, februe and exanthematous diseases to which infants and young children are subject.

#### CATNIP MIXTURE.

Fluid	Extract	of	CatnipSix	Prams
66	64	66	ValerianFou	r 44
66	66	66	Scullean "	66

Dose—One to three drams. Excellent in nervous headache, restlessness, and many other nervous symptoms

# OPIUM.

Opium is prepared from the unripe capsules of the *Papaver Somniferum*, and presents many varieties, as the Turkey or Smyrna, the East Indian or Bengal, the Egyptian, &c.; of which, the first is the best and affords the largest proportion of morphia.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES

The Fluid Extract of opium (Aqueous) is of the same strength as laudanum, and is largely used in its stead; is anodyne in its action, promotes sleep, allays spasms and convulsions, and is valuable in nervous irritability. It can be used where laudanum or opium is generally applicable, without the unpleasant effects that usually follow from either. The fluid opium is denarcotized; prepared according to the formula of Prof. Prector.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract of Opium (Aqueous)	Dose	10 to 60 Drops.
----------------------------------	------	-----------------

#### WINE OF AQUEOUS OPIUM.

Fluid Extract		Two Ounces
		Fourteen Ounces.
Dose-One to four	drams	

# PAPAVER SOMNIFERUM.

# Poppy.

Supposed to be a native of Persia. The dried capsules are the parts used in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

The Poppy heads, though analogous to opium in medical properties, are exceedingly feeble. They are often given internally to calm irritation, to promote rest, and produce, generally, the narcotic effects of opium.

#### PREPARATIONS

Fluid Extract	Dose, 1-2 to 1 Dram.
Solid Extract	" 3 to 10 Grains.
Pills	2 Grains each.

### SYRUP OF POPPY.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Syrup	Twelve Ounces.
love_Two to four drams	

# PHYTOLACCA DECANDRA.

# Poke.

The Poke is abundant in all parts of the United States, as well as in the north of Africa and south of Europe. The leaves, berries and root are used in medicine, but the two latter only are mentioned in the Pharmacopeia. The root is the most active.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a slow emctic, purgative, and somewhat narcotic. Used in chronic and syphilitic rheumatism, and for allaying syphilitic pains. It is said to be a sure cure for syphilis in all its stages, without the use of mercury. Acts as an alterative in scrofula and scrofulous diseases.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	
Solid Extract " 1 to 4 Grains.	
Phytolaccin " 1-4 to 1 Grain.	
Pills of Phytolacca Grain each.	
" " Phytolaccin	

#### TINCTURE OF POKE.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
one Halfte one dram	

#### SYRUP OF POKE.

Fluid Extract		Two Ounces.
D O	1	

# Doso-One to two drams.

#### COMPOUND WINE OF PORT.

Fluid	ExtractAda de	ince.
-	rpentine	nce.
A11 811.	ine ws:var.ine.sca.sca.graph Pi	nts
Land To	to one draw.	

# OINTMENT OF PURE

Solid	Extract	 		 Two	Ounces.
Lard.		 	. , ,	 Half	pound.

### COMPOUND PILLS OF POKE.

Solid	Extract	of	Poke	Two Drams.
44	"	66	Stillingia	One Dram.
66	44	66	Stramonium	Fight Grains

Mix, and divide into sixty pills. Dose—One pill every two, three or four hours. Useful in osteocopus, mercurial or syphitic pain in the bones, rheumatism, syphilis, and scrofula.

# PIPER ANGUSTIFOLIUM.

# Matico.

This plant was discovered on the 9th of December, 1824, by the Spanish soldier whose name it bears. He was bleeding to death when he accidentally caught hold of the plant and brought some of the leaves in contact with the wound, which immediately arrested the hemorrhage.

# MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Principally styptic, also stimulant. Of advantage in epistaxis, leucorrhea, menorrhagia, chronic diarrhea, and diseases of the mucous membranes. As a local styptic it acts in the same manner as agaric.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid ExtractD	ose,	1-2 to 2 Drams
----------------	------	----------------

TINCTURE OF MATICO.  Fluid Extract.  Diluted Alcohol.  Dose—Two to eight drams.	-
INFUSION OF MATICO.	
Fluid Extract	
Dose—One to two ounces.	
SYRUP OF MATICO.	
Fluid Extract	
Syrup	
Dose—Two to four drams	
INFUSION OF MATICO AND SENNA.	
Fluid Extract of Matico	
Water	
Dose—One-and-a-half to three ounces.	Waternough.

### PIPER CUBEBA.

### Cubebs.

Native of Java and other East India islands, where it grows wild in the woods. The dried unripe fruit is the officinal portion.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Cubebs is gently stimulant, with particular direction to the urinary organs; has the power of arresting excessive discharges from the urethra; used principally in the treatment of gonorrhea and gleet; also used beneficially in leucorrhea, abscess of the prostate glands, piles, and chronic bronchial inflammation, &c.

#### PREPARATIONS

					T.	TOWN WHAT	LIUINO.			
Fluid	Ex	tract	of	Cubel	os		I	Dose,	1-2 to 1 1-2	Drams.
Solid	Ext	tract						4.6	2 to 20 Gr	ains.
Pills	of F	xt. C	ub	ebs an	d Copai	ba	3	Grai	ns each.	
44	66	66	6.6	66	"	and Citrat	e of Iron.3	6.6	66	
66	44	66	66		Alum.		3	44	4.6	
66	46	.4	66	4.6	Ext. of	Rhatany	and Iron.3	66	**	
							2			

### TINCTURE OF CUBEBS.

### MIXTURE OF CUBEBS AND ERGOT.

### PIPER NIGRUM.

### Black Pepper.

This plant grows wild in Cochin-China and various parts of India. The berries are officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

The Black Pepper is a warm carminative stimulant, having the property of producing general arterial excitement. Its chief medicinal application is to excite the languid stomach and correct flatulence.

#### PREPARATIONS.

### TINCTURE OF BLACK PEPPER.

### SYRUP OF BLACK PEPPER.

#### ose—Quarter to day dram.

### COMPOUND PILLS OF PIPERIN.

Dose-One to be taken morning, noon and night.

Harth.

### PODOPHYLLUM PELTATUM.

### Mandrake.

The Peltatum is the only species strictly belonging to this genus. Found exclusively in America. The root is the officinal portion.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a certain cathartic; in large doses an emetic, alterative, anthelmintic, hydragogue and sialogogue. It rouses the liver to vigorous action, determines the blood to the surface, stimulates the kidneys, promotes expectoration, augments the glandular functions, and cleanses the intestinal canal of all irritating substances. In small doses it acts as a powerful alterative. Useful in scrofulous and syphilitic diseases, hepatic affections, dysmenorrhea, rheumatism, gonorrhea; also administered beneficially in jaundice, dropsies, dysentery, diarrhea, bilious, remittent and intermittent fevers, puerperal fever, typhoid fever, and all glandular enlargements. Its range of application is perhaps more extensive than any other cathartic medicine, and is indicated in all cases where the use of mercury is indicated.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	Dose, 1-2 to 1 Drain.
" Compound	" 1 to 2 Drams.
Solid Extract	" 3 to 12 Grains.
Podophyllin	. " 1-8 to 1-4 and 1 to 3 Grains.
Pills of Podophyllin	
" " Ext. Podophyllum	
" " Podophyllin and Blue Mass	
· ·	
TINCTURE OF PO	DOPHYLLUM.
Fluid Extract	
	Thirteen Ounces.
Dosc—One-and-a-half to four drams	
Dosc—Oliciana a morror	
1.	
COMPOUNI	PILIS
Solid Extract of Podophyllum	
Podophyllin	Ten Grains.
Mix, and divide into ten pills. Dose	-One, every three hours
2.	
Podophyllin	One Dram.
Scammony	One "
Gamboge	
3	

Castile SoapHalf Dram.
Mix well, and divide into 120 pills. Dose-One or two.
3
Solid Extract MandrakeOne Ounce.
" " Dandelion" "
" Conium" "
Mix. Divide into three-grain pills. Dose—Two to three. Valuable i
hepatic and bilious difficulties.
4
PodophyllinFour Grains.
IridinFour "
StrychniaOne-and-a-half Grains
Solid Extract of BelladonnaFive Grains.
Conserve of RosesSufficient.
Mix, and form twenty pills. Dose-One, three times a day, using i
combination, active diuretic infusions. Useful in urethral strictures an
recent diseases of the prostate glands.
PodophyllinOne Part
LeptandrinTen Parts.
SugarTen Parts.
Dose—Two grains. Excellent alterative in dyspepsia.
Dose Two grants Baconone another in of Appear
PodophyllinFour Grains.
Blue MassTwenty Grains.
Mix, and make into eight pills.
PodophyllinHalf Dram.
White Turpentine
Carbonate of IronOne
Mix well, and divide into thirty pills. Eclec. Med. Journal.
PodophyllinOne Dram.
Symmony, in PowderOnc "
Gamboge, " "One "
Rub together for half an hour, and add
Castile Soap
Beat into a mass, and make 120 pills. Eclec. Med. Journal.
ACLUMENT AND CONTRACTOR

MANDRAKE COMPOUND.

Compounded of Mandrake, Senna and Jalap.

### POLYGONUM PUNCTATUM.

### Water Pepper.

The Polygonum is found growing in nearly all parts of the United States, n low grounds, ditches, among rubbish, and about brooks and water courses. The whole plant is officinal, and has a pungent, biting, acrid taste.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Stimulant, diuretic, emmenagogue, antiseptic, and vesicant. Used in colds, coughs, gravel, uterine diseases, &c.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	10 to 60 Drops.
Solid Extract"	2 to 3 Grains.

### TINCTURE OF WATER PEPPER.

Fluid Extract		Four	Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol		One P	
lose-Half to two drams,	three or fo	our times a day.	

### INFUSION OF WATER PEPPER.

Fluid Extract	Half Ounce.
Water	One Pint.
ose—Half to one ounce.	

### COMPOUND PILLS OF WATER PEPPER.

Dried Sulphate of Iron	One Drain.
Cimieifugin	One Dram.
Iridin	Fifteen Grains.
Iridin	CCiont
Solid Extract of Water Pepper	Sumerent.

Mix, and divide into sixty pills. Dose—One pill every two or three hours. These pills are emmenagogne, and exert an especial influence on the female organs of generation.

### POLYGALA SENEGA,

### Senelia.

The root of this indigenous plant is the part used in medicine. Usually called Seneca Snakeroot.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Seneka is a stimulating diuretic and expectorant, and in large doses emetic and cathartic. It excites more or less all the secretions. It is peculiarly useful in chronic catarrhal affections, the secondary stages of croup, and in peripneumonia.

#### PREPARATION.

#### INFUSION OF SENEKA.

Fluid Extract of Seneka......One Ounce.

Water.....One Pint.

Dose-One to one-and-a-half ounces.

### SYRUP OF SENEKA

Fluid Extract......Four Ounces.

Syrup......Twelve Ounces.

Dose-Half to one dram.

#### SYRUP OF SENEKA, SQUILL. AND IPECAC.

Fluid Extract of Seneka......Two Drams
" " Squill ......Two "

" "Ipecac ......Four "

Syrup.......Three Ounces.

Dose—One dram every three hours. This combines the expectorant properties of the seneka and squill, with the relaxing effect of the ipecac.

### SYRUP OF TOLU, WITH SENEKA, BELLADONNA, &c.

Fluid Extract of Seneka......One Dram.

" "Ipecac......Thirty Drops.

Syrup of Tolu.......Three-and-a-half Ounces.

Syrup......Seven Drams.

Sherry Wine.....One Diam.

Dose—One dram three times a day, freely using gum water acidulated with lemon juice. In coughs.

1.

### EXPECTORANT COMPOUNDS OF SENEKA.

Fluio Extract of Seneka......Two Drains.

Syrup of Tolu	One-and-a-half Ounces.
Water	Three-and-a-half Ounces.
Dose-One dram.	
2.	
Fluid Extract of Seneka	Two Drains.
" "Ipecac	One Dram.
Honey	Two Ounces.
Water	Six Ounces.
Dosc—One dram.	
3	
Fluid Extract of Seneka	Three Drams.
" " Squill	
Syrup of Tolu	
Paregoric	Two Drams.
Carbonate of Ammonia	
Water	Four-and-a-half Oz.
Dogg-One drum	

### POPULUS TREMULOIDES.

American Poplar.

This tree is common in Lower Canada, and in the Northern and Middle States. The bark is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and febrifuge; has been used in intermittent fever with advantage. An infusion is reputed a valuable remedy in debility, want of appetite, feeble digestion, chronic diarrhea and worms. It is said to possess active diuretic properties.

### PREPARATION.

### PRINOS VERTICILLATUS.

Black Alder.

This species of Prinos grows in all parts of the United States, from Canala to Florida. The bark is officinal, though sometimes the berries are used medicinally for the same purposes.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES

The Black Alder has been used with good effect in jaundice, diarrhea, intermittent fever, and other diseases connected with a debilitated state of the system, especially gangrene and mortification. It is a popular remedy in gangrenous or flabby and ill-conditioned ulcers, and in chronic cutaneous eruptions, in which it is given internally, and applied locally in the form of a wash or poultice.

ms

PREPARATION.
Fluid Extract Dose, 1 to 2 Dra
TINCTURE OF BLACK ALDER.
Fluid Extract
Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.
Dose—Two to four drams.
CUDITO OF DY AGE AT DED
SYRUP OF BLACK ALDER. Fluid ExtractFour Ounces.
Syrup
Dose—One to two drams.
LOTION OF BLACK ALDER.
Fluid Extract
Water Eight Ounces.
COMPOUND INFUSION OF BLACK ALDER.
Fluid Extract of Black AlderTwo Drams.
" "Golden SealOne Dram.
WaterOne Pint.

### PRUNUS VIRGINIANA.

Dose-Four fluid ounces. Valuable in dyspepsia.

### Wild Cherry.

This is one of the largest productions of the American forest, flourishing most where the soil is fertile and the climate temperate. The inner bark is the part employed in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and stimulant in operation on the digestive organs, at the same time exercising a sedative influence on the circulatory and nervous systems.

It is useful in the convalescent stages of inflammatory attacks, and in many pulmonary diseases, imparting tonicity without exciting, unduly, the heart and blood vessels. It is of general use in phthisis, scrofula and dyspepsia.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract of	Wild Cherr	ry	····Dose,	2 to 4 Drams.
66	"	Compound		1-2 to 2 Drams.
Prunin		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2 to 6	Grains.
Wine of Wild Che	erry.			

### INFUSION OF WILD CHERRY.

Fluid Extract		
Water		Ono Pint.
Dogo-Two ourses two	a to four times a Jan	

### SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY.

Fluid Extract		.Three Ounces.
Syrup		.Thirteen Ounces.
Dose-Two drams to one	ounee.	

#### CHERRY COMPOUND.

Compounded of Cherry, Hoarhound, Lettuce, Veratrum, Bloodroot.

### PYROLA ROTUNDIFOLIA.

### · Wintergreen.

Common in damp and shady woods, throughout various parts of the United States. The whole plant is used in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonie, astringent, diuretie, and anti-spasmodic. Used in a eareinomatous or scrofulous taint of the system, in lcucorrhea, and, both internally and externally, in various eutaneous eruptions. Said to be valuable in many urinary affections, as gravel, hematuria, and ulceration of the bladder.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	Dose,	1 to 2 Drams.
---------------	-------	---------------

### INFUSION OF WINTERGREEN.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounces.
Dose . Wo or three ounces.	

Dose

### QUERCUS ALBA.

### White Oak.

The White Oak is a forest tree attaining the height of from sixty to ninety feet, growing throughout the Union, but is more abundant in the middle States. The bark is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, astringent and alterative. As an astringent it is very valuable; given in intermittent fevers, obstinate and chronic diarrhea, used as a gargle, and in baths for children. Applied externally as an ointment to ill-conditioned ulcers, piles, &c.

	PREPARAT	HONS.	
Fluid Extract			
		" 10 to 20 Grain	
		2 Grains each.	Ĭ
		Oranis cacii.	
		_	
	TINCTURE OF W		
Fluid Extrac	et	Two Ounces.	
Diluted Alco	ohol	One Pint.	
Dose-Half to o		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
		-	
	COMPOUND INFUSION (	OF WHITE OAK.	
Fluid Extrac	t of White Oak	One Ounce.	
6. 66		Two Drams.	
11 11	" Gentian	Two Drams.	
Water		Seven Ounces.	
Dose—Six dran		Deven Offices.	
DoseSIX diam	115.		
		-	
	SYRUP OF WHIT		
Fluid Extract	t	Two Ounces.	
	ins to one ounce		
		-	
	GARGLE OF WHI		
Fluid Extrac	t	One-and-a-half Ounce	5.

Ellis.

### RHAMNUS CATHARTICUS.

### Buckthorn.

This plant is a native of Europe, and is occasionally met with in this country. European practitioners hold it in high esteem. The berries and juice are possessed of active properties.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

A powerful hydragogue and purgative. Schoom used alone.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract...... Dose, 1 to 11-2 Dram.

### SYRUP OF BUCKTHORN.

### RHEUM PALMATUM.

### Rhubarb.

The species from which this medicinal drug is obtained inhabit the great plains of Tartary, the Steppes of Siberia and the great ranges of mountains lying between these and the northern part of India. The root is the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Used as a purgative in mild cases of diarrhea, and cholera infantum; as a stomachic andtonic in dyspepsia, accompanied with debilitated condition of the digestive organs; as a purgative for infants it is valuable and is well adapted to a variety of children's complaints.

#### PREPARATIONS

Fluid	Ext.	of	Rhuba	rb	Dose,	1-2 to 1 Dram
66	66	6.6	"	Aromatic	"	1-2 to 1 "
2.6	44	4.6		and Senna	"	1-2 to 1 "
FileS	Extro	ct				2 to 10 Grains

Pills of Ext. Rhubarb Grain each.
" " " and Magnesia Grains "
and non
" Rhubarb Compound (U.S. P.)4
" Ext. Rhubarb and Blue Mass " "
TINCTURE OF RHUBARB.
Fluid ExtractThree Ounces.
Essence of Cardamom
Diluted Alcohol
Dose—Half to one-and-a-half ounces.
Pose—Itali to one-and-a-nan ouncos.
INFUSION OF RHUBARB.
Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.
Spirit of CinnamonTwo Ounces.
Water Eighteen Ounces.
Dose—One to three ounces.
SYRUP OF RHUDARB.
Fluid ExtractThree Ounces.
SyrupFourteen Ounces
Dose—Two-and-a-half to five drams.
1)0se—1 wo-and-a-nan to nive drams.
ACCESS ACCESS
TINCTURE OF RHUBARB AND GENTIAN.
Fluid Extract of RhubarbFour Ounces
" " GentianTwo Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol One Pint.
Dose—Two to four drams.
WINE OF RHUBARB.
Fluid Extract of RhubarbTwo Ounces.
" " CanellaOne Dram.
Diluted AlcoholTwo Ounces.
Sherry WineOne Pint.
Dose—Two-and-a-half to four drams.
PILLS OF BLUE PILL, SODA, &c.
Blue Pill
Solid Extract of RhubarbTwo-and-a-half Grains
Bicarbonate of SodaTwelve Grains.
Aromatic Syrup of RhubarbSufficient.
Divide into twelve pills. Dose-One, two or three times a day, as an al-
terative, in derangement of the liver. Dr. Hartshorne.

#### PILLS OF RHUBARB AND SULPHATE OF IRON.

Solid Extract of Rhubarb	One-and-a-half Drams.
Sulphate of Iron	Half Dram.
Soap	
Distilled Water	Sufficient.

Mix, and divide into forty pills. Dose-Three or four at bed time.

#### RHUBARB PILLS.

Solid Extract of Rhuba	rb	 	One Scruple.
Blue Mass		 	One Scruple.
Pulverized Ipecac		 	Eight Grains.

Mix, and divide into ten pills. Dose-One to two pills. A mild purgative.

### RHUS GLABRUM.

### Sumach.

Found extensively in the United States, growing in old neglected fields, along fences, and on the borders of woods. The bark and berries are officinal.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, astringent, antiseptic and diuretic. Valuable in gonorrhea, leu-corrhea, diarrhea, dysentery, hectic fever, and scrofula.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	1 to 2 D	rams.
	1 to 2 G	

### TINCTURE OF SUMACH.

Fluid Extract		. Four Ounces.
Diluted Alcoho	1	Thirteen Ounces.

Dosc -Half to one ounce.

### GARGLE OF SUMACH.

Fluid Extract	 Two Ounces.
Water	

Useful in quinsy and ulceration of the mouth and throat; also as a wash for ringworms, tetters, offensive ulcers, &c.

### RUBUS VILLOSUS.

### Blackberry.

Of this extensive genus, not less than twenty species are indigenous to the United States. The roots only are officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and strongly astringent. An excellent remedy in diarrhea, dysentery, cholera-infantum, relaxed conditions of the intestines of children, passive hemorrhage from the stomach, bowels and uterus, and in colliquative diarrhea.

### PREPARATIONS. Solid Extract..... 4 to 6 Grains. Pills ....... 2 Grains each. TINCTURE OF BLACKBERRY. Fluid Extract.....Two Ounces. Diluted Alcohol.....One Pint. Dose-Two to four drams. INFUSION OF BLACKBERRY. . . One Pint. Dose-One onnce SYRUP OF BLACKBERRY. Fluid Extract.....Four Ounces. Syrup......Twelve Ounces. Dose-Half to one ounce. WINE OF BLACKBERRY. Fluid Extract.....Two Ounces.

Wine ...... Eight Ou-seq.

Dose-Half to one-and-a-half drams.

### RUMEX CRISPUS.

### Yellow Dock

This plant is a native of Europe, introduced into this country, where it grows wild in pastures, dry fields, waste grounds, &c. The root is officinal,

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Alterative, tonic, mildly astringent and detergent. Useful in scorbutic and syphilitic affections, leprosy, elephantiasis, &c.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract
Rumin 4 to 8 Grains
Solid Extract " 4 to 8 Grains
Pills of Solid Extract
SYRUP OF YELLOW DOCK.
Fluid ExtractFour Ounces.
Syrap
Dose-Half to one ounce

### RUTA GRAVEOLENS.

### Rue!

This plant is a native of the south of Europe, but is cultivated in our gardens. The whole herb is active, but the leaves are usually employed.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Its action is chiefly directed to the uterus; in moderate doses proving emmenagogue, and in large doses producing a degree of irritation in that organ which sometimes determines abortion. It has been successfully used in flatulent colic, hysteria, epilepsy, and is an efficient vermifuge.

PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	Dose, 20 to 40 Drops.
Solid Extract	" 2 to 4 Grains.
Pills	
TINCTURE OF R	RUE.
Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.

#### SYRUP OF RUE.

Tincture of RueTwo Or	ances.
Distilled WaterSeven	"
SyrupSeven	"
Dose-Half to one drain.	Beral.

#### MIXTURE OF RUE AND SQUILL.

Fluid Extract of RueOne Our	nce.
Oxymel of Squill	nce.

Dose-Twenty-five to forty drops. In hysteric affections

Pierquin.

### SALIX ALBA.

### Willow.

The White Willow has been introduced into this country from Europe, and is now very common. There are not less than a hundred and thirty species of this genus. The bark is officinal.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and astringent, and has been employed as a substitute for cinchona, in intermittent fever. Useful in chronic diarrhea and dysentery. The Salicin is tonic, anti-spasmodic and febrifuge. It is less likely to offend the stomach and affect the nervous system than quinia.

#### PREPARATION.

Salicin	Dose, 2 to 10 Grains.
---------	-----------------------

### SANGUINARIA CANADENSIS.

### Bloodroot.

The Bloodroot grows abundantly throughout the whole United States, flowering early in the spring. All parts of the plant are active, but the root only is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Valuable as an emetic, narcotic, and stimulant. In small doses it stimulates the digestive organs, and accelerates the circulation, while in large doses it produces nausea and consequent depression of the pulse. Used in typhoid pneumonia, catarrh, pertussis, scarlatina, rheumatism, jaundice,

dyspepsia, &c. Considered a specific in the early stages of croup. The Sanguinarina possesses the same properties. The Sanguinarin acts as a tonic, hepatic and alterative. May be employed to advantage in pulmonary diseases, hooping cough; as a sternutatory, and as a local application to indolent ulcers.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid ExtractDo	se, 5 to 15 and 40 to 60 Drops.
Solid Extract '	
Sanguinarina	1-30 to 1-10 Grains.
Sanguinarin '	1-4 to 1 and 1-2 to 2 Grains.
Pills of Sanguinaria1-5	2 Grain and 1 Grain each.
" "Sanguinarin1-	Grain and 1 Grain each.

### TINCTURE OF BLOODROOT.

Fluid ExtractFour Ounce	23.
Diluted AlcoholTwo Pints.	
TT 10 1 1	

### Dose-Half to one dram; as an emetic, four to eight drams.

### INFUSION OF BLOODROOT.

Fluid Extract	 Half Ounce.
Water	 One Pint.

Dose-Two to four drams.

### SYRUP OF BLOODROOT.

Fluid Extract	Eight Ounces.
Acetic Acid	Four Ounces.
Surin	Two-and-a-quarter Pints.
Oose—One to two drams.	

### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF BLOODROOT.

Fluid	Extract	of	Bloodroot Two Ounces.
46	44	66	Black CohoshFour Ounces.
6.	46	66	PokeOne Ounce.
			1

Dose-Half to one dram.

### VINEGAR OF BLOODROOT

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Distilled Vinegar	Two Pints.
Distilled vinegal	0 - 0
Alcohol	One Ounce.
Dose-Twenty to forty drops.	

### SYRUP OF BLOODROOT COMPOUND FOR COUGHS.

Fluid	Extract	of	Bloodroot	.Two	Ounces.
66	44	66	Squill	.Two	44
61	44	44	Ipecac	.Two	44
Balsa	n of Tol	n.		One-	and-a-half Oz-
Pareg	oric			.Three	e Ounces.

Dose-One dram when the cough is troublesome.

#### MIXTURE OF BLOODROOT AND HYDROCYANIC ACID.

Flaid	Extra	of BloodrootOne Dram.	
46	44	" IpecacOne Dram.	
"	6:	" Wild CherryOne-and-a-half (	Dunces.
		Acid (Medicinal) Sixty Drops.	
		Torphia Three Grains.	
Dilute	d Alc	olThree Drams.	
Sherry	wine	Three Drams.	
Syrup			Ounces.

Dose—One dram, two or three times a day. Valuable in chronic diseases, in allaying the cough in tuberculosis, and in all pulmonary catarrhal diseases unattended with pain.

H. Green.

Sanguinarin	welve	Grains.
Caulophyllin	44	64
Solid Extract of Cimicifuga		46

Make into four-grain pills. Efficacious in amenorrhea, dysmenorrhea, and other functional disorders of the female generative system.

### SCILLA MARITIMA.

Squili

The Squill grows in the countries bordering on the Mediterranean. The bulb is the officinal portion.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Squill is expectorant, diuretic, and in large doses, emetic and purgative. As an expectorant, it is used both in cases of deficient and superabundant secretion from the bronchial mucous membrane. It is used in dropsy to increase the secretery action of the kidneys.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract of SquillDose, Expectorant and Diuretic, 2 to 6 Drops
" " " Emetic
" " Compound10 to 20 Drops
Pills of Squill Compound (U. S. P.)
TINCTURE OF SQUILL.
Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces. Diluted AlcoholOne Pint.
Dose—Twenty to forty drops.
SYRUP OF SQUILL.
Fluid ExtractOue Ounce.
SyrupOne Pint.
Dose—Quarter to half a dram.
MIXTURE OF SQUILL AND IPECAC
Fluid Extract of SquillOue Dram.
" " Ipecac
Dose—Ten to thirty drops.
MIXTURE OF SQUILL AND CONIUM.
Fluid Extract of SquillOne Dram.
" " ConiumOne Dram.
Water of AmmoniaThree Drams.
Dose—Ten to forty drops.
MIXTURE OF SQUILL AND HYOSCYAMUS.
Fluid Extract of Squill
" " HyoscyamusTwo-thirds Dram.
Tincture of MyrrhOne-and-a-half Drame
WaterOne Ounce.
Dose—Half to one-and-a-half drams.
WINE OF SQUILL.
Fluid Extract
White WineOne Pint.
Dose—Half to one ounce.
VINEGAR OF SQUILL
Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.  Diluted Acetic AcidOne Pint.
Dose—Twenty to forty drops.
Doze—I worth to rotal and los

### COMPOUND SYRUP OF SQUILL.

### Hive Syrup.

Fluid Ext. Squill Compound	Eight Ounces.
Tart. Aut. and Potassa	Forty-Eight Grains.
Surun	Two-and-a-half Pints.
Situliar in the second	

Dose-Ten drops to one dram, according to age.

### SQUILL COMPOUND

Compounded of Squill and Seneka

### SCUTELLARIA LATERIFLORA.

### Scullcap.

. Scullcap is an indigenous herb, flowering in July and August. The whole plant is officinal.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Scullcap is a valuable nervine. Those who have long used it, claim for it-tonic properties, which give strength as well as quiet to the system, and that it does not, like other nervines, leave the system in an excited and irritable condition. It has also sudorific and diuretic properties. Used in tic-doloureux, St. Vitus dance, convulsions, tetanus, as well as in ordinary diseases of the nerves.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	1-2 to 1 Drain.
" of Scullcap Compound "	1-2 to 1 Dram.
Scutellarir "	2 to 6 Grains.
Pills of Scutellarin Grain	in each.

### INFUSION OF SCULLCAP.

Fluid Extract		One Ounce.
Water		One Pint.
In doses of 2 wine-glassfu	al three times a day,	it has entirely cured ti

In doses of a wine-glassful three times a day, it has entirely cured tic doloureux.

### SCULLCAP COMPOUND

Compounded of Scullcap, Ladies's Slipper, Hop, Lettuce.

### SENECIO AUREUS.

### Life Root.

This is an indigenous perennial plant, growing on the banks of creeks and in low marshy grounds, throughout the northern and western parts of the Union, flowering in May and June. The root and herb are the officinal parts.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Diuretic, pectoral, diaphoretic and tonic. An excellent remedy in gravel and other urinary affections; is said to be a specific in strangury; very efficacious in promoting menstrual discharges, and a valuable agent in the treatment of female discases. The Senecin possesses, to a high degree, the virtues of the plant whence it is derived.

PREPARATIONS.

## INFUSION OF LIFE ROOT Fluid Extract.....One Ounce. Water . . . . One Pint. Dose-One to four ounces. Senccin ...... Four Grains. Aletrin ...... " Sulphate of Iron..... Make into two-grain powders. In chlorosis accompanied by amenorrhea. Sulphate of Quinia......Six Grains. Conserve of Roses......Sufficient. Make into ten pills. In dysmenorrhea. Geraniin ..... " Dose-Two to four grains. In menorrhagia.

### SIMARUBA EXCELSA.

### Quassia.

This species inhabits Jamaica and the Carribbean Islands, where it is called bitter ash. The wood is the part used in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It possesses in the highest degree all the properties of simple bitters. It is purely tonic, invigorating the digestive organs, with little excitement of the circulation, or increase of animal heat. Particularly adapted to dyspepsia and to that debilitated state of the digestive organs which sometimes succeeds acute disease.

ram. ins.

PREPARATIONS.
Fluid Extract
Solid Extract " 3 to 5 Gra
Pills Grain each.
WINGSTED OF CHARGE
TINCTURE OF QUASSIA. Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol
Dose—Four to cight drams.
Dosc—Four to eight drams.
INFUSION OF QUASSIA.
Fluid Extract
WaterOne Pint.
Dose—Four to six drams.
COMPOUND INFUSION OF QUASSIA.
Fluid Extract of Quassia
" " Snakeroot
" " Orange Peel
WaterTwo Pints.
Dose—Half to one-and-a-half ounces.
WINE OF QUASSIA.
Fluid Extract of Quassia

Dose-Two to four ounces.

### SMILAX OFFICINALIS.

### Sarsaparilla.

This species is indigenous, growing in swamps and hedges in the Middle and Southern States. The root is the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Possesses a high reputation as an alterative in the treatment of chronic rheumatism, scrofulous affections, cutaneous affections, syphiloid diseases, and that depraved condition of the general health to which it is difficult to apply a name.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extract	of	Sarsaparilla,	, Rio NegroDose, 1 Dram.	
44	"	6.6	"	Compound (U. S. P.) " 1 "	
"	66	"	6.6	and Dandelion " 1 "	
Solid	Extract	"	66	Amer " 5 to 20 Gr	ains.
56	66	66	66	" Compound " 5 to 20	"
**	**	4.6	"	Rio Negro " 5 to 15	66
••	66	4.6	66	" Compound " 5 to 15	44
g ai	is of eac	h o	f the Solid E	Extracts Grains each.	

### INFUSION OF SARSAPARILLA

Pluid	1	Ξ:	κt	ra	ł C	t									 	•						٠.				0	ne		Our.	ıce	
Water	î										•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	 •		٠	٠	•	•		C	ne	9	Pin	t.	

### Dise—Two to four ounces.

### SYRUP OF SARSAPARILLA.

	Tiuid ExtractTwo Ounces.
	yrupFourteen Ounces.
7	e-One to two ounces.

Syrup of the Sarsaparilla Compound made similarly, and administered in tike doses.

### SARSAPARILLA COMPOUND.

Geonpounded of Sarsaparilla, Prince's Pine, Liquorice, Mezereon, Sassafras, Tellow Dock, and Bittersweet.

### SOLANUM DULCAMARA.

### Bittersweet.

Common in Europe and North America. The root and stalk have medicinal properties, though the latter only is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Chiefly used in syrup or infusion in cutaneous diseases, scrofula, jaundice, syphilitic, rheumatic and cachectic affections, leucorrhea and obstructed menstruation. Possesses feeble narcotic powers and increases the secretions of the kidneys and the skin. It is especially beneficial in the treatment of cutaneous eruptions of a scaly character. Antaphrodisiac properties are ascribed to it, rendering it useful in mania connected with strong venered propensities.

### 

# COMPOUND SYRUP OF BITTERSWEET. Same as above, substituting syrup for the water.

### 

#### MIXTURE OF BITTERSWEET.

Fluid	Extract	of	Bittersweet	Two	Ounces.	
44	44	"	Yellow Dock		44	
44	6.6	11	Stillingia	44	44	
Syrup		• • •		One-	and-a-half Pi	nts.

Dose-One to two drams, in scrofulous and syphilitic affections.

### SPIGELIA MARILANDICA.

Pink Root.

Native of the southern and southwestern States. The root alone is recognized by the Pharmacopeias.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Powerful anthelmintic. In large doses acts as a cathartic, though unequal and uncertain in its operation. Over doses excite the circulation and determine to the brain, giving rise to vertigo, dimness of vision, &c. Should be given with other cathartics, as the narcotic effects are less when the modicine purges.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extract	of	Pink	Root		Oose,	1-2 to 1 1-2 Drams.
66	66	44	6.6	44	Compound	66	1-2 to 2 Drains.
44	66	44	6.6	4.6	and Senna	6.6	1-2 to 1 Dram.

### INFUSION OF PINK ROOT.

Fluid Extract	. Half Ounce.
Water	One Pint.
Dose-Two to six ounces.	

### PINK ROOT COMPOUND.

Compounded of Pink Root, Senna, Savin, and Manna.

### SPIRÆA TOMENTOSA.

### Hardhack.

A beautiful shrub, with spikes of rose-colored flowers, and loaves of a dark-green color above and white beneath. Common in the United States.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic astringent. In consequence of its tonic power, it is peculiarly adapted in cases of debility; and from the same cause, should not be given during the existence of inflammatory action or febrile excitement. As an astringent it is administered in diarrhea, cholera-infantum, and other complaints where astringents are usually indicated, and is said to be less liable to disagree with the stomach than other astringents. Is an excellent remedy for summer complaints of children.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	o 20 Drops.
Pills 2 Grains	each.

### STILLINGIA SYLVATICA.

### Queen's Root.

The plant is found growing in pine-barrens and sandy soils from Virginia to Florida; in Mississippi and Louisiana, flowering from April to July. The root is the officinal portion.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Stillingia has reputation as an alterative, and as such is used in syphilitic affections, ordinarily requiring the use of mercury; is emetic and cathartic in large doses. It has been used with officacy in secondary syphillis, scrofula, cutaneous diseases, chronic hepatic affections, and other complaints generally benefited by alteratives. Its success leaves no doubt that it is possessed of very valuable properties.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extra	ct of S	Stilling	gia	 	D	ose, 5 to 15 Drops
66	16	1.6	4.6	Compound	 		" 1-2 to 1 Dram.
Stillin	g.n				 		" 2 to 5 Grains.
Pillso	f Stilli	ngin.			 	.1	Grain each.

### TINCTURE OF STILLINGIA.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounce
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
Dose-1-3 to 1 1-9 drams	

	21.1 0 0 1 0 1 1	OF STIMBLINGE	
Fluid Extract			One Ounce.
Water			One Pint.
Dose-One to two dra	ms.		

NEUGION OF STILLING

#### SYRUP OF STILLINGIA.

Fluid E	xtract	of	Stilling	ia	 Three Ounces.	
66	4.6	66	Priekly	Ash	 One-and-a-half	Ounces.
Syrup.					 Six-and-a-half	Ounces.

Dose-Half to one-and-a-half drams.

### COMPOUND SYRUP OF STILLINGIA.

	Fluid !	E <b>x</b> tra	ect of	Stillin	gia	,	Two	Ounces.	
	46	66	"	Bloodre	ot		Two	"	
	44	6.	66	Cherry	Bark		Two	**	
	Balsar	n of	Tolu.				One-a	and-a-half Oun	ees
	Syrup						Two-	and-a-half Pir	E#
١	000	to	A	luame i	ahronia	bronchia	l and cata	rrhal affection	

### STILLINGIA COMPOUND.

Compounded of Stillingia, Turkey Corn, Blue Flag, Prince's Pinc, Prick, y Ash, Yellow Dock.

### STRYCHNOS IGNATIA.

St. Ignatius' Bean.

This is a native of Cochin-China, the Phillipine Islands, and other parts of Asia.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is applicable in the wide range of symptoms known as dyspeptic. It has a tonic, stimulating effect on all the organs connected with the digestive functions, by its acting directly on their nervous energies, exciting and equalizing their weakened and disturbed action. It possesses a large amount of strychnia, the active principle of the Nux Vomica.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid ExtractDos	e, 5 to 10 Drops.
Solid Extract"	1-2 to 1 1-2 Grains.
Pm's1-2	Grain each.

#### WINE OF IGNATIA.

Fluid Extract	One	Ounce.
Sherry Wine	One	Pint.
Dose-One to two drams.		

#### COMPOUND WINE.

Fluid	Extract	of	Ignatia	Three Drams.
4.6	44	66	Cannabis	Three Drams.
Sherry	Wine.			One Pint.

Dose-Half to two drams.

### COMPOUND PILLS OF IGNATIA.

Solid	Extract	of	IgnatiaHalf Scruple.
			Savin
"	66	46	GentianOne Dram.
Iodid	e of Iron		One Dram.

Make into forty pills. Dose—Two pills, three times a day in chlorosis. Accompany the medicine by frequent friction of the spine and extremities, with the tincture of camphor.

T. C. Miller, M.D.

### STRYCHNOS NUX VOMICA.

Nux Vomica.

This species of the Strychnos is a moderate sized tree, a native of many parts of the East Indies, abounding particularly on the Malabar and Coromandel coasts. It owes its active medicinal properties to the presence of strychnia and brucia. The seeds are officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Nux Vomica is a violent excitant of the cerebro-spinal system, and, in large doses, is an active poison. In small doses, frequently repeated, it is tonic, diuretic, and even laxative. It is employed principally in the treatment of paralysis. It is said to be more beneficial in general palsy and paraplegia, than in hemiplegia, and has also been found of benefit in local palsies, as of the bladder, likewise in amaurosis, spermatorrhea, and impotence.

#### PREPARATIONS

Fluid Extract	 Dose.	5 to 15 Drops
Solid Extract	 	1-2 to 1 grain.

### TINCTURE OF NUX VOMICA.

Fluid Extract	 	 	 	Four Ounces.
Alcohol				
)ose—				

### FERRUGINOUS PILLS OF NUX VOMICA.

Solid Extract of Nux Vomica		 	 Six	Grains.
Black Oxide of Iron		 	. One	Dram.
Make twenty-four pills.				DI GIII.

ops.

### PILLS OF NUX VOMICA AND QUINIA.

Solid Extract of Nux Voinica	Six Grains.
Sulphate of Quinia	Twenty-four Grains.
Ext. Hyoscyamus	Twelve Grains.
Mix. and divide into twenty-four pills.	

#### FILLS OF NUX VOMICA AND ALOES.

Solid Ext. Nux Vomica	.H	alf Gr	ain.	
Aloes	.T	hree-q	uarters	Grain.
Solid Ext. Rhubarb		44	44	44
ake two pills.				

### SYMPLOCARPUS FŒTIDUS.

M

Skunk Cabbage.

This is an indigenous plant, growing abundantly in various parts of the United States. The root is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Stimulant, antispasmodic, expectorant, and slightly narcotic. In large doses it will occasion nausea, vomiting, vertigo, and dimness of sight. Useful in asthma, hooping cough, nervous irritability, hysteria, epilepsy, chronic catarrh, pulmonary and bronchial affections.

Pluid Pytract	PREPARATIONDose, 20 to 80 Dr
Fluid Dxtrace	
TINCT	URE OF SKUNK CABBAGE. Three Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
Dose—Half to one dram	
	SION OF SKUNK CABBAGEOne Ounce.
Water	One Pint.
Dose—One to two ounce	
	UP OF SKUNK CABBAGE

Syrup...... Eight Ounces.

Dose-Two to three drams.

### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF SKUNK CABBAGE.

Fluid	Extract	of	Skunk Cabbage	One	Ounce.
44	44	44	Lobelia	"	44
41	46	4.6	Bloodroot	"	44
4	44	46	Pleurisy Root		46
44	66	44	Ginger	"	66
Wate					Pint.
Alcol	ol			Thre	a Pinte

Dose-Two to four drams, in croup, cough, asthma, &c., to promote expectoration and remove tightness across the chest.

### TARAXACUM DENS-LEONIS.

### Dandelion.

This species grows spontaneously in most parts of the globe. The Pharmacopeias recognize the root only as medicinal, this being by far the most efficacious part.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Valuable alterative, tonic, diuretic, and aperient. It has a specific action on the liver, exciting it to secretion when languid. Used with good effect in dyspepsia, diseases of the liver and spleen, and in the irritable condition of the stomach and bowels.

### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extrac	t of D	andelie	n
66	64	66	4.6	Compound " 1 to 2 "
44	44	44	66	and Senna " 1 to 2 "
Solid 1	Extrac	t		
Pills o	f Extr	act of	Dande	ion Grains each.

### INFUSION OF DANDELION

Fluid Extract.		 Two Ounces.
		One Pint.
Dose-Four to si	Y Ollnoes	

### MIXTURE OF DANDELION.

Fluid F	Extract	of!	Dandelion		 	 	.Two	Ounces.
44	46	64	Peppermint		 	 	Two	Ounces.
Clarifie	d Hone	ey.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		 	 	.One	Ounce.
Water.				• • • • • •		 	.Four	Ounces.
DoseTv								- 411000

### PILLS OF DANDELION AND BLUE MASS.

Solid	Extract	of	Dandelion	Five Scruples.
46	"	66	Uva Ursi	Two-and-a-half Scruples.
Blue	Mass			Ten Grains.

Mix, and form ten pills. One to be taken three times a day. In dropsy complicated with disease of the liver.

#### COMPOUND INFUSION OF DANDELION

		COMPOUND INFUSION OF	DANDELION.
Fluid	Extra	ct of Dandelion	Six Drams.
"	66	" Rhubarb	One-and-a-half Drams.
66	46	"Hyoscyamus	Twenty-four Drops.
Carbonate	of So	da	Half Dram.
Tartrate of	f Pota	assa	Three Drams.
Water			Three-and-a-half Ounces.
One-thir	d to l	be taken three times a day.	In dropsical and visceral af
fections.			Dr. Meigs.

### COMPOUND PILLS OF DANDELION.

1.

Solid	Extract	of Dandelion	One	Ounce.
66	4:	" Mandrake	One	٤.
44	65	"C-nimm	One	6.

Mix, and divide into three-grain pills. Dose-Two or three. Valuable in hepatic and bilious affections.

2.

Solid Extract	of Dandelion	One Dram.
	" Bloodroot	
Podophyllin.		Half Scruple.
Oil of Pepper	mint	Five Minims.

Mix, and divide into fifty pills. Dosc—One to two, three times a day. Laxative, nauseant and diuretic; of much efficacy in jaundice, hepatic diseases, and affections of the kidneys.

3.

Solid Extract of Dandelion Three	Drains.
Pulverized Nux VomicaTwo S	
Sulphate of AlumTen G	

Mix, and divide into twenty pills, to be taken, one at night, and one at noon. In dyspepsia.

### STRUP OF DANDELION.

Fluid Extract of Dandelion.	 . ,	Three Ounces.
Syrup	 	Thirteen Ounces.
Dose-Half to one ounce.		

### SYRUP DANDELION COMPOUND.

	Daniel Dilling	
Fluid Extract	Dandelion	Twelve Ounces.
66 66	Boneset	
£\$ ££	Ginger	Half Ounce.
Tincture of Cl	loves	Half Ounce.
Syrup		Five Onnces.
Brandy		Eight Ounces.
Jone-Two to th		J. Stevens.

### DANDELION COMPOUND.

Compounded of Dandelion, Mandrake, Conium.

### TRIFOLIUM PRATENSE.

Red Clover.

A biennial plant, common in the United States. The blossoms are offi-

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Highly recommended in cancerous ulcers of every kind, and deep, ragged-edged, and otherwise badly conditioned burns.

#### PREPARATION.

Solid Extract	To	he	used	at.	discretion.

### OINTMENT OF RED CLOVER.

Solid	Ext	rac	t.,	٠.,	 	٠	٠.		٠.	٠	 	 ٠.			.]	Four	Ounces.
Lard					 			 		ı.		 	 			Half	Pound.

### TRILLIUM PENDULUM.

### Bethroot.

Common in the Middle and Western States, growing in rich soils, in damp, rocky and shady woods. The root is the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Astringent, tonic and antiseptic. It has been employed successfully in hematuria, leucorrhea, cough, asthma, and difficult breathing.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract. Dose, 1 to 3 Drams.

Trillin "4 to 8 Grains.

### INFUSION OF BETHROOT.

Fluid Extract......Two Ounces.
Water......Öne Pint.

Dose-Two to four ounces.

### VALERIANA OFFICINALIS.

### Valerian.

The Valerian is a European plant, flowering in June or July. The root is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Valerian is tonic and antispasmodic. It is useful in cases of irregular nervous action, in the morbid vigilance of fevers, in hypochondriasis, epilepsy, and occasionally in intermittent and remittent fevers.

#### PREPARATIONS.

### TINCTURE OF VALERIAN.

### INFUSION OF VALERIAN.

### SYRUP OF VALERIAN.

WINE OF VALERIAN.  Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.  Sherry WineFourteen Ounces.  Dose—Half to one ounce.
COMPOUND INFUSION OF VALERIAN.  Fluid Extract of Valerian
Dose—One to two ounces, three times a day.  Saunders.
AMMONIATED TINCTURE OF VALERIAN.  Fluid Extract
VALERIAN COMPOUND.  Fluid Extract of Valerian
COMPOUND TINCTURE OF VALERIAN.  Fluid Extract of Valerian

# VERATRUM VIRIDE.

### American Hellebore.

This plant is indigenous to many parts of the United States, usually growing in swamps, wet meadows, and on the banks of mountain stream lets. The rhizoma is the officinal part.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is slightly acrid, an excellent expectorant, a certain diaphoretic, nervine, and never narcotic, emetic, and arterial sedative, which last is its most valuable and interesting property, and for which it stands unparalleled and unequalled as a therapeutic agent.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract..... Each fluid ounce represents one ounce of crude root, and calculating 60 minims, or 120 drops to the fluid dram, each grain is represented by one minim, or two drops; therefore, for an adult male, begin with two drops, increasing one drop each portion given, or, for greater convenience or certainty of administration, combine in equal proportions with simple syrup, or syrup of squills, and give 4 drops, increasing 1 or 2 drops each portion, till nausea or vomiting ensues, or the pulse is reduced to 65 or 70 beats per minute. For ehildren, begin with 1 drop of Veratrum, combined with equal portions of syrup of squills, and increase 1 drop each portion. When the pulse is sufficiently diminished, then reduce the dose one half-in all eases continuing it a sufficient length of time to prevent any return of the symptoms. Morphine or laudanum with brandy is a perfect antidote for an overdose of Veratrum; or syrup of sulphate of morphine one part, fluid extract of ginger two parts. Dose of this mixture for an adult male, 60 drops every 15 minutes till relieved.

 Veratrin
 ...Dose, 1-16 to 1-2 Grain.

 Palls
 ...1-2 and 1-4 Grain each.

### INFUSION OF VERATRUM.

Dose—Two to four drains each hour. The doses should be too small to produce emesis.

T. C. Miller.

### WINE OF VERATRUM.

Dose-Twenty to forty drops.

## XANTHOXYLUM FRAXINEUM.

### Prickly Ash.

This species is indigenous. The leaves and capsules have an aromatic odor. The bark is the officinal portion.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

It is a stimulant, tonic and alterative. Used in languid conditions of the system; in rheumatism, chronic syphilis and hepatic derangements. The Xanthoxylin may be used in all cases when it is desired to stimulate and strengthen mucous tissues. A valuable tonic in low typhoid fever.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid Extract	.Dose,	15 to	45 Drops.
Xanthoxylin	. 46	2 to	6 Grains.
Pills			

### TINCTURE OF PRICKLY ASH.

	Fluid	E	ctrac	et	 			 	 	 	 	 ٠.	٠.	.Fou	r Ounces	
	Dilut	ed	Alc	ohol	 			 	 	 	 	 		.One	Pint	
١.	I	ш., т	f to			١.	1.0									

INFUSION OF PRICKLY ASH.
Fluid ExtractOne Ounce.
Water One Ouart

One pint to be taken in divided doses during the 24 hours; in chronic rheunatism.

### CLYSTER OF PRICKLY ASH.

Fluid !	Extract	tof	Prickly	Ash	 	Two Ounces.
"	66	46	Opium		 	Five Drams.
Water					 	One Pint.

Xanthoxylin	One	Dram.
Cimicifugin		
A pocynin		
Proof Spirit	One	Dint

Dose-Four drams three times a day in chronic rhoumatism.

XanthoxylinS	ix	Grains.
Hydrastin	66	66

Dose-Three grains. Stimulating tonic for children, after diarrhea, dvsentery, and other debilitating diseases.

### ZINGIBER OFFICINALE.

### Ginger.

This plant is a native of Hindustan, and is cultivated in all parts of India. The flowers have an aromatic smell, and the bruised stems are slightly fragrant; but the root is one portion in which the virtues of the plant reside. The Jamaica ginger is considered the best, and is mainly in use.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Ginger is a grateful stimulant and carminative, often given in dyspepsis, flatulency, and imperfect digestion, as well as in colic, nausea, gout, spasms, cholera-morbus, &c. It is an excellent addition to bitter infusions and the like.

# PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract..... Dose, 1-2 to 1 1-2 Drams

#### TINCTURE OF GINGER.

Dose-Two to four drams.

#### INFUSION OF GINGER.

Dose-One to two ounces.

#### SYRUP OF GINGER.



# MISCELLANEOUS FORMULÆ.

# INFUSIONS.

# TONIC INFUSION.

	Infusion	of Cinchona	Two-and-a-l	alf Ounces.
		"Gentian Compound		
		of Cascarilla		
	Solution	of Sesquicarh. Potassa	Two Drams.	
n	oca-One	ounce twice a day.		Pearson.

# IN GASTRALGIA.

Fluid Extract of Opium Aqueous	Two Drams.
" " Aconite	Three Drams.
Distilled Water	
Dose-One to two drams, twice a day, imm	nediately after a meal.
	Padiolean.

# VERMIFUGE INFUSION.

Corsican Moss	
Boiling Milk	Two Ounces.
Infuse, strain, and add:	
Syrup of Wormwood	Ten Drams.

To be taken in one or two portions in the morning, fasting, for three days running, in the treatment of ascarides lumbricoides. The third day, from two-and-a-na idrams to half ounce of castor oil to be given an hour after the administration of the vermifuge milk.

T. § R.

#### ALKALINE INFUSION.

	O . D:	1
History Ashes	 One Pin	G .
Hickory Hones	East Ou	2000
Wood Soot	 Four Ou	11003.
11 00a 2000 :	Half Ga	llon
D :line Water	Lan Ga	11011.

Let them stand twenty-four hours, and decant. Dose—A wineglassful three or four times a day, in lithiasis and dyspepsia. (This was a favorite remedy of Dr. Physick.)

fev

20	INFUSIONS.	
Citrate of Iron  Syrup of Orange Peel  Tincture of Cardamom C	IN TUBERCULOSIS	ne Ounce. ne Ounce.
Fluid Extract of Ipecac. " " " Opium, " " Spearm Water	PECIFIC IN APTHÆ	enty-four Drams.
Flaxsced (bruised) White Mustard (bruised) Fluid Ext. Squill Carbonate of Soda	UND SQUILL INFUSION.  On  Ha  On  On	olf Ounce.  e Dram.  e Dram.  e Pint.
сомрог	UND BITTER INFUSION.	M. & D.
" " Quassia " " Orange Peel " " Rhubarb Carbonate of Potassa Spirits Lavender Compou Water Dose—Two ounces, thrice a		o Drams. o Dram. lf "  " lf Ounce. o Pint.
This is an excellent form rer.	for exhibiting a tonic in conv	M. & D.
Fluid Extract of Colombo """ Ginger " Squill Bitartrate of Potassa	C AND TONIC INFUSION.  Tw	"  ir " id-a-half Pints.
- I wo ounces, three tir	mes a day.	Baillie.

# MIXTURES.

# IN DROPSICAL AFFECTIONS.

Fluid Extr	act of	Squill
		OpiumTwo Drams.
		amonTwo Drains.

Dose-Half to one dram, twice a day.

Paris.

# IN DIARRHEA AND DYSENTERY.

Dover's Powder	Five Grains.
Chalk Mixture	Twelve Drains.
Spirits of Cinnamon	Two Drams.
Syrup of Poppy	One Dram.

This Raught to be taken every four hours, or after each liquid motion.

Hooper.

#### ANTI-DYSENTERIC MIXTURE.

Fluid	Extract	of Khubarb	Drains.
64	6.6	"IpecacOne	Dram.
6.6	11	"CanellaOne	Dram.
Dose-H	alf drar	n every three hours.	M. & D.

# IN DYSPEPSIA.

Solution of Carbonate of Potassa	nan Dram.
Infusion of Gentian Compound	Half Ounce.
Tincture of Cascarilla	One Drain.

One draft. To be taken occasionally.

Duncan.

# IN DYSPEPSIA.

Solution of Carbonate of Po	tassa	Twe	nty Minims.
Chalk Mixture		Two	Ounces.
Tincture of Colombo		Two	Ounces.
I metate of colomes			

Dose-A teasponful in water, three times a day.

Frank.

# IN ACIDITY OF THE PRIME VIE.

Water of Ammonia	Sixteen Minims.
Almond Mixture	Two Ounces.
Fluid Ext. Opium (Aqueous)	Ten Minims.

Make a draught. To be taken three times a day. A. T. Thompson.

10

IN CARDIALGIA AND FLATULENCE IN GOU	TY HABITS.
Infusion of Colombo	Six Onnces.
Tincture of Colombo	One Drain.
Carbonate of Ammonia	
Dose-One-and-a-half ounces, morning and noon.	Brande.
IN TYPHUS. &c.	C: O
Tincture of Cinchona Compound	
Diluted Sulphuric Acid	
Syrup of Orange Peel	
Dose-Two onnees every two hours.	Lommius
Associated and Associ	
ANTI-SPASMODIC MIXTURE IN LARYNGISMUS	S STRIDULUS.
Fetid Spirit of Ammonia	Half Drain.
Tincture of Hyoscyamns	Ten Drops.
Syrup of Orange Peel	
Spirit of Anise	
Diluted Hydrocyanic Acid	Five Drops.
Water	
Dose—One drain, three times a day, for an infant	
old; the dose to be graduated according to age.	Reid.
the test in he graduated according to age.	Meta.
IN THE EARLY STAGES OF UNCOMPLICATED HO	
Syrup of PoppyOi	
Sulphate of MagnesiaOr	
Camphor MixtureOı	ne-and-a-half Ounces.
Dose—The fourth part every three hours.	R Williams.
DEWEE'S COLCHICUM MIXTURE	
Wine of Colchicum Seed	
Denarcotized Laudanum	
Sugar	Thirty Grains.
Water	One Ounce.
To be taken at night, in one draught.	P.
***************************************	
SCUDAMORE'S MIXTURE FOR GOUT	· ·
Sulphate of Magnesia	One Ounce.
Mint Water	
Vinegar of Colchicum	One Jance.
Syrup of Saffron	
MagnesiaTwo-a	
Mix. Dose—One to three tablespoonfuls every t	we hours All fan to
six evacuations are procured in the twenty-four hours.	no nours, till lour to
evacuations are procured in the twenty-four hours.	Р.

PURGING DRAUGHT.
GambogeFive Grains.
Tincture of Senna CompoundOne Dram.
" " JalapOne Dram.
Infusion of Senna CompoundOne Ounce.
Knighton.
IN ICTERUS.
Infusion of Cinchona
Tineture of ColomboTwo Drams.
Carbonate of PotassaTwelve Grains.
Make a draught. To be taken in the morning, and one hour before din-
ner, on an empty stomach. Hamilton.
THE PART OF THE PROPERTY OF TH
IN ANASARCA; DIURETIC AND TONIC.
Infusion of Gentian Compound
Acetate of Potassa
Spirits of Juniper Compound
Compound Spirit of Horse Radish
Spirits of Nitric EtherTwo Drams.
Make a mixture.
IN PHOSPHATIC DEPOSITS FROM THE URINE.
Diluted Phosphoric AcidOne Ounce.
Infusion of ColomboFourteen Ounces.
Tineture of Cardamon CompoundOne Ounce.
Tineture of Cardamon Compound
Dose—One ounce, three times a day.
water standards
IN PROTRACTED DYSENTERY.
Fluid Extract of LogwoodFive Drams.
Spirits of Cinnamon
Tinoture of Catechu
WaterSeven Ounces.
Dose—One ounce, every five hours. Pringle.
IN DYSPEPTIC CONSTIPATION.
Infusion of Senna CompoundOne Ounce.
Tincture " "
" Jalap " "
Syrup of Senna
Tartrate of Potassa
Make a draught. To be taken early in the morning. Currie.

CATHARTIC DRAUGHT.	
Infusion of Senna CompoundOne-and-	-half Ounces
Tincture of JalapOne Dram	ι.
" CastorOne Dram	
Fluid Extract of Aqueous OpiumTen Minis	ms.
Sulphate of MagnesiaSix Dram	S.
Daily marco of many march and march	Paris.
IN PALPITATION OF THE HEART FROM NERVOUS IRRIT	ARITINV
Tincture of Digitalis	
" " ColomboOne I	
Camphor MixtureTen 1	
Make a draught. Onc, twice a day.	Paris.
IN HOOPING COUGH.	
Fluid Ext. Opium (Aqueous)Fifteen	Minims.
Wine of IpecacOne Du	ain
Carbonate of SodaTwent	v. four Grains
Syrup	Duning
Syrup	Drains.
Water One Ou	Pearson.
A sixth part every four or six hours, for a child.	rearson.
LAXATIVE MIXTURE.	
Sulphate of MagnesiaOne C	Junce.
MannaTwo	Drams.
Infusion of Senna CompoundSix	"
Tincture " "Two	44
Infusion of SpearmintOne C	)unce.
Distilled WaterTwo	
Dose—One-and-a-half ounces, night and morning.	Abernethy.
Dose—One-ind-a-nail outloon, ingite and morning.	vicer neing.
APERIENT DRAUGHT.	
Infusion of Senna CompoundTwel	ve Drams.
Syrup of Orange PeelOne	
Sulphate of MagnesiaSix I	
	Blundell.
	Dillinatiti
ANTI-HYSTERIC DRAUGHT.	
Fluid Extract of Valerian	T
Tincture of Ammoniated ValerianOne	
Tincture of CastorOne	
Camphor MixtureTwel	
To be taken three times a day.	Frank.

AROMATIC APERIENT DRAUGHT.		
Infusion of Senna CompoundOne-and-a-h Tincture of Rhubarb "Two Drams " " Lavender "One Dram		
IN HOOPING COUGH.		
Fluid Extract of Conium	ince.	
Make a draught. One, three times a day.	Webster.	
IN ASTHMA, FROM DISEASE OF THE HEART.		
Tincture of Lobelia.         Two Dr           " "Hyoscyamus.         Three I           " "Digitalis.         Twenty           Compound Spirits of Ether.         Three I           Camphor Mixture         Five-and-a-h	Drams. Minims. Drams.	
Dose-A tablespoonful occasionally, or during the fit.	F.	
Contracting Contra		
IN HYSTERIA.		
Fluid Extract of CinchonaOne Ounce. " " ValcrianTwo Drams. SyrupFive Drams.		
Dose—One dram occasionally	Frank	
COMPOUND MIXTURE OF GENTIAN.		
Compound Infusion of GentianTwelve	Ounces.	
" " SennaSix	"	
" Tincture of Cardamom	16	
Dosc-One to two ounces. A tonic and cathartic preparation, dyspepsia and constipation.	adapted to	
SOOTHING JULEP.		
Syrup of Extract of Opium	Ounce. Drains	
To be made secundum artem, and taken by a tablespoonful at a hour to hour.	time, from	
•		

#### MINTURE AGAINST CHILBLAINS.

Balsam of Peru	Half Ounce.
Dissolve it in Alcohol	Four Ounces.
Add:	
Hydrochloric Acid	Onc Dram.
Tincture of Benzoin	Half Ounce.
To be rubbed upon the affected part several times a	day. To be kept i
a blue or black bottle, and labelled "For external use."	$T. \S R.$

# PILLS.

#### ANTACID PILLS.

Solid Extract of RhubarbOne	Scruple.
Carbonate of Soda	4
Solid Extract of Gentian "	66
CalomelThr	ee Grains.
To be made into twenty pills. Dosc-Two occasionally.	In dyspepsia,
with acidity of the stomach.	R.

#### DR. KITCHENER'S PERISTALTIC PERSUADERS.

Solid Extract of Rhubarb	One-and-a-half Drams.
Oil of Caraway	Ten Minims.
Syrup	Sufficient.
Divide into forty pills. Dose-Two	to three pills.

# A favorite aperient and carminative in CONSTIPATION and indigestion

# ERGOT PILLS.

Pulverized Ergot	. Nine, Twelve or Eighteen Grains.
Solid Extract of Hyoscyamus	
Nitrate of Potassa	
Pulverized Camphor	
Excipient	
lix, and divide into forty pills.	D.

#### COMPOUND PILLS OF IODIDE OF MERCHEY

The state of the s	
Iodide of Mercury	
Resin of GuaiacumTwo Scruples	
Solid Extract of Conium	s.

Triturate the resin of guaiacum into a mass with a little alcohol, then incorporate with it the extract of conium and iodide of mercury and divide into twenty pills.

These pills are alterative, and may be used in scrofulous and skin diseases. Extract of Sarsaparilla may be added to, or substituted for some of the other ingredients.

P.

DR. CHAPMAN'S DINNER PILLS.

Powdered Aloes	Eighteen (	
" Mastich		66
"Ipecac		66
Oil of Caraway		ns.
Mix, and make twelve pills. Dose-One before dinner	•	<i>P</i> .
MITCHELL'S APERIENT PILLS.		
Powdered Aloes		
" Rhubarb	•	
Caloinel		66
Tart. Antim. and Potassa		
Mix, and make pills No. 12. One acts as an aperient	; two or the	
cathartic.		P.
IN HYDROTHORAX AND ASCITES.	a. a	
Solid Ext. Digitalis		S.
Calomel	. DIX	
Powdered Opium		
Confection of Rose		<b>E</b> .
Make twelve pills. One to be taken every eight hours	i.	Æ.
-		
IN DROPSY COMPLICATED WITH DISEASE OF TI		
Solid Ext. Dandelion		
" " Uva Ursi	One Dram	١.
Calomel	Ten Grain	
Make ten pills. Two to be taken morning, noon and	night.	E.
IN DROPSY.	G: G :	
Solid Ext. Digitalis	Six Grains	3.
" Gentian	Hall Dran	n.
Powdered Squill	Fight Dran	11.
Oil of Juniper	Sufficient	ilis.
Syrup		
Make twelve pills. Dose-One, three times, daily.	Pe	earson.
	*	
ALTERATIVE AND DIURETIC IN ANASAR		
Solid Ext. Digitalis	. Five Grain	ns.
Powdered Squill	. Ten Grain	is.
Blue Mass	. Hall Dran	11.
Syrup of Acacia	. Sumelent.	Baillie.
Make ten pills. Dose-One, three times, daily.		juiisie.

128	PILLS.
Sulphate of I Soap Distilled Wa	RHUBARB AND SULPHATE OF IRON. t of Rhubarb
Blue Mass Solid Ext. Rl Bicarbonate Syrup of Rhu	ERATIVES, IN DERANGEMENT OF THE LIVER.  Nine Grains.  Twenty-four Grains.  of Soda
Solid Ext. Co	PILLS OF BLUE MASS AND COLOCYNTH.
	ANTI-GOUT PILL.
Solid Ext. Con Muriate of M Mix, and make	ct of Colchicum
Soap Mix, and make dose and if they The extract of be	PILLS WITH BUTTERNUT AND JALAP.  t of Butternut
	ANTICEPHALGIC PILLS
" " " " Butter of Ca	t of Belladonna

FOR NERVOUS HEADACHE.

Solid Ext. Rhubarb			
Nutmeg	•		
Oil of Peppermint	.Sufficient.		
Divide into thirty pills. Dose—Three, twice a day.	Dr. Wilson.		
ANTI-EPILEPTIC PILLS.			
Solid Ext. Belladonna	Six Grains.		
Oxide of Zinc	.Nine "		
Camphor			
Make twelve pills. One, three times a day.	Recamier.		
FOR CHRONIC INDIGESTION AND IRRITABILITY	OF STOMACH.		
Subnitrate of Bismuth	One Dram.		
Solid Ext. Rhubarb	.Half "		
Powdered Rhubarb, Aromatic	.Two Scruples.		
Syrup	.Sufficient.		
Make into eight pills. Take one before each meal.	P.		
PILLS OF CAMPHOR AND OPIUM.	PILLS OF CAMPHOR AND OPIUM.		
Camphor	Twenty-four Grains.		
Powdered Onium	oix Grains.		
Alcohol	Six Drops.		
Confection of Rose	Sufficient.		
Mix, and make twelve pills. Dose-One to two.	Р.		
LARTIGUE'S GOUT PILLS.			
Solid Ext. Colocynth Compound	.Two Drams.		
W W Digitalis	Jen Grains.		
Acetic Ext. Colchicum	Ten Grains.		
Make twenty-four pills. Dose-Two-	P.		
LAXATIVE TONIC PILLS. (Dr. Parrish, Se	nior.)		
Powdered Socotrine Alees	. I wo Scrupies.		
Solid Ext. Rhubarb	.rom		
" Gentian	.Twelve Drops.		
Oil of Caraway	Р.		
Make into thirty pills. Dose-Two before dinner.			

#### ANTI-NEURALGIC PILLS.

Solid Ext. Stramonium	5.
Extract of Opium (Aqueous)Eight Grains	s.
Oxide of ZineTwo Drams.	
Excipient Sufficient.	

For forty pills. From one to eight may be taken in the course of twenty-four hours, and the dose should be pushed until the patient experiences hallucinations, or at any rate considerable disorder of vision. T. § R.

PILLS FOR CHRONIC CATARRII OF THE BRONCHI	AND DIADDED
THES FOR CHRONIC CATARANT OF THE BRONCH	AND BLADDER.
Turpentine	Half Ounce.
Balsain of Tolu	Half Dram.
Ammoniae	One Dram.
Watery Extract of Opinin	Six Grains.
Excipient	Sufficient.
or seventy-eight pills. To take five daily.	T. & R.

#### FERRUGINOUS PILLS.

fron Filings, with a metallic lustre	. Half Ounce.
Soft Extract of Cinchona	.Seventy-five Grains.
Some inert Excipient	

Mix them carefully, and divide the mass into 100 pills, which are to be rolled in powdered gum. From one to ten to be taken daily, during meals. Used in simple chlorosis, anæmia, and convalescence from intermitting fevers.

T. & R.

# FERRUGINOUS PILLS.

Iron reduced by hydrogen	Half Ounce.
Sub-nitrate of Bismuth	Five Drams.
Watery Extract of Opium	Three Grains.
Syrup of Guin	Sufficient.

Mix, and divide into 125 pills. To be taken daily, during meals. Used in chlorosis, with pain in the stomach (gastralgia), or in the bowels (enteralgia), or a tendency-to diarrhea.

T. § R.

# TONIC FERRUGINOUS PILLS.

Iron reduced by hydrogen	Two-and-a-h	alf Drams.
Dry Extract of Cinchona		
Powdered Rhubarb		6.6
	C	

Rush.

I IIIII	·OI
was a superior of the superior	
ANTICHLOROTIC PILLS.	
Iron Filings, porphyrizedOne Dram. Solid Ext. WormwoodSufficient.	
Mix, and make thirty-six pills. Three or four to be taken night	n m.d
morning.	and
IN HABITUAL CONSTIPATION.	
Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus	
" Colocynth	
" Nux VomicaThree	
Make twenty-five pills. Dosc-One, night and morning.	
·	
DR, MITCHELL'S TONIC PILLS.	
Solid Ext. Quassia	ains.
	6
	: 6
Make into a mass, with a few drops of solution of arsenite of potass	a, (if
required); then divide into twelve pills. Dose—One, twice or three t	imes
	Р.
TONIC AND AROMATIC PILLS. (Dr. Parrish, Senior.)	
Sulphate of QuiniaThree Grains.	
Powdered CapsicumSix "	
MaceSix "	
Powdcred ClovesSix "	
Carbonate of AmmoniaSix	
Oil of Caraway	
Confection of RoseSufficient.	
Form a uniform tenacious mass, and divide into twelve pills.	P.
IN OBSTINATE INTERMITTENTS. (Dr. Chapman.)	
Sulphate of Copper	
Powdered OpiumFour "	
" Gum ArabicEight "	
EyrupSufficient.	
Make a mass, and divide into twelve pills. Dose-One every	three
hours.	<i>P</i> .
Homs.	
IN SCIRRHOUS PHLEGMON.	
Solid Ext. ContumThirty Grains	١.
U U Cinchone One Dram.	

" Cinchona. .....One Dram.

Make thirty pills. One, three times a day.

Α	NTT	CAT	ARR	TIAT.	PILLS.	

Sulphuret of Calcium	Fifteen Grains
•	Twenty Grains.
Inert Excipient	
•	From one to four, to be taken daily,
in chronic pulmonary catarrh.	T. & R.

# BECHIR (EXPECTORANT) PILLS.

Solid Ext. Digitalis	Fifteen Grains.
White Oxide of Antimony	
Inert Excipient	Sufficient.

Make forty pills. From one to six to be taken daily by children. From four to twenty by adults. Used in cases of catarrh of the pulmonary capillaries, pulmonary apoplexy, and subacute apoplexy.

T. & R.

# IN OBSTINATE CARDIALGIA AND GOUTY HABITS.

Solid Extract of GentianOne-and-a-	half Drams.
Carbonate of AminoniaOne Dram.	
Take twenty-four pills. Two, twice or thrice a day.	Brande.

# IN DYSPEPSIA AND FLATULENT ACIDITY.

Carbonate of Ammonia	Five Grains.
Solid Ext. Rhubarb	Eight Grains.
Make three pills.	Paris

# HYDRAGOGUE PILLS.

Assafætida		Half Dram.
Powdered S	quill	Half Dram.
Solid Ext. C	Colocynth	Fifteen Grains.
	Digitalis	
Take twenty	pills. Two every three hours, in symp	tomatic dropsies.
		Rouchardat

### ANODYNE PILLS.

OpiumFour G	
Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus	
Make six pills. One each night.	Darwin.

# ANTI-EPILEPTIC PILLS.

M	ake six pills.	One, night and morning.	Recamier.
	Oxide of Zinc.		Six Grains.
	Solid Extract (	oi Belladonna	Four Grains.

TO PREVENT PRIADISM OR CHORDEE IN ACUTE GONORRHEA, AND ALSO IN CHANCRES IN THE URETHRA.  Camphor
Camphor
Solid Ext. Lettuce
IN OBSTINATE GLEET.  Solid Ext. Nux Vomica
Solid Ext. Nux Vonica
Solid Ext. Nux Vonica
Disulphate of Quinia. Twenty-four Grains.  Solid Ext. Hyoscyanus. Twenty-four Grains.  Make twenty-four pills. Two to be taken one hour before each meal.  Johnson.  IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Camphor. One Scruple.  Solid Ext. Hop. One Dram.  " " Lettuce One Scruple.  Make into twenty pills. Three when the pain commences, and occasion ally afterwards. Rigby.  TO RELIEVE THE PAIN IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus Two Grains.  Camphor One Grain.  Make two pills. To be taken two or three times a day. Ashwell.
Solid Ext. Hyoscyanus
Make twenty-four pills. Two to be taken one hour before each meal.  Johnson.  IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Camphor
Johnson.  IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Camphor
Camphor
Camphor
Solid Ext. Hop
" "Lettuce
Make into twenty pills. Three when the pain commences, and occasion ally afterwards.  TO RELIEVE THE PAIN IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus
TO RELIEVE THE PAIN IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus
TO RELIEVE THE PAIN IN DYSMENORRHEA.  Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus
Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus
Solid Ext. Hyoscyamus
Camphor
Powdered Ipecac
POWDERS.
IN DIARRHEA FROM ACIDITY.
Compound Powder of Chalk with OpiumOne Scruple.
Powder of Catechu ExtrFifteen Grains.
Make powder. One to be taken after each liquid motion. Paris.
ALLEN'S ANTI-DYSENTERIC.
Precipitated Carbonate of LimeTwo Drams.
Dover's PowderOne Scruple.
Powdered RhubarbOne Drain.
Gum Opium
Make four powders. Dose-One, night and morning, in syrup.
M. & D.

IN OBSTINATE CONSTIPATION IN TRAUMATIC TETANU	JS.
Powdered Scammony	
" JalapOne D	ram.
" GambogeTwelve	Grains.
" GingerTen G	rains
Make three powders. Dose-One, every three hours until the	Bullen.
freely.	Butten.
EXPECTORANT POWDER.	Cusina
Powdered IpecacTwelve	Grains.
Squiii	66
Nitrate of PotassaThirty	
Make six powders. Dose-One, every four hours.	F.
-	
IN CALCULUS.	
Powdered Uva UrsiOne Ou	mce.
Bicarbonate of Potassa	
	Burns.
Dose—Twenty grains to one dram, twice or thrice daily.	Duins.
IN REMITTING AND INTERMITTING FEVERS.	
Powdered Cinchona	ram.
" Cascarilla	
	artmann.
make a powder. To be taken nequently.	<i></i>
ARTERIAL SEDATIVE.	
Tartrate of Antimony and PotassaOne Gr	
Nitrate of PotassaHalf D	
Sugar	ram.
Triturate into powder, and distribute equally into twelve paper	rs. P
FOR THE DIARRHEA OF YOUNG CHILDREN.	
Acetate of LeadTwo G	
Opium	
CamphorOne Gr	
SugarThree	
Triturate, and divide into twelve papers. Dose-One, every t	wo or three
nours.	
The child should be kept quiet, and fed upon arrowroot, flou	ar boiled in
milk, or a mixture of barley-water and cream.	

For adults, the whole quantity prescribed may be taken at one dose. P.

DR. OTTO'S ANTI-SPASMODIC POWDERS.	
Black Mustard SeedOne Ounce.	
Powdered Sage " "	
"Ginger" ", "	
Mix thoroughly.	
Dose-Three teaspoonfuls, for three mornings in succession; discon	tinue
three; then give as before. To be moistened with water or molasses.	
This powder is highly recommended, in epilepsy, by several practiti-	oners.
and recently by Dr. Charles O. Hendry, of Haddonfield, N. J.	P.
PURGATIVE POWDERS.	
1.	
CalomelFive Grains.	
Powdered RhubarbFive Grains.	
Oil of CinnamonOne Drop.	
*	E.
To be given in molasses.	E.
2.	
CalomelFive Grains.	
Powdered JalapFive "	
" RhubarbFive	
Oil of CinnamonOne Drop.	
To be given as the former.	E.
3.	
Compound Powder of Jalap	
Powdered GambogeSix Grains.	
Divide into six papers. Dose—One powder, every two hours, in mol	asses
or syrup.	E.
FERRUGINOUS POWDERS.	
Iron reduced by HydrogenTwo Drams.	
Powdered SugarFive Drams.	
Mix them carefully, and divide the mixture into twenty equal pac	kets.
From one to four to be taken daily, in the first spoonful of scup, or in	bis-
cuit water.	
Used in anæmia, and after hemorrhages and intermittent fevers.	
T. &	R.
IN SYCHOSIS MENTI.	
Sulphate of IronTen Parts.	
CharcoalThirty-five Po	arts.
Mix. Used externally. Dauverg	
Mix. Cook oxtornory.	

TIOTES	ACTITO	TATEOUR	POWDERS.	

Iron reduced by Hydrogen	.One Dram.
Powdered Gentian	.Half "
" Cinnamon	.Half "
Calcined Magnesia	.Half "
Mix them accurately, and divide into twenty packets.	Dose-One to be

taken night and morning, during a meal.

Used in pyrosis, and atony of the digestive canal.

T. & R.

# ANTI-NEURALGIC TONIC POWDERS.

Carbonate of Iron.....One-and-a-half Ounces. Mix, and divide into fifty packets. From one to ten to be taken daily.

Used in obstinate neuralgia of the temporo-facial nerves, accompanied with chlorosis.

#### RESTORATIVE TONIC POWDERS.

Iron reduced by Hydrogen ...... Two-and-a-half Drams. 

Mix, and divide into twenty packets. One to four to be taken daily. Used in anæmia, and at the close of intermittent fevers.

# IN OBSTINATE DIARRHEAS AND PASSIVE HEMORRHAGES.

Alum .....One Dram. Sugar......One Dram. Opium ......Four Grains.

Mix for twelve powders. Dose-Two or three, daily.

Bouchardat.

#### IN HOOPING COUGH.

Belladonna.....One to three Grains. Musk . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Five Grains.

Camphor......

Mix for eight powders. Kopp. OR,

Belladonna..... Two Grains. Ipecac......

Sulphur ..... Thirty-two Grains. Sugar of Milk..... " "

Mix for eight powders. Dose-Three, daily.

#### IN NEPHRITIC COMPLAINTS.

Make twelve powders. Dose—One, three times a day, to be taken in sugar and water. R.

# SYRUPS.

#### BOULLAY'S SYRUP.

Fluid	Extract	of	Ipecac	Two	Drams.
			Cinchona		
			Onium		Dram

" " Opium ......One Dram.
Syrnp ......Six Ounces.

Dosc-One dram to half ounce, frequently, according to the age of the patient. Used in pertussis.

#### BALSAMIC SYRUP.

Venice Turpentine.......Six-and-a-half Ounces.
Simple Syrup.......Thirty-two Onness.

Digest them in a water bath for twenty-four hours, strain, and add:

Rectified Oil of Turpentinc......Thirty Drops.

Dose—One to six ounces, to be taken daily in chronic catarrh of the kidneys, of the bladder, or of the lungs; and in patients weakened by excessive suppuration.

T. & R.

# IN SCROFULOUS AFFECTIONS, ACCOMPANIED BY CHLOROSIS.

Dissolve the salts in the filtered water; add the syrup, and shake them together. Dose—One to three ounces daily.

Mialhe.

# SYRUP OF SULPHATE OF STRYCHNINE.

Dissolve the sulphate of strychnine in a little water, and add the syrup. Shake them together. This syrup is employed in doses of from three to four teaspoonfuls to even six to eight tablespoonfuls in the course of the day, for children and young people affected with chorea, (St. Vitus' dance,) so as to produce considerable stiffness of the limbs, and a kind of tetanic twitchings. It is employed in paralysis in the same away.

T. & R.

tine

TINCTURES.
LIQUID SUBSTITUTE FOR DOVER'S POWDER.
Wine of IpecacSixteen Minims.
Tincture of Opium
Spirit Nitric EtherOne Dram.
Take at one dose at going to bed.  P.
A BITTER TONIC FOR DYSPEPSIA.
Tincture of Cinchona and Quassia CompoundFourteen Ounce
" "Nux VomicaOne Dram.
Dosc-A teaspoonful three times a day in a little sugar and water. I
IN DYSPEPSIA WITH ACIDITY.
Fluid Extract of ColomboOne Ounce.
" "Rhubarb
" " GingerOne Dram.
Dried Carbonate of SodaTwo Drams.
Diluted AlcoholFour Ounces.
Dose—One to two drams. R.
Минический при
CHEYNE'S STOMACHIC TINCTURE.
Fluid Extract of RhubarbTwo Ounces.
" " CinchonaOne Ounce.
" " Orange Peel
Ginger
Compound of sumper
Iniciate of Caramoni
Sherry Wino
octure of Dr. Cheyne, which he facetiously named The Bishop.
M. & D.
IN THE NERVOUS IRRITABILITY AND SLEEPLESSNESS OF DRUNKARDS.
Tincture of ColomboOne Ounce.
" " Quassia" " "
" " Gentian " "
" Cinciona " "
Hydrochlorate of Morphia
Dose—One dram, three or four times a day—one hour before a meal.

Graves.

37 A	DOO	TIC	SFF	VMIT	DE

Tincture of Belladonna......Ten Drams. Fl. Ext. Opium (Aqueous)......Ten Drams.

Mix. Used by means of friction, or poured upon the face of a poultice to the extent of one or two tablespoonfuls, to allay pain.

#### AS PROPHYLACTIC OF CHOLERA.

Fluid Extract of Aqueous Opium.....One-and-a-half Drams.

Extract of Aloes......One Dram.

Dose-Ten drops, to be taken every morning in a spoonful of Madeira Franceschi. or coffee.

# RECOMMENDED IN CHOLERA.

Etherial Tincture of Valerian . . . . . . . . . One Ounce.

Spirit of Sulphuric Ether ......One 

Fluid Ext. Aqueous Opium ...... Six Drams.

Dose-Twenty to forty drops in a little peppermint infusion, given frequently.

#### FOX'S TINCTURE.

Infusion of Horse-Radish ......Four Ounces.

Fluid Extract of Valerian ..... Two Drams. 

Sherry Wine.....Two Pints.

Dose-One ounce every three hours. Used in paralysis and chronic rheumatism.

# IN MENSTRUAL RETENTION.

Tincture of Aloes Compound......One-and-a-half Ounces.

" Castor.....Two Drams.

" Cantharides ...... Half Dram.

Dose-Half to one-and-a-half drams.

Clarke.

# IN BRONCHITIS WITH TENDENCY TO ASTHMA.

" Bloodroot .....One

Empyreumatic Syrup......Six Ounces. Dosc-Half to one dram, several times a day.

F.

# LITHONTRIPTIC TINCTURE.

Flui	d Ext.	Gentian	CompoundTwo	Dunces.
			GingerOne	
44	44	66	SpearmintOne	Dunce.
Bica	rbonat	e of Pota	ussaTwo	Drams.
Dilu	ted Al	cohol	Six C	unces.
Dose-	Two t	o four dra	ams three times a day.	

### PEYRILKE'S ELIXIR.

Fluid Extract of Gentian	
Carbonate of Potassa	One Dram.
Diluted Alcohol	One Pint.
Dosa-Half ounce three times a day V	Vith this Elixir, Mons, Pevrilke

Dose—Half ounce three times a day. With this Elixir, Mons. Peyrilke obtained great reputation in the treatment of scrofula.

# WINES.

# ANTI-GOUT WINE OF DR. ANDERSON.

Fluid Extract of Colchicum Root	.Thirty	Parts.
Leaves of the Ash Tree		
Tincture of Aconite		u
" Digitalis		66
		1 . 1

#### RADCLIFFE'S WINE.

White Mustard	.Three Drams.
Gentian Root	One Dram.
Coriander Seed	.One-and-a-half Drams
Pulverized Nutmeg	.One-and-a-half Drams
Sherry Wine	.Two Pints.

Digest for five days, and filter for use.

This wine was much used by the celebrated Dr. Radcliffe, and was by him believed to be particularly adapted to support the vis vitæ, when the constitution had been impaired by the intemperate use of ardent spirits.

M. & D.

#### IN GOUT.

W: C C-1-1-1 C 1	Tl D
wine of Colonicum Seed	Three Drams.
Fluid Extract of Opium	
Doga Twenty to thirty drops	Fisemmann

TAMES)	DITTRETTO	WINE

Infusion of Horse	Radish	Six Ounces.
Fluid Extract of	Canella	Three Drams.
	Seneka	Three Drams.
Sherry Wine		One-and-a-half Pints.
Dose-Two ounces,	twice a day.	

# IN DROPSY AND CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.

Lignum Guaiac. OffOne	Ounce.
Fluid Ext. Black HelleboreOne	44
" " Orange Peel	44
Essence of Cardamon	44
Wine	Pints.

Dose-Two to three drams, twice a day.

M. & D.

# BITTER WINE IN SCROFULA.

Fluid Extr.	Chamomile	Half Ounce.
"	Cinchona	Half Ounce.
66 66	Ginger	Two Drams.
	of Potassa	
Dose-Half t	o one ounce, three times a day.	M. & D.

# RICHARD'S SQUILL WINE.

F aid F	Ext.	Squill		,		One (	Dunce	•	
	66	Orange Pe	el			Two	Dram	s.	
46	66	Blue Flag				Two	Dram	s.	
Oxymel	of	Squill				Two	Ounce	es.	
Wine						One F	int.		
					T 2			2	T

Dose-Half ounce, four times a day. In dropsy.

# GARGLE TO CORRECT OFFENSIVE BREATH.

Infusion of Cinchona	Five Ounces.
Chloride of Soda	One-and-a-half Ounces.
Unioride of Boda	One-and-a-half "
Honey of Roses	One-and-a-nan
a co tuitmented with a little sugar	Four Drops.

Spirit of Cloves, triturated with a little sug

Mix, for a gargle. Used in scurvy, fætor of the breath, softening of the gums, &c.

HEVIC CADAL	ULOUS LOTION.
Sulphate of Zinc	
Spirit of Rosemary	
Tincture of Lavender Compoun	
	Fifteen Ounces.
Mix.	Ounces.
BLIX.	
GARGLE AND	MOUTH WASH.
Borate of Soda	
Rose Water	Two Ounces.
Honey	One Ounce.
Mix, and add,	
Tincture of Myrrh	
	Two Ounces.
Use as a gargle, every two or three	
***************************************	······································
TOTOTOTA	
DENTII	FRICES.
Rcd Bole	
Coral	
Sepia Bone	
	One-and-a-half Ounces.
Cochineal	
	Four-and-a-half Ounces.
Cinnamon	
Cloves	One Dram.
All to be finely powdered and mixe	d.
Aromatic Calamus	
Charcoal	One Dram.
Soap	One Dram.
Oil of Cloves.,	
	<del></del>
3	
Venetian Talc	Four Ounces.
Bicarbonate of Scda	One Ounce.
Carmine	Five Grains.
Oil of Mint	Ten Minims.
4	
Charcoal	Four Parts.
Cinchona	Two Parts.
Myrrh	One "

#### DENTIFRICES.

5.	
Cinchona	Two Ounces.
Orris Powder	One Ounce.
Muriate of Ammonia	
Catechu	Six Drams.
Myrrh	Six Drams.
Oil of Cloves	
6.	
Camphor (finely pulverized)	One Part.
Prepared Chalk	Three to Seven Parts
ANTIARTHRITIC 1	POULTICE.
Broad Cumba	Thirty-two Ounces

Dicad Ordinos Odnoco.
Water
Alcohol, of each, equal parts Sufficient.
To give the bread crumbs the consistence of a poultice, heat it upon a

gentle fire. The poultice being made, add to the surface:

Solid Extract of Opium......Seventy-five Grains.

Apply the poultice, when tepid, to the painful joint, and leave it on at least three days. Cover it with oil-cloth or flannel, to keep in the moisture.

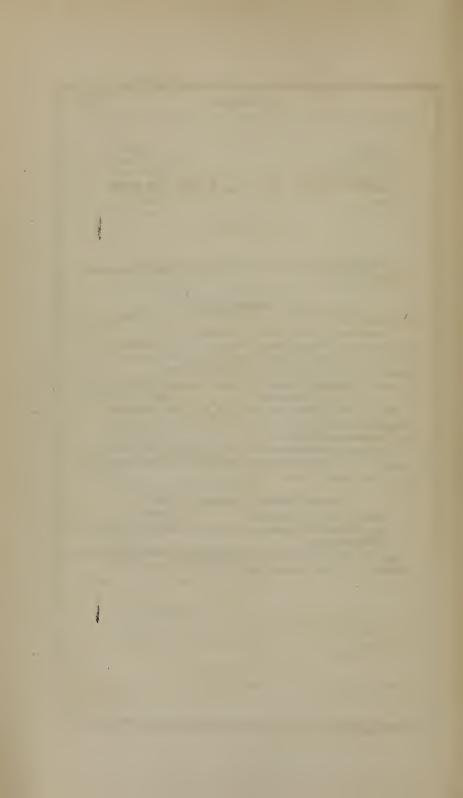
T. & R.

# SEDATIVE LINIMENT, FOR ULCERATED PILES.

Yolk of One Egg.

Beat the substances together, to make a liniment. Let fledgets of tow be soaked in it, and applied to the principal hæmorrhoidal tumors.

T. & R.



# INDEX TO DISEASES.

Diseases mentioned in the preceding pages, referred to their specific Formulæ.

Page,	Page.
Acidity of the Prima Via 121	Gastralgia 119
Amenorrhea	Gleet45, 82, 133
with Mania31, 98	Gonorrhea
Anasarca123, 127	Gout2, 122, 128, 129, 140
Anæmia of Children 29	• • • •
Apthæ	Hæmatopsis
Ascites	Headache40, 129
Asthma	Heart, Palpitation of
Atony of the Intestines 30	Herpetic Eruptions 54
Atrophy from Bad Diet 29	Hooping Cough 122, 124, 125, 136
ittophy nom Zaa Ziottititi	Hydrothorax 127
Borborygmi	Hysteria96, 124, 125
Bright's Disease	, ,
Bronchitis	Icterus 123
Dionentia	Intermittent Fever
Calculus	,
Catarrh of the Bronchi & Bladder, 130	Jaundice 6, 59, 111
Chilblains126	, ,
Chlorosis52, 101, 130, 131, 137	Laryngismus Stridulus 122
Cholera Infantum	Liver Affections 71
" Morbus 50	
Chorea	Menstrual Retention
Chronic Diarrhea	
Colic	Nervous Irritability 2, 40, 78, 138
College and a second a second and a second a	Neuralgic Affections 41, 60, 130, 136
Dinous	Troutaigle terretained to a, ,
Costiveness	Passive Hemorrhages86, 136
Coughs	Piles
Croup 74	Priapism :
	Pulmonary Irritations 34
Diarrhea .50, 52, 116, 121, 133, 134, 136	1 unionally 2
Dropsy 61, 63, 70, 111, 121, 127, 141	Renal Affections 47
Dysentery, 59, 60, 66, 116, 121, 123, 133	Rheumatism2, 42, 60, 70, 116, 141
Dysmenorrhea	Tolleanine is in the second se
Dyspepsia, 5, 49, 84, 88, 111, 119, 121	Scarlatina
125, 126, 138	Scirrhous Phlegmon
100	Scrofula36, 105, 137, 141, 142
Epilepsy 129	Sore Mouth
20. 50	" Throat58, 59
Flatulence	THIOM

# INDEX TO DISEASES.

Pa · e.	Pare.		
Sychosis Menti	Tinea Capitis		
Syphilis34, 36, 80, 105			
	Ulcels		
Tape Worm 14	Urine, Phosphatic deposits from 123		
Tetanus 19	Scalding of 76		
Traumatic Tetanus			
Tuberculosis 120			
Typhus, &c 122	Worms		
Tie Doloreux 100			

A. 1	Anthemis Nobilis-	Page.
Page.	Infusion of	4
Aconite 2	Sol. Ext	
and Colchicum, Wine of 2	Syrup of	. 5
Compound, Pills of 2	Wine of	
" Wine of 1	Antiarthritic Poultice	143
and Dover's Powd., Pills of 2	Apocynin	. 5
Fl. Ext 1	Compd. Powder of	
Ointment 2	Pills of	
Pills of 1	Apocynum Androsæmifolium	. 5
Plaster 2	Fl. Ext	
Sol. Ext 1	Pills of	
Tincture of 1	Solid Ext	
and Valerian, Mixture of 2	Apocynum Cannabinum	
Wine of 1	Fl. Ext	
Aconitum Napellus 1	Infusion of	
Alder, Black 87	Pills of	
Compd. Infusion of 88	Sol. Ext	. 7
Fl. Ext 88	Syrup of	
Lotion of 88	Tincture of	
Syrup of 88	Wine of	
Tincture of 88	Arbutus	
Aletridin 3	Fl. Ext	
Aletris Farinosa 3	Infusion of	. 44
Fl. Ext 3	Arctostaphylos Uva Ursi. (See Uv	a
Pills of 3	Ursi.)	
Syrup of 3	Aristolochia Sernentaria. (See	
Tincture of 3	Snakeroot.)	. 9
Alnuin 4	Arnica Montana	-
Alnus Rubra 4	Compd. Infusion	
Infusion of 4	Fl. Ext	
Fl. Ext	Infusion of	
Aloes and Canella, Wine of 19	Mixture of	
and Nux Vomica, Pills of. 109	and Rue, Fomentation of.	
Ammonia, Acet. Liq	Tincture of	
Arom. Spts20, 32	Artemisia Absinthium. ( See Worm	
Carbonate of	wood.)	
Muriate of 70	Asclepias Incarnata	. 11
A III II CIIII II I I I I I I I I I I I	Fl. Ext	
Compa. Milation of the control of th	Infusion of	
Fl. Ext 4	2011-2011-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	

# INDEX.

Asclepias Incarnata—	Page.	Bittersweet-	Page.
Syrup of		Pills of	104
Tincture cf		Sol. Ext	104
Asclepias Tuberosa. (See Pleurisy	7	Syrup of	104
Root.	10	Blackberry	94
Asclepidin		Fl. Ext	94
Pills of	. 12	Infusion of	94
Aspidium Filix Mas. (See Male	8	Pills of	94
Fern.) Atropa Belladonna. (See Bella		Sol. Ext	94
donna.)	•	Syrup of	94
Atropia, Pills of	. 14	Wine of	94
Aurantii Cortex. (See Orange Peel.		Black Cohosh	26
224.6 0 0 ( 0	_	Fl. Ext	26
В.		Tincture of	26
		Compd	27
Balmony	24	" Fl. Ext	26
Fl. Ext	25	" Syrup of	27
Syrup of	25	Compd. Pills of	27
Tincture of		Compd. Tincture of	26
Baptisia Tinctoria. (See Wild In	-	Pills of	26
digo.)	10	Solid Ext.	- 26
Baptisin	. 16	Syrup of	27
Barosma Crenata. (See Buchu.)	Pro	Black Hellebore	53
Bayberry		Compd. Pills of	54
Fl. Ext		Compd. Tincture of	54
Infusion of		Compd. Wine ofFl. Ext	54 54
Belladonna		Ointment of	54
Camphor, &c., Pills of		Pills of	54
Compd. Pills of		Solid Ext	54
Fl. Ext		Tincture of	54
Infusion of		Black Pepper	82
Liniment of		Fl. Ext	82
Ointment of		Syrup of	82
Pills of		Tineture of	82
Poultice of		Bloodroot	96
Solid Ext		Compd. Syrup of	98
Syrup of	14	Compd. Tincture of	97
Tincture of	119	Fl. Ext.	97
Bethroot		and Hydrocyanic Acid, Mix	00
Infusion of	113	ture of	98 = 97
Bitter Root	5	Sol. Ext	97
Fl. Ext	5	Syrup of	97
Infusion of	6	Tincture of	97
Sol. Ext		Vinegar of	97
Syrup of	6	Blue Cohosh	68
Tincture of	6	Fl. Ext	69
Wine of	. 6	Gargle of	69
Bittersweet	104	Infusion of	69
Compd. Infusion of		Mixture of	69
"Syrup of		Pills of	69
Fl. Ext.		Sol. Ext	69
Infusion of		Syrup of	69
Mixture of	. 105	Tincture of	69

	Page. 1	Page.
Blue Flag	62	Canella 18
Compd. Tincture of	63	and Aloes, Wine of 18
Fl. Ext	62	Fl. Ext 18
	62	Tincture of
Sol. Ext	63	Canella Alba
Syrup of	63	Cascarilla
Tincture of	46	Alkatine Infusion of 37
Boneset	46	Compd. Wine of 37
Compd. Infusion of	46	
Fi. Ext	46	F1. Ext
Infusion of	46	Tincture of 37
Sol. Ext		
Syrup of	46	Capsicum Annuum. (See Cayenne
Tincture of	40	Pepper.)
Boxwood. (See Dogwood.)	17	Cassia Acutifolia. (See Senna.)
Buchu Batash Min	17	r
and Acetate of Potash, Mix-	17	Fl. Ext
ture of	17	
Fl. Ext	17	
Infusion of	17	
Tincture of		3.000
Compound		
"Fl. Ext		
Illiusion of		2 11 23 20 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
Buckthorn		
Fl. Ext		
Syrup of		Zjinp oli i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
Bugle Weed		211000000000000000000000000000000000000
Fl. Ext		Octana
Infusion of .:		Fl. Ext
Syrup of		
Burdock		227,700
Compd. Syrup of		
Fl. Ext.		
lafusion of		Cephælis Ipecacuanha. (See Ipe-
Pills of		Chanomile
Sol. Ext		Chainomile
Syrup of	67	Compd. Infusion of 5
Tincture of		
Butternut		Compd. Pills of 5 Fl. Ext 4
Fl. Ext		Infusion of 4
and Jalap, Pills of		Sol. Ext 4
Sol. Ext	. 64	Sol. Ext. 4 Syrup of 5
G.		Wine of 5
C		Chelidoninin Majus. (See Celan-
	10	dine.)
Cannabis Indica		Chelone Glabra. (See Balmony.
Draught of		Chelonin
Fl. Ext.		Chimaphila Umbellata (See
and Ignatia, Pills of		Prince's Pine.)
Mixture of		
Pills of		Cimicifuga Racemosa. (See Black Cohosh.)
Sol. Ext	. 19	
Symp of	. 20	Cimicifugin
Tincture of		1
Wine of	. 20	Cinchona 27

	ige.	Cotton—	Page.
and Chamomile, Mixture of	29	Infusion of	52
Compd. Infusion of	28	Cranesbill	49
Compd. Tincture of	28	Compd. Infusion of	50
Fl. Ěxt	28	Fl. Ext	50
Infusion of	28	Infusion of	50
Tincture of	28	Solid Ext	50
and Valerian, Mixture of	29	Syrup of	56
Wine of	28	Tincture of	ōe.
Compound	29	Crocus Sativus. (See Saffron.)	
'' Fl. Ext	28	Croton Eleuteria. (See Cascarilla.)	
Cissampelos Pareira. (Sec Pareira	20	Cubebs	81
Brava.)		Etherial, Fl. Ext	81
	15	and Ergot, Mixture of	
Citrus Vulgaris (See Colomba)	15	El Est	81
Cocculus Palmatus. (See Colombo.)	2	Fl. Ext.	81
Colchicum and Aconite, Wine of	2	Solid Ext	81
Colchicum	31	Tincture of	82
Colchicum Autumnale	31	Cucumis Colocynthis. (See Colo-	
Colchicum Root, Fl Ext	32	cynth.)	
Seed, Fl. Ext	32	Curcuma Longa. (See Turmeric.)	
" Syrup of	32	Cypripedin	40
" Tincture of	32	Pills of	40
" Wine of	32	Cypripedium Pubescens. (See La-	
" Compd. Tinct. of	32	dies' Slipper.	0
and Digitalis, Tinet. of	32		
Mixture of	33	D.	
Colocynth	37		
Sol. Ext.	38	Dandelion	
and Blue Mass, Pills of	38	and Blue Mass, Pills of	
and Calomel " "	38	Compd. Infusion of	111
and Hyoseyamus " "	39	Compd. Pills of	111
Compd. Sol. Ext	38	Fl. Ext	110
Colombo	30	Infusion of	110
and Cascarilla, Mixture of,	31	Mixture of	110
Compd. Infusion of30,	31	Solid Ext	110
Compd. Pills of	31	Syrup	112
Fl. Ext	30	Compd. Fl. Ext	112
Sol. Ext	30	" Syrup	112
and Tartrate of Iron, Pills of	31	and Senna, Fl. Ext	110
Conium Maculatum	33	Datura Stramonium. (Sce Stra-	
Fl. Ext	33	monium.)	
Sol. Ext	33	Dentifrices142,	143
Infusion of	33	Digitalin	42
Tincture of	33	Digitalis and Colchicum, Tinct. of,	32
and Calomel, Pills of	34	Digitalis Purpurea. (See Fox-	
and Ipecac, Pills of	34	glove.)	
and Poppy, Mixture of	33	Dioscorea Villosa	43
and Squill, Mixture of	99	Dioscorein	
Ointment of	34	Dogwood	3.4
Cornin	34	Fl. Ext.	34
Cornus Florida. (See Dogwood.)		Infusion of	34
Corydalin	35	Pills of	34
Corydalis Formosa. (See Turkey	00	Sol. Ext	34
Corn.)		Tincture of	34
Cotton	51	Syrup of	35
Fl. Ext	51	Wine of	35
2	01	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	30

	Continu
Page.	Gentian— Page.
Dover's Powder & Aconite, Pills of, 2	and Iron, Pills of 49
Diquiu Sub. Ioi 130	Pills of
1 1115 01	and Rhubarb, Tincture of 48
Draught of Cannabis Indica 19	Solid Ext
-	and Sulphate of Iron, Pills
E.	of
	Syrup 48
Elder Water 24	Tincture of
Elixir of Peyrilke 140	Wine of 49
Epigæa Repens. (See Arbutus.)	Compound 49
Ergot 44	" Fl. Ext 48
and Cubebs, Mixture of 82	Gentiana Lutea 48
Fl. Ext 44	Geraniin 50
Infusion of	Pills of 50
Mixture of 45	Geranium Maculatum. (See
Pills of 44	Cranesbill.)
Syrnp of 45	Gillenia Trifoliata 51
Tincture of 44	Fl. Ext 51
Wine of 45	Syrup 51
Ergota 44	Tincture 51
Essence of Cardamon 29	Ginger 116
Euonymus Atropurpureus. (See	Fl. Ext 117
Wahoo.)	Infusion of 117
Eupatorin	Syrup of 117
Eupatorium Perfoliatum. (See	Tincture of 117
Bonesct.)	Golden Seal 57
Eupurpurin 46	and Aconite, Solution of 58
Eupurpuim	Compd. Infusion of 58
F.	Compd. Tincture of 58
**	Fl. Ext 58
False Unicorn 55	Sol. Ext
Fennel, Essence of	Tincture of 58
Fomentation of Wormwood 11	Gossypium Herbaceum 51
Fothergill's Pills 38	dosny james 12200 and 1
Foxglove and Lettuce, Mixture of, 67	Н.
102510101010101	
Mixture of Tincture of 43 and Acetate of Potassa, Mix-	Hæmatoxylon Campechianum.
, 10	(See Logwood.)
tale of the tale	Hamamelis Virginica. (See Witch
L'Il apoir	Hazel.)
Tincture of 42	Hardhack 105
C	Hellebore, American. (See Vera-
G.	trum.)
G 1 APR Calcale 60	Helleborus Niger. (See Black Hel-
Gargle of Blue Cohosh 69	lebore.)
Cajenne zepper	Helonias Dioica 55
White Oak 90	Helonin
Wild Indigo 17	Hemlock
Sumach	Henhane 59
to correct offensive Breath, 141	Tiennanc Dill CO
and Mouth Wash 142	1 T D:11 - 6
Gelseminin 47	Opium and Conium, Pills of 60
Gelseminum Sempervirens. (See	Hepatica Americana. (See Liver-
Yellow Jessainine.)	
Gentian	149
Fl. Ext 48	Tiey's Scrottinus Lotton

	Page.	Infusions—	Page
Hickory Ashes	119	Alkaline	119
Hiera Picra, Tincture of	19	Arbutus	44
Hive Syrup	100	Arnica	10
Hop	56	" Compd	10
Fl. Ext	56	Asclepias Inc	12
Infusion of		Bayberry	77
Mixture of		Belladonna	14
Sol. Ext		Bethroot	113
Tincture of	56	Bitterroot	6
Horehound		Bittcrsweet	101
Fl. Ext		" Compd	104
Pills of		Black Alder, Compd	88
Sol. Ext		Blackberry	94
Syrup of		Bloodroot	97
Tincture of		Blue Cohosh	69
Humulus Lupulus. (See Hop.)	10	Boneset	46
Hydrangea Arborescens	57	" Compd	
		Compa	46
Fl. Ext		Buchu	17
		" Compd	18
" (Resinoid)		Bugle	74
1 1115 01	58	Burdock	67
Hydrastina (Alkaloid)		Cascarilla	37
I 1115 OI		Alkaline	37
Hydrastis, Canadensis. (See Gold-		Catnip	78
en Seal.)	50	Cayenne Pepper	21
Hyoscyamin		Celandine	24
Hyoscyamus and Colocynth, Pills		Chamomile	4
of		" Compd	5
Compd. Pills of		Cinchona28, 119	, 122
Fl. Ext		" Compd 28	122
Infusion of		Colombo30, 120, 122	, 123
Pills of		" Compd3	0, 31
Sol. Ext		Compound Bitter	120
and Squill, Mixture of		Conium	33
Tincture of	60	Cotton	52
Hyoscyamus Niger. (See Hen-		Cranesbill	50
bane.)		" Compd	50
		Dandelion	110
I.		Compd.	111
		Diuretic and Tonic	120
Ignatia, Compound Pills of		Dogwood	3.4
" Wine of	. 108	Dr Physick's	119
Fl. Ext	. 107	r.rgot	44
Pills of	107	Foxglove	42
Solid Ext	107	Gentian, Compd119	121
Wine of	107	Ginger	117
Indian Hemp	. 6	Golden Seal, Compd	68
Infusion of	. 7	Henbane	60
Syrup of	7	Hops	56
Tincture of		Hyoscyamus.	60
Wine of		in Apthæ	120
(Foreign)	19	Indian Hemp	
(White)	11	in Gastralgia	7
Indian Physic	51	in Tuberculosis	119
Infusion of Aletris	3	Liatria	120
		Liatris	72

T . C			
Infusions—	Page.	Pa _i	
Life Root	101		62
Liverwort	55		62
Lobelia	73	Iris Versicolor. (See Blue Flag.)	
Logwood	52	Iron, Citrate of 1	20
Matico	81		
" and Senna	81	J.	
Pareira Brava			
		Jalap	61
Pepperinint			61
Pink Root		Compd. Pills of	01
Plenrisy Root		and Cream of Tartar, Mix-	61
Prickly Ash	. 116	ture of	61
Prince's Pine	. 25	Fl. Ext.	61
" " and Senna	. 20	Sol. Ext	61
Quassia	. 102	Tincture of	61
" Compd		Jalapin	61
Rhatany		Juglandin	64
Rhubarb		Juglans Cinerea. (See Butternut.)	
Saffron		Juniperus Sabina. (See Savin.)	
		( )	
Sarsaparilla		K.	
Sassafras		IC.	
Savin		Tanana Taina lan (Sas Plantana)	
Scullcap		Krameria Triandra. (See Rhatany.)	
Seneka			
Senna	. 22	L.	
Skunk Cabbage	. 109	Ĭ.	
Snakeroot	. 9	Lactuca Sativa. (See Lettuce.)	
Speamnint		Ladies' Slipper	39
Squill, Compd		Compd. Mixture of	40
Stillingia		" Pills of	40
Tag Alder		Fl. Ext	40
Tonic		Mixture of	40
Turmeric		Sol. Ext.	40
	. 8		40
Uva Ursi			40
Valerian			40
Compa		17 11 00 00 11 1	
Veratrum			
Vermifuge		Leontice Thalictroides. (See Blue	
Water Pepper	. 85		
White Oak, Compd	. 90		
Wild Cherry	. 89		
" Indigo		Leopard's Bane. (See Arnica.)	
Wintergreen		Leptandra Virginica	71
Witch Hazel		Compd. Pills of	71
Ipecac			71
and Conium, Pills of		Tincture of	71
Expectorant		Leptandrin 59, 63, 70,	71
		Mixture of	72
Fl. Ext		Lettuce	66
Mixture of		Fl. Ext	66
Pills of	. 22		67
and Squill, Mixture of	. 99	and Foxglove, Mixture of	
" Pills of	. 22	Pills of	66
Syrup of	. 23	and Poppy, Comp. Syrup of	66
Tincture of		Sol. Ext.	66
Wine of		Syrup of	66
Ipomæa Jalapa. (See Jalap.)		Liatrin	72
12			

	Page.	Mixtures—	Page.
Liatris Spicata	. 72	Anti-Dysenteric	121
Fl. Ext	. 72	Anti-Hysteria	124
Infusion of	, 72	Aperient	124
Mixture of		Arnica	
Life Root.		Aromatic Aperient	
Fl. Ext.		Bittersweet	105
Infusion of		Bloodroot	98
Liniment for Ulcerated Piles		Blue Cohosh	69
Liquid Substitute for Dover's Pow-		Buchu and Acetate of Pot-	
der		ash	17
Liverwort		Cannabis Indica	20
Fl. Ext.		Cathartic	124
Infusion of		Catnip	78
Syrup of	55	Catnip and Saffron	78
Lobelia Compd	74	Cinchona and Chamomile	
A le Estite de la constante de	73	and valerian	29
Lobelia Inflata		Colchicum	33
Fl. Ext.		Dewec's	122
Infusion of		Colombo and Cascarilla	31
Mixture of		Conium and Poppy	33
Syrup of		Cubebs and Ergot	82
Tincture of	73	Dandelion	110
Vinegar of		Ergot	45
Logwood	52	Ext. Celandine	24
Compd. Wine of	52	Foxglove and Acetate of	4.00
Fl. Ext	52	Potassa	43
Infusion of	52   52	Gentian Compd	125
Pills of	52	Hops	56
Sol. Ext.	52	in Acidity of the Primæ Viæ in Anasarca	121
Lotion of Black Alder	88	in Asthma	123 125
Lupulin	56	in Cardialgia	122
" Tincture of	56	in Chilblains	126
Lycopus Virginiens. (See Bugle.)		in Chronic Cough	74
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		in Diarrhea and Dysentery.	121
М.		in Dropsical Affections	121
		in Dyspepsia	121
Malc Fern	13	in Dyspeptic Constiputions,	123
Pills of	13	in Gout (Scudamore's)	122
" "Compd	14	in Hooping Cough, 122, 124	125
Sol. Ext	13	in Hysteria	125
Mandrake	83	in Icterus	123
" Compound	84	in Laryngismus Stridulus.	122
Marrubium Vulgare. (See Hore-		in Palpitation of the Heart,	
hound.)	1	from Nervous Irritabi-	
Matico	80	lity	124
Fl. Ext.	80	in Phosphatic Deposits from	
Infusion of	81	the Urine	123
and Senna, Infusion of	81	in Protracted Dysentery	123
Syrup of	81	in Typhus, &c	122
Tincture of	81	Ipecac	23
Mentha Piperita. (See Pepper-		Jalap and Cream of Tartar.	61
mint.) "Virilia (See Speamint)	1	Ladies' Slipper, Compd	40
Tribus. (bee spearing.)		I.axative	124
Mixture of Aconite and Valerian,	2	Leptandrin	72

Mixtures—	Page.	Peppermint—	Pege.
Lettuce and Foxglove	67	Fl. Ext.	76
Liatris	72	Infusion of	76
Lobelia		Peristaltic Persuaders(Kitchener's)	126
Logwood		Peruvian Bark	27
		Poweilles L. Plints	140
Narcotic		Peyrilke's Elixir	140
Orange Peel		Phytolacca Decandra. (Sec Poke.)	
Parging		Phytolaccin	79
Rhatany and Poppy	66	Pills of	79
Rue and Squill	. 96	Pills—	
Savin and Ginger		Aconite, Compd	2
Senna		" & Dover's Powder.	2
Squill and Conium		Aletris	3
" "Hyoscyamus	. 99	Alterative in Derangement	
1pccac		of the Liver	
Monkshood		Anodyne	132
Motherwort	. 70	Antaeid	126
Pills of	. 70	Anti-Catarrhal	
" "Compd	. 70	Auti-Cephalgic	128
Sol. Ext		Anti-Chlorotic	131
Myrica Cerifera. (See Bayberry.		Anti-Epileptic129	, 132
Myriciu		Anti-Gout	
Myrich,	, , , ,	Anti-Neuralgic	
N.		Bechir, (Expectorant)	
AV.		Belladonna, Camphor, &c	
Nepeta Cataria. (Sce Catnip.)		- Contraction	
Nux Vomica		Black Cohosh, Compd	
and Aloes, Pills of	. 109	Black Hellebore, Compd.,	
Ferruginous Pills of		Black Pepper, Compd	
Fl. Ext		Butternut and Jalap 64	, 125
Sol. Ext		Cannabis and Ignatia	. 20
Tincture of		Chamomile Compd	. 5
and Quinia, Pills of		Colocynth and Blue Mass.	. 38
and Admina, 11115 Classics	. 100	and Calomet	
0.		and Hyoscyaniu	
0.		Colombo, Compd	
	0	1 (2)	
Ointment of Aconite			
" Conium			
" "Red Clover		1 1 1 1 1	
Opium	. 78		
Fl. Ext. (Aqueous)			
Wine of			
Orange Peel		Dinner (Dr. Chapman's).	. 127
Fl. Ext		Ergot	. 126
Mixture of		79	. 130
		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	. 49
Syrup		1 0.1-16	f
Tincture		Iron,	
D		Gout (Lartigue's)	
· P.		Henbane and Ipecac	
100		and Iron	
Papaver Somniferum. (See Poppy	·)	TT 1 Outcome and C.	
Parcira Brava	. 29		
Fl. Ext	29		
Infusion of	. 29	IIydragogne	. 132
Tincture of	29		. 60
Peppermint	78		. 108
reppermine			

Pills—	Page.	Pug	ge.
in Anasarca	. 127	Plenrisy Root	12
in Chronic Catarrh of the	Э	Compd. Syrup 1	13
Bronchi and Bladder		Fl. Ext 1	12
in Chronic Indigestion	129		13
in Dropsy			13
in Dropsy, with Liver Dis-		Tinctike of	2
in Dropsy, with liver Dis-	107	Polosbullin 50 69 70 8	
ease		Podophyllin	33
in Dysmenorrhea			
in Dyspepsia		Podophyllum, Compd. Pills of, 83, 8	
in Habitual Constipation	131		33
in Hydrothorax and Ascites	, 127		33
in Nervous Headache	129		33
in Obstinate Cardialgia and	l	Pills of S	33
Gouty Habits	132	Sol. Ext S	33
in Obstinate Gleet			33
in Obstinate Intermittents.			33
in Priapism or Chordec		_ 4 2	33
in Scirrhous Phlegmon	131		9
	126		30
Iodide of Mercury			
Jalap Compd		C	30
Ladies' Slipper, Compd	40		79
Leptandrin, Compd	71		•0
Male Fern			9
Mitchell's Aperient	127	Sol. Ext	9
Motherwort, Compd	70		80
Nux Vomica and Aloes	109	Tincture of	30
" Ferruginous	108	Polygala Senega. (See Seneka.)	
" " and Quinia		Polygonum Punctatum. (See Water	
Parrish's, Laxative & Tonic		Pepper.)	
Podophyllum, Compd8			37
Poke, Compd			79
		and Conjum Mixture of	33
Rhubarb			
wild Ditto I III	93		36
and Sulphate of	100		79
Iron93,			79
Stramonium			36
" Compd 4			79
Tonic, Aromatic (Parrish's)			79
" Ferruginous	130		37
" (Mitchell's)	. 131	PopulusTremuloides 8	37
Water Pepper, Compd	85	Poultice, Antiarthritic 14	13
Pink Root	105	Powders—	
Compd		Anti-Dysenteric 13	33
" Fl Ext		Anti-Neuralgic, Tonic 13	
Fl. Ext	105	Anti-Spasmodic 13	
Infusion of		Arterial Schative 13	
and Senna, Fl. Ext		Expectorant 13	
Piper Angustifolium. (See Mati-			
•		Ferruginous 13	) 4
Co.) Dinas Culaba (Sas Culaba)		in Calculus	
Piper Cubebs. (See Cubebs.)	00	in Diarrhea, from Acidity 13	33
Piperin	. 82	in " of Young Chil-	
Compd. Pills of		dren	34
Piper Nigrum. (See Black Pepper.	)	in Hooping Cough 13	36
Pipsissewa. (See Prince's Pine.)		in Nephritic Complaints 13	37
Plaster of Aconite	. 2	in Remitting Fevers 13	34

Powders- Page.	Page.
in Obstinate Constinution	Rhubarb 91
in Tranmatic Tetanus 134	Aromatic, Fl. Ext 91
in Obstinate Diarrhea and	Fl. Ext 91
Passive Hemorrhages 136	and Gentian, Tincture of 92
in Sychosis Menti 125	Infusion of 92
Purgative	Pills of
Restorative, Tonic 126	
Stomachie, Tonic 126	and Soda, Pills of 92
Prickly Ash	Sol. Ext
Clyster of	and Sulph. of Iron, Pills of, 93 Syrup of
Fl. Ext	
Infusion of	Tincture of
	Rhus Glabrum. (See Sumach.)
Tincture of	Rhusin
FI. Ext	Rubus Villosus. (SeeBlackberry.)
Infusion of	Rue
Pills of	Fl. Ext 95
and Senna, Infusion of 26	and Squill 96
Sol. Ext	Syrup of 95
Syrup	Tincture of 95
Prinos Verticillatus. (See Alder	Rumex Crispa. (See Yellow Dock.)
Black.)	Ruta Graveolens. (See Rue.)
Prunin \$9	
Prinus Virginiana. (See Wild	Š.
Cherry.)	2.0
	Saffron
Q.	and Catnip, Mixture of 78 Fl. Ext
Quassia	Infusion of
de l'electrication de l'electric	Syrup of
Compd. Infusion of 102 Fl. Ext 102	Tincture of
Pills of 102	Saliein 96
Sol. Ext 102	Salix Alba 96
Tincture of 102	Sanguinaria Canadensis. (See
Wine of 102	Bloodroot.)
Queen's Root. (See Stillingia.)	Sanguinarin 97
Quercus Alba. (See White Oak.)	Pills of
Quinia and Nux Vomica, Pills of, 109	Sanguinarina
	11113 011111111111111111111111111111111
R.	Sarsaparilla
***	Fl.Ext 103
Red Clover 112	" Sol. Ext 103
Sol. Ext	Fl. Ext 103
Ointment of 112	Infusion of 103
Rhamnus Catharticus. (See Buck-	Sol. Ext
thorn.)	Syrup of 103
Rhatany	Sassafras Officinale
Infusion of 65	Fl. Ext
and Poppy	Infasion of
Sol. Ext	Tincture of
Syrup of	Savin
Tineture of 65	Compound Tineture of 65
Rhenm Palmatum. (See Rhubarb.)	Fl. Ext 64

Savin— Pag	e. Spearmint— Page.
2 ,	55 Fl. Ext 76
	Infusion of
	76 Tincture of
	54 Spigelia Marilandica. (See Pink
Scilla Maritima. (See Squill.)	Root.)
Scrofulous Lotion, (Hey's) 14	
Scullcap 10	
Fl. Ext	
Infusion of 10	0 Compd 100
Compound	T1. E.A 99
F I. E.X I U	Sylin 01
Scutellaria Lateriflora. (See Scull-	and Conium, Mixture of 99
cap.)	F1. Ext 98
Scutellarin	
Pills of 10	
Senecin	
Senecio Aureus. (See Life Root.)	Syrup of 99
	Tincture of 99
Expectorant Comp'ds of, 86, 8	
Fl. Ext 8	
Infusion of	
Squill and Ipecae, Syrup of, 8	
and Symp of Tolu 8	
Syrup of 8	
Senna 2	
Aqueous, Fl. Ext 2	
Fl. Ext	
Infusion of	
and Matico, Infusion of 8	
Mixture of 2	
Pills of 2	
Sol. Ext	F1 Fyt
Syrup of 29	Dill d
Tincture of	
Serpentaria. (See Snakeroot.)	Tincture of
Simaruba Excelsa. (See Quassia.)	
Skunk Cabbage 109	Strychnos Ignatia. (See Ignatia.)
Compd. Tincture of 11	Sumach 93
Fl. Ext 10	Fl. Ext 93
Infusion of 10	
Syrup of 109	Tincture of
Tineture of 10	Symplocarpus Fætidus. (See Skunk
Smilax Officinalis. (See Sarsapa-	Cabbage.)
rilla.)	Syrups-
Snakeroot	Aletris 3
Compd. Tincture of	Asclepias Inc 12
Fl. Ext	Balmony 25
Infusion of	Balsamic
Syrup of	Belladonna 14
Tincture of	Bitter Root 6
Solanum Dulcamara. (See Bitter-	Bittersweet 104
sweet.)	Black Alder 88
Soothing Julep 128	Blackberry 94
Spearmint 70	Black Cohosh 27
	~,

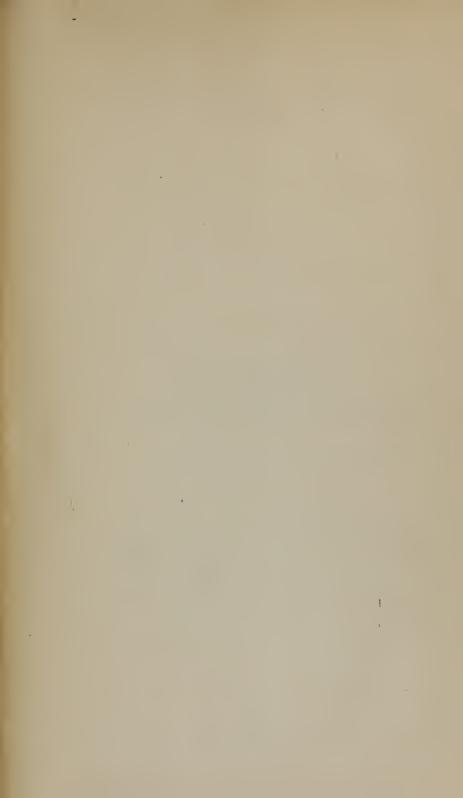
G.	_ ,	C	
Syrups— Black Coliosh, Compd	Page.		Page. 99
Black Pepper:	82	Squill	100
Bloodroot	97	" Compd	107
Bloodroot, Compd	98	" Compd	107
Blue Cohosh	69	Sulphate of Strychnine	137
Blue Flag	63	Turkey Corn, Compd	35
Boneset	46	Uva Ursi	8
Buckthorn	91	Valerian	113
Bugle	75	White Oak	90
Burdock	67	Wild Cherry	89
" Compd	67	Witch Hazel	53
Cannabis Ind	20	Wormwood	11
Cayenne Pepper	21	Yellow Dock	95
Celandine	24		
Chamomile	5	Т.	
Colchicum Root	32		
" Secd	32	Tag Alder	4
Cranesbill	50	Fl. Ext	4
Dandelion	112	Infusion of	4
" Compd	112	Taraxacum Dens-Leonis. (See	
Dogwood	35	Dandelion.)	
Doullay's	137	Tinctures—	
Ergot	45	Aconitc	1
Foxglove	43	Aletris	3
Gentian	48	Amica	9
Gillenia	51	Asclepias Inc	12
Ginger	117	Balmony	25
Horehound	75	Bayberry	77
Indian Hemp	7	Belladonna	1.4
in Scrofulous Affections, ac-		Bitter Root	6
companied by Chlorosis.		Black Alder	88
Ipecac	23	Blackberry	94
Ladies' Slipper	40	Black Cohosh	26
Leptandra	71	Oompan	26
Lettuce	66	11011000101.11111111	54
" and Poppy:	66	Compa	54 82
Liverwort	55	Black Pepper	97
Lobelia	73	Bloodroot	97
Matico	81	Blue Cohosh	69
Orange Peel	16	" Flag	63
Pleurisy Root	13 13	" Compd	63
" Compd	80	Boneset	46
Poke	79	Buchu	17
Poppy	26	Burdock	67
Prince's Pine	66	Canella	18
Rhatany	92	Cannabis Indica	19
Rhubarh	96	Cascarilla	37
Rue	36	Cayenne Pepper	21
Saffron	103	Celandine	24
Seneka	86	Cheyne's Stomachic	138
" Squill and Ipecac	86	Cinchona	28
Senna	22	" Compd	28
Skunk Cabbage	109	Colchicum and Digitalis	32
Snakeroot	9	" Root	32

m:	Tingtures Page
Tinctures— Page.	Tinctures— Page. Seuna 22
Colchicum Seed 32 "Seed Compd 32	" Compd123, 124
beed compares of	Skunk Cabbage 109
	" Compd 110
Conium	Snakeroot8
Cranesbill	" Compd 9
Cubebs	
Digitalis 124	
Dogwood 34	Stillingia
Ergot	
Foxglove	Sumach 93 Turmeric 39
Fox's	Uva Ursi 8
	Valerian
and minualv 40	"Ammoniated 114
Ginger	Compu 114
Compa	Water Pepper
Henbane	Wormwood
	Yellow Jessamine 47
Hops	Trailing Arbutus. (See Arbutus.)
In Bronchitis, with tendency	Trifolium Pratense. (See Red
to Asthma 139	Clover.)
In Cholera	I'm min.
Indian Hemp 7	Trillium Pendulum. (See Bethroot.)
In Dyspepsia	Turkey Corn
In Menstrual Retention 139	Compd. Syrup 35
In the Nervous Irritabil-	Fl. Ext
ity and sleeplessness of	Tincture of
Drunkards 138	Turmeric
Ipecac 23	Fl. Ext 39
Jalap	Infusion of 39
Ladies' Slipper 40	Tincture of
Leptandra 71	
Lithontriptic 140	U.
Lobelia	
Lupulin 56	Unicorn, False 55
Matico 81	Fl. Ext
Nux Vomica 108	Uva Ursi
Orange Peel	Fl. Ext 8
Pareira Brava	Infusion of 8
Plenrisy Root 12	Pills of 8
Podophyllum 83	Sol. Ext 8
Poke 80	Syrup of 8
Prickly Ash 116	Tincture of 8
Prophylactic of Cholera 139	
Quassia 102	V.
Rhatany 65	
Rhubarb 92	Valerian 113
" and Gentian 92	Ammoniated Tincture of 114
Rue 95	and Aconite, Mixture of 2
Saffron	and Chamomile 29
Sassafras	Compound 114
Savin	Infusion of 114
" Compd 65	" Tincture of 114

Valerian	Page.	Wines-	Page.
Fl. Ext		Aconite	1
Infusion of	113	" and Colchicum	2
Pills of	113	" Compound	1
Sol. Ext	113	Aloes and Canella	19
Syrup of	113	Anti-Gout	140
Tincture of	113	Aqueous Opium	78
Wine of	114	Bitter Root	6
Valeriana Officinalis		Blackberry	94
Veratrin	115	Black Hellebore, Compd	54
Veratrum Viride	114	Cannabis Indica	20
Jufusion of	115	Cascarilla, Compd	37
Wine of	115	Chamomile	5 28
Vinegar of Bloodroot	97	Cinchona	32
Lobelia	73	Seed	32
Squill	99 ) S	Colombo	30
Virginia Shakeroot	0	Diuretic (James')	141
W.		Dogwood	35
***		Ergot	45
Wahoo	45	Gentian	49
Fl. Ext	45	Ignatia	
Syrup of	45	" Compd	
Tincture of	45	Indian Hemp	7
Wash in Tinea Capitis	53	in Dropsy	141
Water Pepper	85	in Gout	140
Compd. Pills of	85	in Scrofula	141
Fl. Ext		Ipecac	23
Infusion of	85	Logwood	
Sol. Ext	85	Poke, Compd	80
Tincture of	85	Quassia	102
White Indian Hemp. (See Ascle-	•	Radcliffe's	140 92
pias Inc.)	0.0	Rhubarb	99
White Oak	90	" (Richard's)	141
Compd. Infusion of		Stramonium	41
Fl. Ext		Valerian	
Gargle of		Veratrum	115
Sol. Ext.		Wormwood	11
Syrup of		Wintergreen	S9
Tincture of	0.0	F1. Ext	89
Wild Cherry	00	Infusion of	89
Compound		Witch Hazel	
" Fl. Ext		Fl. Ext	
Fl. Ext		Infusion of	
Infusion of		Syrup of	
Syrup of		Wood Soot	
Wild Indigo		Wormwood	
F1. Ext		Fl. Ext	
Gargle of		Sol. Ext	
Infusion of	17	Syrup of	
Tincture of		Tincture of	
Wild Yam		777. 0	
Willow		1	

X.	Yellow Dock     Page.       Fl. Ext.     95       Syrup of.     95       Yellow Jessamine.     47       Fl. Ext.     47       Tincture of.     47
Y.	
V-ll Dl-	Zinnihar Officials (See Cinner)

Finis.





# APPENDIX.

Containing formulæ which have appeared in the Journal of Materia Medica, and were not published in the previous editions of the Book of Formulæ.

# APPENDIX.

### ACHILLEA MILLEFOLIUM.

Yarrow.

Indigenous to Europe and United States. Possesses a faint, pleasant, peculiar fragrance, with a bitterish, astringent, pungent taste, which properties are due to tannic achilleic acids, essential oils, and bitter extractive.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Mild, aromatic tonic, antispasmodic and astringent. Employed in intermittents, flatulent colic and nervous affections, in suppression of hæmorrhages, and of profuse mucous discharges, in low forms of exanthematous fevers with difficult cruptions.

Fluid Extract
TINCTURE OF YARROW.  Fluid ExtractThree Ounces.
Diluted Alcohol
Dose—One-fourth to one-half ounce.
SYRUP OF YARROW.
Fluid ExtractTwo Ounces.
Diluted AlcoholFourteen Ounces.
Dose—One-fourth to one ounce.

## ANGELICA ATROPURPUREA.

Angelica Root.

A perennial plant, grows in fields and damp places, and flowers from May to August; has a powerful, peculiar, and not disagreeable odor, and sweet taste, somewhat pungent and spicy.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Aromatic, stimulant, carminative, diaphoretic, diuretic, and emmenagogue. Used in flatulent colic, heart-burn, in diseases of the urinary organs, calculi, and passive dropsy as a diuretic, with uva ursi and eupatoreum purpureum.

#### PREPARATION.

#### TINCTURE OF ANGELICA.

### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF ANGELICA.

### ARALIA HISPIDA

### Dwarf Elder.

A perennial plant, flowering from June to September. The root is the part generally employed in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Sudorific, diuretic, and alterative. Very valuable in dropsy, gravel, suppression of urine, and urinary disorders generally.

### PREPARATION.

### SYRUP OF DWARF ELDER.

Fluid Extract. Six Ounces.
Syrup. Ten "

Dose-One-fourth to one ounce.

### ARALIA RACEMOSA.

### Spikenard.

An indigenous plant, growing in rich woodlands. The root is the medicinal part.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

The root is spicy, aromatic, alterative, and gently stimulant. It is much used in pulmonary affections.

### PREPARATION.

### INFUSION OF SPIKENARD.

#### SYRUP OF SPIKENARD.

### ARTEMESIA ABROTANUM.

### Southernwood.

A perennial plant; native of the South of Europe; cultivated generally in the gardens; has a fragrant odor, and a warm, bitter, nauseous taste.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, antispasmodic, and employed in intermittents, to promote the appetite, in atonic dyspepsia, and in debilitated condition of the digestive organs.

### PREPARATION.

#### SYRUP OF SOUTHERNWOOD.

Fluid Extract Four Ounces.

Syrup. Twelve "

Dose-One to two drams.

### ARTEMISIA VULGARIS.

## Mugwort.

A percunial plant; native of Europe; cultivated in this country; the tops and leaves are employed in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Anthelmintic, tonic, and deobstruent; is reputed beneficial in epilepsy, hysteria, and amenorrhea; employed often as an emmenagogue, and in intermittent fevers; externally used in fomentations for bruises and local inflammations.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid	Extract		.Dose,	20 to 40 Drops.
-------	---------	--	--------	-----------------

### TINCTURE OF MUGWORT.

Fluid ExtractThi	ec junces.
Diluted AlcoholThi	rtecn "
Dosc-Half to two drams. Used externally.	

## ARUM TRIPHYLLUM.

## Wild Turnip.

The plant is indigenous to the American Continent, in both hemispheres, is found in wet locations, and flowers from May to July. The whole plant is acrid, the root being the officinal part; when fresh it is very acrid, and causes a persistent and intensely acrid impression on the tongue, lips and fauces. The active principle is rapidly deteriorated by heat.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Acrid. expectorant, diaphoretic; used in flatulence, croup, whooping cough, stomatitis, asthma, chronic laryngitis, bronchitis, low stage of typhus fever, and various affections connected with a cachectic state of the system; externally, it has been used with marked success in scrofulous tumors, tinea capitis and other cutaneous affections.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	.Dosc,	10 to 20 Drops.
---------------	--------	-----------------

### TINCTURE OF WILD TURNIP.

Fluid Extra	ct	Two Ounces.
Diluted Alc	ohol	Fourteen Ounces.
Dose-One-hal	If to one dram.	

### SYRUP OF WILD TURNIP.

Fluid Extract	Two Ounces.
Syrup	Fourtcen Ounces.
Dosc-One-half to one dram.	

## BENZOIN ODORIFERUM.

### Fever Bush.

Is the Laurus Benzoin of Linnæus; grows in damp woods and shady places in the United States and Canadas. The whole plant possesses an aromatic, pleasant taste, due to a volatile oil.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Aromatic, stimulant, and tonic. Used in ague, and typhoid forms of fevers, as a refrigerant and exhilarant in various forms of fever, for allaying excessive heat and uneasiness.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid	Extract	Dosc.	1 to	1 Dram.
		2000,	4 00 .	~ DIWILL.

### SYRUP OF FEVER BUSH.

Fluid Extract	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Two Ounces.
Syrup	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Fourteen Ounces.
Dosc-Half to one ounce.		

## BERBERIS VULGARIS.

## Barberry'.

Indigenous to the New England, Middle and Southern States; flowers in April and May, and ripens its fruit in June Berberina is the active alkaline principle.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and laxative. Used in cases where tonics are indicated, in jaundice and chronic diarrhea and dysentery, cholera infantum, etc. Serviceable as a wash or gargle in aphthous sore mouth, and in chronic ophthalmia.

### PREPARATION.

### SYRUP OF BARBERRY.

### CHENOPODIUM ANTHELMINTI-CUM.

### Wormseed.

An indigenous perennial plant, growing in almost all parts of the United States, but most vigorously and abundantly in the Southern section. All parts of the plant are occasionally employed; but the globular unexpanded flowers, commonly called seeds, only are strictly officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Wormseed is one of our most efficient anthelmintics, and is thought to be particularly adapted to the expulsion of the round worms in children. A dose of it is usually given before breakfast in the morning, and at bedtime in the evening, for three or four days successively, and then followed by some brisk cathartic.

#### PREPARATION.

### INFUSION OF WORMSEED.

Fluid Extract of Wormseed...... One Ounce.
Fluid Extract of Orange Peel....... Two Drams.
Water................ Eight Ounces.

Dosc—One to two Ounces.

### SYRUP OF WORMSEED.

### COMPTONIA ASPLENIFOLIA.

Sweet Fern.

A shrubby, indigenous plant, found in the Northern and Middle States, growing in thin, sandy soils, or dry, rocky woods. The entire plant possesses a spiey, aromatic odor, when bruised, and an aromatic, astringent, bitterish taste.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, astringent, and alterative. Used in diarrhæa, dysentery, hæmoptysis, leucorrhæa, debility succeeding fevers, and in rachitis; is a valuable auxiliary in the summer-complaint of children.

### PREPARATION.

#### SYRUP OF SWEET FERN.

## CONVALLARIA MULTIFLORA.

Solomon's Seal.

These plants grow on the sides of meadows, high banks, woods and mountains, in the Northern and Eastern States and Canada. The root is the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, mucilaginous, and mildly astringent; of much value in leucorr hoza menorrhagia, female debility, and pectoral affections. An infusion will be found of great efficacy in irritable conditions of the intestines, as well as in chronic inflammations of these parts, especially when attended with burning sensations, pain, etc.

### PREPARATION.

#### INFUSION OF SOLOMON'S SEAL

Fluid Extract .......Four Ounces.
Water .......Twelve Ounces.

Dose—One to four Ounces.

### COPTIS TRIFOLIA.

### Gold Thread.

The root of *Coptis Trifolia*, a small evergreen plant, found in the more Northern part of both Continents, in wet and boggy situations.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Bitter tonic. Used in cases where a pure bitter tonic is required; and much used as a gargle in various ulcerations of the mouth.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract ...... Dose, ½ to 1 Dram.

## CUCUMIS COLOCYNTHIS.

## Colocynth.

The dried pulp of the fruit of Citrullus Colocynthis.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Colocynth is a powerful drastic hydragogue cathartic; seldom prescribed alone; usually given in combination with other cathartics. To allow an easy combination with many fluid extracts, this preparation is offered of the strength of one ounce of colocynth pulp to one fluid ounce of extract.

#### PREPARATION.

### TINCTURE OF COLOCYNTH.

Dose-Fifteen to sixty drops.

## DIOSCOREA VILLOSA.

## Wild Yam.

This is a slender vine, indigenous to the United States and Canada, being rare in the New England States, and more common in the Middle and Southern States. It is sometimes called *Colic Root*. It flowers in June and July.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Antispasmodic. In bilious colic it has considerable reputation—by some considered a specific; in cramp of the stomach or painful spasmodic affections of the bowels; in flatulence and borborygmi, and in nausca and vomiting of pregnant women, it is particularly recommended.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Fluid	Extract	Dose, 5	to 30 Drops.
Diose	orein	Dosc, 1 t	o 4 Grains.

Fluid Extract of Wild Yam, Fluid Extract of Cornin, Sequal parts.....Dosc, 10 to 60 Drops. Used in pausea and vomiting of pregnant women.

Fluid Extract of Wild Yam, Fluid Extract of Ginger,

Useful in flatulence, etc

### ERECHTHITES HIERACIFOLIUS.

### Fire Weed.

Is an indigenous plant, growing rank in recent clearings, and particularly in those that have burned over. It flowers from June to July.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, astringent, and alterative. Has reputation in liseascs of the mucous tissues of the lungs, stomach and bowels, in the treatment of cholera and dysentery, and in the summer complaints of children.

#### PREPARATION.

## EUPATORIUM PURPUREUM.

Queen of the Meadow.

Grows in low places, flowering in August and September. The root is the part employed in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Employed as a diuretic in dropsical affections. Is recommended in strangury, gravel, and all chronic urinary disorders. hæmaturia, gout and rheumatism.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	Dose,	1 to 3 Drains
Eupurpurin	Dose, 3	to 4 Grains.

### SYRUP OF QUEEN OF THE MEADOW.

Fluid Extract	 Four Ounces.
Syrup	 Ten Ounces.
Dose-Three to six drams.	

### GALIUM APARINE.

### Cleavers.

Common in Europe and the United States, growing in moist places, along banks of rivers and streams. Flowers from June to September.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Valuable as a refrigerant and diuretic, and beneficial in many diseases of the urinary organs, as suppression of urine, calculous affections, inflammation of the kidneys and bladder, and in the sealding of urine in gonorrhæa. It is contra-indicated in diseases of a passive character, on account of its refrigerant and sedative effects upon the system, but may be used freely in fevers and all acute diseases.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	Dose,	1 to	2 Drams.
---------------	-------	------	----------

### GEUM RIVALE.

### Avens Root.

Indigenous to the United States, grows in moist meadows and localities. Flowers from June to August. The green plant possesses medicinal properties; the root is the officinal part.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and astringent. Used in numerous diseases, as chronic hemorrhages, chronic diarrhæa and dysentery, leucorrhæa, dyspepsia, phthisis, congestions of the abdominal viseera, intermittents, ulcerations, etc.

#### PREPARATION.

Finia Extract	Dogo	$I + \wedge 1$	Dram
Buil Extract		ž ro r	1/1/4/11

### HELIANTHEMUM CANADENSE.

### Frostwort.

It grows throughout the United States, in dry, sandy soils; flowers from May to July. The entire plant is officinal. Sometimes called Rock Rose.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, astringent, and alterative. Held as valuable in scrofula, secondary syphilis, and cutaneous diseases, as a gargle in scarlatina and aphthous ulcerations.

#### PREPARATION.

### STRUP OF FROSTWORT.

### HYPERICUM PERFORATUM.

### Johnswort.

Indigenous to Europe and the United States, growing upon dry localities; flowers from June to August. It possesses a peculiar odor, and a balsamic, bitterish, astringent taste.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Astringent, sedative, and diuretic. Used in chronic urinary affections, suppression of the urine, diarrhæa, dysentery, nervous affections, hæmoptysis, and other affections.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose,  $\frac{1}{2}$  to 1 Dram

## INULA HELENIUM.

## Elecampane.

The Elecampane 1s common in Europe and in this country, growing along the road sides, in pastures and rich places; flowers from July to September. The root is the officinal part. Should not be used medicinally until the second year of growth, and should then be collected in the fall.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

An aromatic stimulant and tonic, expectorant, diurctic, and diaphoretic. Used in chronic pulmonary affections, weakness of the digestive organs, dyspepsia, and cutaneous diseases.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract..... Dose, ½ to 1 Dram.

### INFUSION OF ELECAMPANE.

#### COMPOUND SYRUP OF ELECAMPANE.

Fluid Extract Elecampanc......Two Ounces.

"Foxglove......Three Drams.

"Ipecac......Three Drams.

" Opium......One and one-half Drams.

Syrup...... Thirteen Ounces.

Dose—One-half to one dram, four to six times a day, in chronic eatarrh.

## JUNIPERUS COMMUNIS.

## Juniper.

Native of Europe, though naturalized in some parts of this country, growing in dry woods and hills, and flowering in May. The berries are officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Juniper berries are gently stimulant and diurctic. Used chiefly as an adjuvant to more powerful diurctics in dropsical complaints; but have been recommended also in scorbutic and cutaneous diseases, catarrh of the bladder, and atonic conditions of the alimentary canal and uterus.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose, 1 to 2 Drams.

### INFUSION OF JUNIPER.

Fluid Extract ..... One Ounce
Water ..... Half Pint.

Dose-One to three Ounces.

#### COMPOUND DECOCTION OF BROOM.

Fluid Extra	et of Broom	.Half Ounce.
"	Juniper	. "
"	Dandelion	. "
Water		One Pint.
Dose-Three t	o six ounces.	

### LIGUSTICUM LEVISTICUM.

### Lovage.

Found growing wild in the south of Europe, and cultivated in gardens; upon that Continent, chiefly found in gardens. The root, stem, leaves and seeds have all been employed in medicine. The seeds and root are the most esteemed.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Stimulant aromatic. Used as a earminative and diaphoretic; often added to purgative preparations, on account of its aromatic carminative properties.

#### PREPARATION.

## LIRIODENDRON TULIPIFERA.

### White Wood.

This is one of the most magnificent trees in the American forests, on account of its elegant appearance, its therapeutic virtues, and the value of its wood. The part employed in medicine is the bark of both trunk and root.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Aromatic, stimulant, and tonic. Used in intermittents, chronic rheumatism, chronic gastric and intestinal diseases, heetic fever, night sweats, and colliquative diarrhea and phthisis.

#### PREPARATION.

### MYRICA GALE.

Sweet Gale.

Found in dry woods or in open pastures, from Canada to Florida.

MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Used as an astringent in diarrhea, dysentery, and diseases where astringent stimulants are indicated

PREPARATION

## NYMPHÆA ODORATA.

White Lily.

This plant is found in ponds, marshes, etc. in most parts of the United States. It flowers from June to September; the flowers close at night and open about sunrise; and the seeds ripen under water.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Astringent, demulcent, anodyne, and alterative. Used in dysentery, diarrhoa, leucorrhoa, scrofula, and combined with wild cherry in bronchial affections.

PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose, 4 to 1 Dram.

SYRUP OF WHITE POND LILY.

Fluid Extract......Two Ounces.

Syrup......Fourteen Ounces.

Dose-One to four drams.

## POPULUS TREMULOIDES.

Poplar.

This tree is common in Lower Canada, and in the Northern and Middle States. The bark is officinal, and should be collected early in the Spring.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic and febrifuge. Used in intermittents, debility, impaired digestion, chronic diarrhæa, etc.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract ...... Dose, 1 to 1 Dram.

## PTELEA TRIFOLIATA.

## Wafer Ash.

Is a shrub common to this country, growing abundantly West of the Alleghanies, in shady, moist hedges and in rocky places; flowers in June. The bark is officinal.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Is a tonic. Used in intermittent fevers, remittent fevers, and all cases where tonics are indicated. Is recommended in asthma and pulmonary affections, and is stated to be tolerated by the stomach when other tonics are rejected.

#### PREPARATIONS.

Ptelein......Dose,

#### TINCTURE OF PTELEA.

Fluid Extract.....Four Ounces. Diluted Alcohol......Twclve Ounces. Dosc-One to two drams.

### COMPOUNDS OF PTELEA.

Ptelein and Xanthoxylin, equal parts, given in dyspepsia, in doses of one or two grains, two or three times a day. If constipation be present usc the following:

TT.

Alcoholic Extract Nux Vomica.....One Grain. 

Dosc-Six grains three or four times a day.

Podophyllin.....One Grain. Leptandrin.....One Grain Sulphate Quinia ......Four Grains. Ptelein ...... Eight Grains

Divide into eight pills.

Dosc-One pill two or three times a day in chronic erysipelas, habitual constipation, and some forms of dyspensia.

### PULMONARIA OFFICINALIS.

### Lungwort.

The plant is found in alluvial banks, from Western New York to Georgia, and in the Western States. The leaves are the part used in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Demuleent and mucilaginous. Used in hemorrhage from the lungs, in pronchial and catarrhal affections, and in pulmonary affections generally.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extraet......Dose, ½ to 1 Dram.

### PYRETHRUM PARTHENIUM.

## Feverfew.

Is an European plant, eultivated in the United States generally; seldom found in wild state. Flowers in June and July.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, stimulant, earminative, emmenagogue, and vermifuge. Used in flatulency, hysteria, worms, irregular menstruation, suppression of the urine, and in some febrile diseases.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose, 4 to 1 Dram.

## SABBATIA ANGULARIS.

## Red Centaury.

This plant is common in most parts of the United States, growing in moist meadows, in damp rich soils. Flowers from June to September.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Employed as a tonic in full periodic febrile diseases, both as a preventive and as a remedy, as a bitter tonic in dyspepsia and convalescence from fevers.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose, ½ to 1 Dram

### SAMBUCUS CANADENSIS.

### Elder Flowers.

Indigenous to all parts of the United States. Flowers in June and July. The officinal parts are the flowers, berries, and the inner bark.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Diaphoretic, diuretic, alterative, and gently stimulating. Used in measles, erysipelas, and erysipelatous diseases, etc.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract	 to 1 Dram.
Tiuld Table don	 to I Diam.

#### SYRUP OF ELDER FLOWERS.

Fluid Extract	Four Ounces.
Syrup	Twelve Ounces.
Dose-One to two drams.	

#### COMPOUND SYRUP OF ELDER FLOWERS.

Fluid Extr	act Elder Flowers	Eight Ounces
"	Prickly Ash	
"	Blue Flag	
46	Sassafras	
66	Yellow Dock	Ten Ounces.
"	Burdock	
"	Sarsap. (Amer.)	. ,
Syrup		Twelve Pints
	two drams two or three times	

### SOLIDAGO ODORA.

## Golden Rod.

This plant is common in most parts of the United States, growing along the fences of pastures. There are several varieties, which differ from each other in their degree of astringency and fragrance. The Solidago Odora is the variety highest in repute in medicine.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Diaphoretic, carminative and stimulant. Used in flatulent colic, in convalescence from severe dysentery, diarrhea, cholera morbus, etc.

### PREPARATION.

Fluid Extract......Dose ½ to 1 Dram

## STATICE CAROLINIANA.

## Marsh Rosemary.

Marsh Rosemary is common to the salt marshes or Atlantic shores of the United States. Flowers from August to October. The root is the officinal part, and contains a large percentage of tannic acid

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Powerful astringent, with sudorific properties. Used in the treatment of diarrhea, aphthous and ulcerative affections of the mouth and fauces, as a gargle in putrid sore throat, and in dysentery after the acute stage is passed. Applied externally, it is valuable in piles; and as an injection in chronic gonorrhea, gleet, leucorrhea, etc.

#### PREPARATION.

### SYRUP OF MARSH ROSEMARY.

## SYMPHYTUM OFFICINALE.

## Comfrey.

A perennial European plant, much cultivated in our gardens for medicinal purposes. The root is the officinal part.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

The therapeutic effects of the Comfrey are due to its mucilaginous properties, which act upon the mucous membranes. It is demuleent and somewhat astringent. Useful in diarrhæa, dysentery, coughs, hæmoptysis, other pulmonary affections, leucorrhæa, and female debility.

#### PREPARATION.

#### INFUSION OF COMFREY.

Water ..... Ten Ounces. Dose-Half to two ounces.

### SYRUP OF COMFREY

Fluid Extract.....Four Ounces. Syrup......Six Ounces. Dose-Two to six drams.

#### PULMONARY BALSAM.

Fluid Extract of	Comfrey	One Dram.
"	Spikenard	"
	Elecampane	4.6
**	Bloodroot	"
4.6	Horehound	"
"	Wild Cherry	4.6
Alcohol		Ten Drams.
Syrup		Eight Ounces
Dose-Half to one	ounce.	

## TANACETUM VULGARE.

## Double Tansey.

Tansey is cultivated in gardens, and in some localities is found growing wild in the roads and old fields. Flowers from July to September.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, diaphoretic, and emmenagogue. Used as an aromatic bitter in intermittents, hysteria, amenorrhœa, and as an anthelmintic.

#### PREPARATION.

	COMPOUND SYRUP OF TAN	SEY.
Fluid Extra	ct of Tansey	One Ounce.
"	Wormwood	Three Ounces.
"	Rhei	Three Ounces.
Sherry Win	e	Two Ounces.
Sprup		Twenty Ounces
Dose—One to	two fluid drams, two or three tim	es a day, as a vermifugo

### THYMUS VULGARIS.

## Thyme.

Is indigenous to the South of Europe, and with us is cultivated in gardens.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, carminative, emmenagogue, and antispasmodic. Used as a stimulating tonic in hysteria, dysmenorrhœa, flatulence, colic, headache, etc.

### PREPARATION.

### TUSSILAGO FARFARA.

## Coltsfoot.

Indigenous to Europe and America. Grows in wet places, and upon the sides of small streams. The leaves and roots are both used in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Emollient, demulcent, and tonic. Employed in coughs, asthma, whooping cough, and pulmonary diseases.

### PREPARATION.

## VERBENA.

### Vervain.

Indigenous to the United States. The root and tops are used in medicine.

### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Tonic, emetic, expectorant, and sudorific. Used in intermittent fever, obstructed menstruation, in scrofula, and visceral obstructions

### PREPARATION.

### VIBURNUM OPULUS

Cramp Bark, or High Cranberry.

Is a handsome indigenous shrub, growing in low, rich lands, in the northern part of the United States and Canada; flowering in June.

#### MEDICAL PROPERTIES.

Is a powerful antispasmodic, and in consequence of this property received the name of *Cramp Bark*. Is used in asthma, spasm, cramps, and with females subject to convulsions during pregnancy, or at the time of parturition; it is said to prevent these attacks entirely, if used daily for the last two or three months of gestation.

#### PREPARATION.

Fluid ExtractDose	, 1 to 2 Drams.
ViberninDose	,

#### COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CRAMP BARK

	COMPOUND TINCTURE OF CRAMP BARK.
Fluid Extract	Cramp BarkTwo Ounces.
"	LobeliaOne Ounce.
"	Skunk CabbageOne Ounce.
"	StramoniumHalf Ounce.
"	Capsieum
.6	Bloodroot
Alcohol	Three and one-half Pints.
Dose-Twenty t	to sixty drops, in asthma, hysteria, and all nervous

disorders.

## Miscellaneous Formulæ.

#### DENTAL ANÆSTHETIC.

### By Dr. Tefft.

Tincture of Aconite	 .One Ounce.
Chloroform	 One Ounce
Aleohol	 .One Ounce
Morphine	 Six Grains

Mix To prevent the pain of extraction, and destroy sensibility in the gums by local application. Moisten two fledges of cotton with the liquid, and apply to the gums for a minute or two over the tooth to be extracted.

### IN FEVER AND AGUE.

### Furnished by P. Barnes.

Yellow Bark F	our Ounces
Cream of Tartar	falf Ounce.
Cloves	hirty.
Sherry Wine	ne Quart.
Digget for twenty-four hours	

Digest for twenty-four hours.

Dose—A wine-glass full at the first indication of the fit, another in thirty minutes, and a third thirty minutes after the second.

#### COUGH MIXTURE.

### Furnished by P. Barnes.

Elixir Paregoric One (	Dunce.
Emetic TartarEight	Grains.
Syrup Squill	Ounce.
Gum Arabic	Ounce.
Spiritus Mindereri	Pint.
Dogo Wir and dram in awastaned water, take sufficient to	nnoduca

Dose—Mix one dram in sweetened water; take sufficient to produce a slight nausea.

### IN DROPSICAL AFFECTIONS.

### Furnished by V. C. Howe, M. D.

#### IN ACNE SIMPLEX.

#### Bu B. C. Stiles.

29 20 30 200000	
Hya. Chl. CorrosivFive Grains	
Aqua RosæOne Ounce.	
Miv Apply to the affected part.	

### NEW HÆMOSTATIC.

#### Bu M. Larin.

Decoction of Rhatany	 Thirty Parts.
Alum	 Six Parts.

If given internally, seven parts of syrup are to be added. Internally, ten drams may be given three times, daily; while for external use, it may be employed as an injection or lotion.

### ANODYNE LOTION.

Prussic Acid	One Dram
Glycerine	One Dram.
Aconitine	One Grain

Apply with a camel's hair pencil over parts affected with severe neuralgic pains.

as a paturient.

T.
HOPE'S MIXTURE FOR DYSENTERY.
Nitric AcidEight Drops.
Tineture of OpiumForty Drops
Camphor Water Eight Ounces.
Mix. Dose—A tablespoonful.
MIX. Dosc—A tablespoontal.
BELL'S GARGLE.
Borate of SodaTwo Drams.
Yeast
HoneyHalf Ounce.
Boiling Water Seven Ounces
Mix.
Transfer
EYE WATER.
Borate of Soda
Camphor WaterThree Ounces.
M. Coln. Excellent in acute opthalmia.
A MILD AND EFFICIENT CATHARTIC.
Furnished by J. F. Morey, Vandalia, Ill.
Gum GambogeHalf Part.
JalapOne Part.
Socotrine Aloes One Part.
RhubarbOne Part.
Extract of BonesetSufficient.
From the Philadelphia Medical and Surgical Journal.
IN WHOOPING COUGH.
I. mitter Cart
Iodide of Silver
Syrup of Ipecac
Syrup of Wild CherryFour Ounces.
Iodide of SilverSix Grains.
Tincture of Aconite RootOne Drop.
Syrup of IpecacOne Drop.
Syrup of GarlieOne Drop.
Mucilage of Gum ArabicTwo Ounces.
M. Dose—A teaspoonful.
Furnished by A. King, M. D.
Dried Capsules of the Æsculus Hippocastanum
(bruised coarsely)One Ounce.
Good Rye Whisky (half water)One Dram.
Dose-One dram. With Cimicifuga and Ergot for consumption and
an a makeritank

#### IN GONORRHŒA.

### Furnished by J. J. Irby, M. D.

Bal. Copaiba	Five Drams.
White Sugar	Two Drams.
Vollow of an East	

Water ..... Eight Ounces.

Inject with this three or four times a day. It is preferable to anything I have ever used.

#### RHEUMATISM.

### By Dr. Horton.

Tincture of Strychnos	One Ounce.
Tincture of Cimicifuga	Two Ounces.
Muriate of Morphine	Twelve Grains.
toseThirty to sixty drops four times	ner day.

### IN FACIAL AND DENTAL NEURALGIA.

114 1 11011111 1111111 1111111111111111
Furnished by W. Davidson, M. D., Charleston, Iowa.
Solid Extract of BelladonnaFour Grains.
Aqua AmmoniaSix Drams.
Spts. Turpentine
Tinct. OpiumTwo Drams.
Olive Oil
Gr Apply during the paroxysm.

### IN DYSMENORRHEA.

## Furnished by W. Pope, M. D., Hinckly, Ohio.

Tinet. Gelseminum	One Ounce.
Tinet. Cypripedium	Three Ounces
Tinct. Caulophyllum	Two Ounees.
Tinct. Camphor	Onc Ounce.

### LIQUOR ERGOTÆ.

Secale Cornut. contus Three P	ounds.
AquaEight P	ints.
Macerate for twelve hours and add Spirit Reetif. Four Pi	nts.
Macerate for twelve hours and filter	

Digest for fourteen days and filter.

Dose-A teaspoonful.

Eight times stronger than the infusion; two-and-a-half times stronger 'han the tincture of the Apothecaries' Hall.

The above is an old English Formula, sent to us by a distinguished pharmaceutist in Washington. The Liquor prepared in this way is in general use by the profession in that section, and is considered reliable.

#### HEPATIC PILL.

Furnished by $W$	Pope.	M.	D.
------------------	-------	----	----

Podophyllin Twenty Grains.
Thinty Cycing
LeptandrinThirty Grains.
SanguinarinTwenty Grains.
HydrastinTwenty Grains.
Hydrastin
Capsicum Ten Grains.

Make pills with two parts Extract Taraxaci and one part Extract Hyoscyamus.

### COOK'S PILL.

CalomelOne	Part.
RhubarbOnc	
AloesOne	

Mix, and make into four-grain pills. These are in extensive use on the plantations at the South.

### TASTELESS FEBRIFUGE POWDER FOR CHILDREN.

Triturate with care in a porcelain mortar, and divide into eight powders. To be given in a little preserve, as follows: One each day for two days, then a day of rest; the following day a packet, then two days of rest; then another packet, and three days rest; and so on. Tannate of Quinia can be substituted for pure Quinia.

#### IN DISORDERED MENSTRUATION.

Furnished by S. R. Wells, M. D., Waterloo, N. Y.

Iron by Hydrogen.One Grain.Aloes.Two-thirds Grain.IpecacOne-half Grain.Ignatia Amara.One-half Grain.

One of the best female pills known.

#### LEPTANDRIA CORDIAL.

### Furnished by Dr. Davis, Charleston, Il..

Leptandria	Eight Ounces.
Rhubarb	Four Ounces.
Bayberry	
Ginger	Two Onnees.
Cloves	One Ounce
Cloves	Two Ounce.
Peppermint	
Myrrh	Two Ounces.
Soda, S. C	Two Ounces.

Alcohol and water q. s. to obtain the strength.

Dose-One to two teaspoonfuls.

#### RESTORATIVE WINE BITTERS.

Fluid Extra	et of Solomon's Scal	One Ounce.
"	Comfrey	One Ounce.
"	Spikenard	One Ounce.
"	Chamomile	Half Ounce
"	Columbo	Half Ounce.
"	Gentian	Half Ounce.
Sherry Win	e	Four Pints.

Dose-Half to two ounces.

### ANTI-BILIOUS PILL.

Furnished	by	H.	Joslyn,	M.	D.,	Syracuse,	N.	Y.	ı
							37		

AloesFour Ounces.
GambogeTwo Ounces.
Jalap or Colocynth PulvisOne Ounce.
CalomelOne Ounce.
Castile SoapOne Ounce.
Oil of Anise One Dram.

Pulverize, mix, and wet with water. It acts upon all parts of the intestinal canal, does not nauscate, causes free discharge of the bile, and leaves the bowels in good condition.

#### NEUTRALIZING CORDIAL.

### Furnished by Dr. Davis, Charleston, Ill.

	Rhubarb Eight Ounces.
	SaffronTwo Ounces.
	Cardamon SeedsTwo Ounces.
	NutmegsTwo Ounces.
	Soda, S. CTwo Ounces.
	Essence PeppermintTwo Ounces.
	Sugar (refined)Two Pounds.
3	andy and water q. s. to obtain the strength.

Dose-One to two teaspoonfuls.

### CHERRY CORDIAL.

### Furnished by Dr. Davis, Charleston, Ill.

Wild Cherry Bark
Poplar BarkSixteen Ounces.
Sumach BarkSixteen Ounces.
Peach MeatsSixteen Ounces.
Brandy (good)One Gallon.
Sugar (refined)Eight Pounds.

Dose-One to two teaspoonfuls.

One of the most pleasant and efficient remedies ever got up for bowel complaints, requiring a tonic and astringent remedy.

IN DYSPEPSIA AND CONSTIPATION.				
Furnished by Dr. Watson, Utica, N. Y.				
AloesTwo Grains.				
Nux VomicaQuarter Grain.				
An efficacious and excellent laxative pill.				
ANTI-BILIOUS CATHARTIC PILL.				
Furnished by Dr. Myers, South Bend, Ind.				
Pulv. RhubarbTwo Scruples.				
Podophyllin				
LeptandrinOne Seruple.				
Extract Nux VomieaTwelve Grains.				
Extraet HyoseyamusOne Dram.				
Oil of Anise Eight Drops.				
Syrupq. s.				
M. Make sixty pills.				
FEVER AND AGUE PILL.				
By Dr. Ware				
Sulphate of QuinineOne Grain.				
LeptandrinThree Grains.				
PodophyllinQuarter Grain.				
Dose—One pill two or three times a day.				
TONIC.				
Furnished by Asa F. Patten, M. D.				
Citrate of IronHalf Dram.				
Sulphate of IronTwenty Grains.				
Sulphate of QuinineTwo Scruples				
Simple Syrup Four Ounces.				
Oil of Sassafras				
Mix. Take from one to three teaspoonfuls three or four times a day				
DIARRHŒA' PILL.				
By Dr. Pratt.				
Nit. ArgentiQuarter Grain.				
Sulph. MorphineEighth Grain				
Pulverize with Gum Arabic.—Small Pill.				
Dose—One pill two or three times a day.				
LEUCORRHŒA.				
By Dr. Terrell.				

Columbo ...... Thirty Drops.

Cubebs.......Fifteen Drops.

66

#### ELIXIR CALASAYA BARK.

Take	of Calasaya Bark	Sixtcen Ounces.
46	Orange Peel	Two Ounces.

"Cardamon ......Two Drams.

Water q. s. to displace six and a half pints tineture, then add three pints of simple syrup and half a pint of rose water.

#### IMPROVED CATHARTIC PILL.

Comp. Ale. Ext. Colocynth	One Part.
Ale. Ext. Jalap	
Podophyllin	
Leptandrin	
Ale. Ext. Hyoscyamus	One-fourth Part.
Ext. Gentian	One-eighth Part.
Oil of Peppermint	q. s.
Make two-and-a-half grain pills.	Dose, one to four.

### DR. ATLEE'S NIPPLE WASH.

### Furnished by Dr. Edwin A. Allee.

Pulv. Gum	Arabic	.Half Dram.
Biborate of	Soda	.Ten Grains
Tincture of	Myrrh,	.One Dram.

### COMPOUND STRUP OF MORPHIA.

### Jackson's Cough Syrup.

Syrup	of Morphia	.Three Ounces.
Syrup	of Ipecae and Senega	One Ounce.
Samin	of Rhubarb, simple	One Ounce.
	or Khubaro, Simple	
Mix.		

Sig.—A teaspoonful three times a day.

Receipts for the Syrup of Morphia, Ipecae and Sencga used in the above preparation:—
SYRUP OF MORPHIA.

Muriate of Morphia	One Grain.
Simple Syrup	One Ounce.
Oil of Sassafras	Two Drops.
On or Bassarias.	-

Mix.

#### SYRUP IPECAC AND SENEGA.

Polygala Senega Root......Two Ounces.
Pulverized Ipecac.....One Dram.
Water......Half Gallon.

Boil the Senega Root in the water until half consumed; strain, then add the Ipecae, and sugar enough to form a syrup.

#### COMPOUND IPECAC LINIMENT.

### Huxley's Liniment.

#### BAKER'S COUGH DROPS.

Dose-One teaspoonful on going to bed.

#### TO PREVENT THE RECURRENCE OF AGUE.

### Furnished by D. L. McGugin, M. D.

 Extract Cinchona (solid)
 Two Drams.

 Extract Humulus Lup.
 1½ Drams.

 Sulphate Quinine
 One Scruple.

 Extract Rhei
 One Dram.

 Tinet, Zinziber Officinal
 One Dram.

 Aromat. Sulph. Acid.
 Fifty Drops.

 Aqua Cinnamomi
 Six Ounces.

 M. ft. mistura.

#### PIL. COLOCYNTH. MAG.

### Presented by A. P. Sharp, of Baltimore

## RICHARD'S COUGH MIXTURE.

### By Dr. Wolcott Richards.

	Tart. Antim	One Grain
	Pulv. Ext. Glycyrrh	Two Grains.
	Aq. fluvialis	One Ounce.
	Syr. Scillæ	One Ounce.
	Syr. Tolu	One Ounce.
	Tinct. Opii Camph	Onc Ounce.
	Spt. Nit. dulc	Two Drams.
M	ix.	

### RICHARD'S CHALK MIXTURE.

### By Dr. Wolcott Richards.

Cretæ Precip	One Ounce.
Sacch. Alb	One Ounce.
Tr. Lavandulæ Comp	Onc Ounce.
Tr. Kino	Onc Ounce.
Ess. Cinnamomi	Fifteen Drops.
Aq. font	Three Ounces.
Tr. Opii	One Dram.

#### MARSHALL'S PILLS.

## By Dr. Vincent C. Marshall.

Comp. Ext. ColocynthOne I	)ram.
Mass. HydrargOne I	Oram.
Pulv. AlocsOne I	Dram.
Pulv. Sapon. CastilOne I	Dram.
Pulv. RheiOne I	Oram.
false into five grain pills.	

### JUDKINS' PILL.

## By Dr. William Judkins.

Mass. HydiOnc	Dram.
Comp. Ext. ColocynthOne	Dram.
Ipccac. PulvOne	Scruple.
Pulv. Rad. RheiTwo	
Sapon. CastilOne	Dram.
ix, and make into five grain pills.	

### EMBROCATION FOR SPINAL IRRITATION.

### Bu E. M. Hale, M. D., Jonesville, Michigan.

Fluid Extract Aconite	
Fluid Extract Arnica	Eight Ounces.
Water	

Appply with soft flannel to tender and sensitive portions of the spine, twice daily. I have never failed to give relief with this preparation.

#### BLACK SALVE.

Olive Oil Twenty O	unces.
Lard Sixteen O	unees.
Mutton SuetSixteen O	unces.

Litharge......Fourteen Ounces.

Melt the oils and fats, and when hot, stir in the litharge (in fine powder), and boil until it becomes of a brown color; then add

Resin .... Eight Ounces.
Yellow Wax ... Eight Ounces.

Color with a small quantity of Ivory Black, and when nearly cold pour into paper moulds.

### ALTERATIVE PILL.

### By C. B. Hall, Miller's, Ohio.

Pulv.	Sanguinaria,	Radix	 One Onnee.
Dule	Inggananha		Throe Drame

Pulv. Rhei and Aloes, each.................Three Drams.

Syrup ......q. s.

Make four grain pills.

Dose-One pill three times a day before meals.

This is a most excellent adjuvant in the treatment of atonic dyspep sia; in dry costive habits, with hepatic torpor.

#### HOOPING COUGH SYRUP.

By Dr. E. A. Atlee.

For a child from 6 months to

	1 yes	ar I	Lydrocyanie	Acid, 1	Drop;	Simple Syru	p, 1 Ounce
Fre	m 1 to	2 years	"	2	Drops	"	44
	2 to	4 years	6	3	46	"	66
	4 to	8 years	"	4	66		66
	8 to	12 years	"	6	"	"	**
	12 to	15 years	••	7		"	6
	15 to	25 years	"	8	"	"	"

S10.—"A teaspoonful two or three times a day. If there is much oppression give a dose of Antimonial Wine before taking the syrup; and if costive, give a dose of Calomel and Rhubarb."

This prescription is so designed that a teaspoonful shall be a dose in each case.



